# AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA JUNE 30, 2016

#### **AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **CLARENDON COUNTY**

#### MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA

#### JUNE 30, 2016

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Clarendon County Council Manning, South Carolina

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clarendon County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clarendon County, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedule of funding progress for retirees' health plan information, and the schedules of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability and contributions on pages 7 through 14, 83, and 84 through 87 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(continued)

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Clarendon County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund schedules, supplemental section, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund schedules, supplemental section, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund schedules, supplemental section, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 16, 2017, on our consideration of Clarendon County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Clarendon County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mc Longor 4 Co. LLP
Orangeburg, South Carolina
January 16, 2017

Clarendon County's discussion and analysis offers readers of the County's financial statements a narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, and in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Clarendon County and its blended component units (known as the primary government), but also legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. Information included in this discussion and analysis focuses on the activities of the primary government. Accordingly, information provided does not include the activities of discretely-presented component units.

#### Financial Highlights:

- Clarendon County's assets exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2016 by \$11.4 million (net position).
- The County's total net position increased \$2.2 million over the previous year.
- At June 30, 2016, the County's governmental fund balance sheet reported a combined ending fund balance of \$12.9 million, a decrease of \$1.4 million under the previous fiscal year. Of the \$12.9 million, \$9.1 million remains in the various funds of the County as committed, assigned or unassigned.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$2.4 million, reflecting a \$1.2 million decrease from last fiscal year. This ending balance equates to 10.5% of General Fund expenditures for the year.
- Total bonded debt increased \$0.4 million during the fiscal year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Clarendon County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements:** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Clarendon County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The County's governmental activities include general government, public safety, judicial, physical environment, economic environment, transportation, human services, and cultural/recreation. Financial information in the government-wide financial statements distinguishes discretely-presented component units from the financial information for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15 and 16 of this report.

**Fund financial statements:** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Clarendon County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Clarendon County maintains 14 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, General County Debt Service Fund, Fire Services Fund and C-Program Roads Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Clarendon County adopts an annual appropriation budget for its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 20 of this report.

*Proprietary funds:* Clarendon County utilizes two proprietary funds associated with its Water and Sewer related activities and the Weldon Auditorium. These statements are found on pages 21 through 23.

Fiduciary fund: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 24 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements:** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28 through 82 of this report.

**Other information:** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 88 through 93 of this report.

#### Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Clarendon County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$11.4 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The County's increase in net position for this fiscal year amounts to \$2.2 million, an increase of 24.4%.

The largest portion of the County's net position (\$23.0 million) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

### Clarendon County's Net Position (Dollars in Thousands)

		Governmental Activities 2016 2015		ess-type vities <u>2015</u>	Total 2016 2015		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 15,954 35,260	\$ 16,344 <u>32,640</u>	\$ 781 <u>11,653</u>	\$ 958 <u>8,474</u>	\$ 16,735 46,913	\$ 17,302 41,114	
Total assets	<u>51,214</u>	48,984	12,434	9,432	63,648	<u>58,416</u>	
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>1,614</u>	1,488	22	26	<u>1,636</u>	1,514	
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities Total liabilities	41,374 2,166 43,540	39,916 	8,005 1,875 9,880	6,733 1,417 8,150	49,379 <u>4,041</u> <u>53,420</u>	46,649 2,490 49,139	
Deferred inflows of resources	437	1,583	6	25	443	1,608	
Net position- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	21,158 3,904 <u>(16,211)</u>	19,274 3,155 <u>(14,529)</u>	1,870 772 (72)	857 741 <u>(315)</u>	23,028 4,676 (16,283)	20,131 3,896 <u>(14,844)</u>	
Total net position	<u>\$ 8.851</u>	<u>\$ 7,900</u>	<u>\$ 2,570</u>	<u>\$ 1,283</u>	<u>\$ 11,421</u>	<u>\$ 9,183</u>	

An additional portion of the County's net position of the governmental activities (\$3.9 million) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used or deemed to be unspendable. A significant transaction that impacted the Statement of Net Position was GASB statement 68 inclusion of \$17.0 million of net pension liability (\$15.5 million at previous fiscal year end).

At the end of the current fiscal year, Clarendon County is able to report positive balances in all of its net position categories as a whole within its governmental activities. The business-type activities also reflect a positive balance in net position at fiscal year end.

The changes in net position displayed below shows the governmental activities during the fiscal year. Increases in property taxes, when combined with increased federal and state grant revenue, offset an increase in general government expenditures. Included below are unfunded OPEB expenditures of \$0.8 million in the current fiscal year negatively impacting changes in net position.

### Clarendon County's Changes in Net Position (Dollars in Thousands)

		Governmental Activities		ess-type ivities 2015		otal
Revenues	2010	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2013	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Program Revenues:						
Charges from Services Grants and Contributions	\$ 2,439 1,715	\$ 2,295 1,503	\$ 753 1,288	\$ 784 -	\$ 3,192 3,003	\$ 3,079 1,503
General revenues:						
Ad valorem taxes Other taxes	17,791 3,124	17,048 2,904	-	-	17,791 3,124	17,048 2,904
State shared	6,734	3,441	_		6,734	3,441
Interest	28	20	1	-	29	20
Other	312	152			312	152
Total revenues	32,143	27,363	2,042	784	34,185	28,147
Expenses: Program Activities: Government Activities:						
General government	9,973	7,017		_	9,973	7,017
Public safety	11,377	10,699	_		11,377	10,699
Physical environment	3,738	3,576	_	-	3,738	3,576
Transportation	140	224	_	-	140	224
Economic environment	664	644	-	-	664	644
Court related	1,864	1,914	-	••	1,864	1,914
Cultural and recreational	750	695	-	· -	750	695
Agencies	848	904	-	-	848	904
Interest on long-term debt	1,561	774	-	-	1,561	774
Business-type Activities:						
Water and sewer fund	-	-	664	728	664	728
Weldon Auditorium			427	434	427	434
Total expenses	30,915	26,447	1,091	1,162	32,006	27,609
Contributions	-	161	-	_	-	161
Transfers in (out)	(277)	(333)	<u>336</u>	<u>373</u>	59	40
Change in net position	<u>\$ 951</u>	<u>\$ 744</u>	<u>\$ 1,287</u>	<u>\$ (5)</u>	<u>\$ 2,238</u>	<u>\$ 739</u>

Primary Governmental Activities: Revenues for the County's governmental activities were \$32.1 million for fiscal year 2016 and \$2.0 million for its Business-type activities. Taxes constitute the largest source of County revenues, amounting to approximately \$21.0 million for the fiscal year 2016. Real property taxes (\$13.1 million) represent 63% of total taxes and 41% of all revenue combined. Lastly, intergovernmental revenues increased to \$6.7 million for the fiscal year end.

#### Financial Analysis of Clarendon County's Funds

As noted earlier, Clarendon County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of Clarendon County governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Clarendon County's financing requirements. In particular, non-restricted fund balances (committed, assigned and unassigned) may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2016, Clarendon County governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$12.9 million, a decrease of \$1.4 million under the prior year balances. Decreases in the General Fund (2015 Flood) and completion of capital projects (Courthouse renovation) were off set with increases in non-recurring state proviso funding for roads construction.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At June 30, 2016, total fund balance in the General Fund was \$2.4 million, of which \$1.4 million was not restricted. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, the total and unrestricted fund balances compared to total fund expenditures shows percentages of 10.5% and 6.2%, respectively. The fund balance of the General Fund showed a decrease of 32.7%, or \$1.2 million during the fiscal year as Flood related expenses exceeded recognized grant revenues from both the federal and state sources.

#### General Fund Budgetary Highlights

A budget to actual statement is provided for the General Fund. A budget column for both the original budget adopted for fiscal year 2016 as well as the final budget is presented. Historically, neither grant revenue nor expenditures are budgeted; however, the supplemental (final) budget did include \$1.75 million in FEMA Public Assistance. Of this amount, \$0.7 million is still in process (as a result not reflected in reported revenue). The County anticipates receipt of the balance of these FEMA Public Assistance grants in January, 2017. The variances reflected are primarily a result of related grant activities (FEMA Public Assistance) and savings incurred at the departmental level (staffing levels less than budgeted).

#### Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: Clarendon County's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of June 30, 2016 amounts to \$35.3 million (net of accumulated depreciation) and \$10.8 million within its business-type activity. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and construction in progress. Clarendon County's investment in capital assets for the fiscal year was up 12.0% as expansions to the county's water system were started; as well as the acquisition of a building to house various governmental functions (upon completion of required renovations).

#### Clarendon County's Capital Assets (Net) (Dollars in Thousands)

		Government Activities		ss-type rities	Total		
	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u> 2016</u>	<u> 2015</u>	<u> 2016</u>	2015	
Land	\$ 2,936	\$ 3,034	\$ 120	\$ 120	\$ 3,056	\$ 3,154	
Infrastructure	4,700	3,562	-	-	4,700	3,562	
Construction in progress	1,690	6,962	2,714	176	4,404	7,138	
Buildings and improvements	22,727	16,875	2,966	3,052	25,693	19,927	
Water distribution system	-	-	4,798	4,949	4,798	4,949	
Machinery and equipment	3,207	2,207	200	<u> 177</u>	3,407	2,384	
Total	\$ 35,260	\$ 32,640	<u>\$10,798</u>	<u>\$ 8,474</u>	<u>\$ 46,058</u>	<u>\$ 41,114</u>	

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 44 through 48 of this report.

**Long-term debt:** At the end of the current fiscal year, Clarendon County had a total bonded debt outstanding of \$26.2 million, of which \$5.7 million is backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

## Clarendon County's Outstanding Debt (Dollars in Thousands)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
General obligation bond(s) Revenue bond(s) Capital lease(s)	\$ 5,715 20,199 <u>266</u>	\$ 5,463 19,938 <u>393</u>
	<u>\$ 26,180</u>	<u>\$ 25,794</u>

The County's total debt increased \$0.4 million as debt service requirements were slightly less than new debt issuance. The County currently has a rating of "A+" from Standard & Poor's Corporation on general obligation bond issues. As of June 30, 2016, the County's general obligation debt and capital lease approximated one hundred seventy-one dollars (\$171) per capita.

Additional information on Clarendon County's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 50 through 60 of this report.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for Clarendon County is currently 7.2%, which represents a decrease from a year ago. This compares to the state's average unemployment rate of 5.4% and the national average rate of 4.9%.
- Assessed taxable property valuation increased to \$105.4 million in 2016, primarily in the real property and vehicle sectors.
- While county-wide gross taxable sales declined from \$471 million in 2015 to \$425 million in 2016; net taxable sales actually increased 7.5% to \$158 million in 2016.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2017 fiscal year. Per the Fiscal Year 2017 Adopted Budget, disbursements are budgeted at \$20.8 million, an 8.0% reduction from the fiscal year 2016 level for the General Fund. The County's commitment to programs such as public safety, health and welfare, community development, public works, and parks, recreation, and cultural activities remains strong. However, pressures on the County's budget due to the additional resources required to keep our communities safe will continue to be a challenge for the County in light of legislated constraints to revenue growth.

#### Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Clarendon County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to County Chief Financial Officer, 411 Sunset Drive, Manning, South Carolina 29102. Complete financial statements for each individual component unit may be obtained at each respective administrative office.

#### CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Covernity		Primary Government					Component Units				
ASSETTS Cart and cache quivalents - Note 3		G						Harvi	n Clarendon		Business
Carde and cashe quivalents - Note 3			Activities	A	ctivities		Total	Cou	inty Library	Deve	lopment Corp.
Cach and cach equivalents - Notes   \$11,076,548   \$370,638   \$11,446,218   \$117,076,288   \$12,287,288   Receivables:   \$11,076,548   \$2,000   \$2,000   \$1,	ASSETS	-									
Receivables:   Delinquent tutes	Current assets:										
Designation	Cash and cash equivalents - Note 3	\$	11,075,548	\$	370,683	\$ .	11,446,231	\$	172,726	\$	1,267,268
Dufter	Receivables:										
Due from fidularly funds   106,577   106,577   106,577   100   1	Delinquent taxes										=
Due from component unit	Other		169,225		68,404				2,726		=
Perpulse symmens	Due from fiduciary funds		106,577		-				-		· -
Due flow other governments   2,273,596   341,095   2,814,693   6,8275   10   12,096   12,096   12,096   12,096   12,096   12,096   12,096   12,096   12,096   12,096   12,096   12,096   12,097   12,096   12,09	Due from component unit		250,000		-		•				-
Inventionics   S5,837   S5,837   S1,327   S1,328   S2,330   S2,330   S2,330   S2,330   S3,300   S3,300   S3,300   S3,300   S3,300   S4,300   S6,300   S6,3	Prepaid expense		-		•				16,755		-
Promises to Give	Due from other governments				341,095				•		64,625
Capital leases and notes recolvable - Note 5   15,958,794   791,182   15,794,976   192,207   1,398,085   1,398,085   1,000	Inventories		65,937		-		65,937		-		<u>-</u>
Total current assets			-		-		-		-		
Non-current assetts:	Capital leases and notes receivable - Note 5		-		-				<del></del>		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents   S5,088   S5,088   S7,937   Promises to Give   122,490   132,490	Total current assets		15,953,794		781,182		16,734,976		192,207		1,396,662
Notes nearbuble - Note   F79,377   172,480   132,480											
Promises to Give			-		855,068		855,068				-
Non-depreciable capital assets-net - Note 6   4,826,039   2,833,778   7,459,817   24,000   3,506,297   Depreciable capital assets-net - Note 6   30,340,707   7,983,789   107,489   30,315/18   Total non-current assets   55,260,109   11,652,835   46,012,744   131,498   7,221,398   Total assets   70   12,433,807   12,433,817   13,498   13,498   7,221,398   70   13,498   7,221,398   70   13,498   7,221,398   70   13,498   7,221,398   70   13,498   7,221,398   70   13,498   7,221,398   7,221,398   7,241,398			-		•		-		-	•	•
Deperciable capital assets-net - Note 6   30.634.070   7.988,789   107.489   3.003.154   Total non-current assets   5.280.109   11.852.635   46.912.741   131.489   7.221.389   Total assets   51.213.903   12.433.817   63.847.720   323.705   8.618.000   Emergency   63.280							- 4 4-		-		
Total non-current assets									•		
Total assets											
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES   1.814.308   21.899   1.938.007   58.026											
Pension Deferratis	Total assets		51,213,903		12,433,817		63,647,720		323,705		8,618,000
Pension Deferrats			•								
Total deferred outflows of resources			4 0 4 4 0 0 0		04 000		4 000 007		EC 026		
Clabilities   Courtent liabilities (payable from current assets):   Accounts payable   Agent	•										<del></del>
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):   Accounts payable   491,268   87,047   578,315   4,571   6,488     Due to other governments   103,276   103,276   103,276       Internal balances   (1,586,201)   1,586,201   1,586,201       Due to fiduciary funds - Note 7	Total deferred outflows of resources		1,614,308		21,699		1,636,007		56,0∠6		
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):   Accounts payable   491,268   87,047   578,315   4,571   6,488     Due to other governments   103,276   103,276   103,276       Internal balances   (1,586,201)   1,586,201   1,586,201       Due to fiduciary funds - Note 7											
Accounts payable   491,288   87,047   578,315   4,571   6,498   Due to other governments   103,276   103			•								
Due to other governments   103,276   103,276   103,276   103,276   100,276	. •		404.000		07.047		E70 24E		4 571		6.408
Internal balances   1,586,201   1,586,201   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -					07,047		•		4,577		0,430
Due to fiduciary funds - Note 7   1,8,13   1,2,0,17   7,18,18   1,3,0,17   7,18,18   1,3,0,17   1,3,18   1,3,17   1,3,18   1,3,17   1,3,18   1,3,17   1,3,18   1,3,17   1,3,18   1,3,17   1,3,18   1,3,17   1,3,18   1,3,17   1,3,18   1,3,17   1,3,18   1,3,17   1,3,18   1,3,17   1,3,18   1,3,17   1,3,18   1,3,17   1,3,18   1,3,17   1,3,18   1,3,17   1,3,18   1,3,					1 506 201		103,270		· · ·		_
Note payable - Note 9			(1,566,201)		1,500,201		-				_
Note payable - Note 9 Other liabilities	•	,	GE 570		E7 438		123.017		-		718 913
Other liabilities         491,345         -         491,345         -			. 65,579		57,450		123,017		_		
Accrued compensated absences - Note 9         84,610         1,157         85,767         -         -           Closures and maintenance costs payable - Note 9         26,800         -         28,800         -         -           Capital lease - Note 9         89,792         -         89,792         -         -         -         -           BAN payable - Note 9         650,237         142,939         793,176         -         -         -           Total current liabilities         650,237         142,939         793,176         -         -         -           Non-current liabilities:         2,166,506         1,874,782         4,041,288         4,571         1,109,981           Non-current liabilities:         3,176,000         -         517,600         -			401 345				491 345		_		-
Closures and maintenance costs payable - Note 9			•		1 157				_		-
Section   Sect			-		1,101				_	~	-
BAN payable - Note 8 Bond payable - Note 9 Bond payable - Note 9 Bond payable - Note 9 Bond payable - Note 9 Total current liabilities:         1,750,000 650,237         1,24,939 142,939         793,176 793,176         -         -           Non-current liabilities:         2,166,506         1,874,782         4,041,288         4,571         1,109,981           Non-current liabilities:         450,895         6,164         457,059         15,026         -           Closures and maintenance costs payable - Note 9 Note payable         517,600         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         1,241,519         -         1,241,519         -         -         -         -         -         1,241,519         - <td< td=""><td>· ·</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td>_</td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>	· ·				_		•		_		-
Bond payable - Note 9									_		-
Total current liabilities					142 939				-		-
Non-current liabilities:   Accrued compensated absences - Note 9									4.571		1,109,981
Accrued compensated absences - Note 9			2,100,000		.,		.,				
Closures and maintenance costs payable - Note 9   517,600   - 517,600   - 1,241,519	Accreed companyated absences - Note 9		450 895		6.164		457.059		15,026		-
Note payable   Note pension liability - Note 12   16,781,002   265,402   17,046,404   651,654   - OPEB payable - Note 13   5,983,610   77,400   6,061,010   216,935   - OPEB payable - Note 9   176,618   - 176,618   OPEB payable - Note 9   17,464,421   7,655,991   25,120,412					-,				•		•
Net pension liability - Note 12         16,781,002         265,402         17,046,404         651,654         -           OPEB payable - Note 13         5,983,610         77,400         6,061,010         216,935         -           Capital lease - Note 9         176,618         -         176,618         -         -           Bond payable - Note 9         17,464,421         7,655,991         25,120,412         -	· ·		-		-		-		-		1,241,519
OPEB payable - Note 13         5,983,610         77,400         6,061,010         216,935         -           Capital lease - Note 9         178,618         -         176,618         -         -         -           Bond payable - Note 9         17,464,421         7,655,991         25,120,412         -         -         -           Total long-term liabilities         41,374,146         8,004,957         49,379,103         883,615         1,241,519           Total liabilities         43,540,652         9,879,739         53,420,391         888,186         2,351,500           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Bond premium         226,694         -         226,694         -         -         -           Pension Deferrals         210,038         6,006         216,044         1,165         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         436,732         6,006         442,738         1,165         -           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         21,157,702         1,870,153         23,027,855         131,498         -           Restricted:         2,996,843         772,117         3,768,960         -         -         -           Local option sales ta			16.781.002		265,402		17,046,404		651,654		
Capital lease - Note 9         176,618 Bond payable - Note 9         17,464,421         7,655,991         25,120,412 St,20,412         -							6,061,010		216,935		-
Bond payable - Note 9					-						-
Total long-term liabilities         41,374,146         8,004,957         49,379,103         883,615         1,241,519           Total liabilities         43,540,652         9,879,739         53,420,391         888,186         2,351,500           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Bond premium         226,694         -         226,694         -         -           Pension Deferrals         210,038         6,006         216,044         1,165         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         436,732         6,006         442,738         1,165         -           NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets         21,157,702         1,870,153         23,027,855         131,498         -           Restrictéd:         Debt service         2,996,843         772,117         3,768,960         -         -         -           Local option sales tax revenue         906,882         -         906,882         -         -         -         1,312,919           Unrestricted         (16,210,600)         (72,499)         (16,283,099)         (641,118)         4,953,581	•				7.655.991				-		_
Total liabilities									883,615		1,241,519
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES   Sond premium   226,694   - 226,694					9,879,739		53,420,391		888,186		2,351,500
Bond premium         226,694         -         226,694         - <td>•</td> <td></td>	•										
Pension Deferrals         210,038         6,006         216,044         1,165         -           Total deferred inflows of resources         436,732         6,006         442,738         1,165         -           NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets         21,157,702         1,870,153         23,027,855         131,498         -           Restrictéd:         Debt service         2,996,843         772,117         3,768,960         -	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Total deferred inflows of resources         436,732         6,006         442,738         1,165           NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         21,157,702         1,870,153         23,027,855         131,498         -           Restrictéd:         Debt service         2,996,843         772,117         3,768,960         -         -         -         -           Local option sales tax revenue         906,882         -         906,882         -         -         1,312,919           Unrestricted         (16,210,600)         (72,499)         (16,283,099)         (641,118)         4,953,581	Bond premium				-						-
NET POSITION           Net investment in capital assets         21,157,702         1,870,153         23,027,855         131,498         -           Restrictéd:         Debt service         2,996,843         772,117         3,768,960         -	Pension Deferrals		210,038		6,006						<del></del>
Net investment in capital assets     21,157,702     1,870,153     23,027,855     131,498     -       Restrictéd:     Debt service     2,996,843     772,117     3,768,960     -     -       Local option sales tax revenue     906,882     -     906,882     -     -       I-95 Mega-site     -     -     -     1,312,919       Unrestricted     (16,210,600)     (72,499)     (16,283,099)     (641,118)     4,953,581	Total deferred inflows of resources		436,732		6,006		442,738		1,165		-
Net investment in capital assets     21,157,702     1,870,153     23,027,855     131,498     -       Restrictéd:     Debt service     2,996,843     772,117     3,768,960     -     -       Local option sales tax revenue     906,882     -     906,882     -     -       I-95 Mega-site     -     -     -     1,312,919       Unrestricted     (16,210,600)     (72,499)     (16,283,099)     (641,118)     4,953,581											
Restrictéd:     2,996,843     772,117     3,768,960     -       Local option sales tax revenue     906,882     -     906,882     -       I-95 Mega-site     -     -     1,312,919       Unrestricted     (16,210,600)     (72,499)     (16,283,099)     (641,118)     4,953,581					4				404 400		
Debt service         2,996,843         772,117         3,768,960         -         -           Local option sales tax revenue         906,882         -         906,882         -         -           I-95 Mega-site         -         -         -         -         1,312,919           Unrestricted         (16,210,600)         (72,499)         (16,283,099)         (641,118)         4,953,501	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		21,157,702		1,870,153		23,027,855		131,498		-
Local option sales tax revenue 906,882 - 906,882 - 1,312,919 I-95 Mega-site - 1,312,919 Unrestricted (16,210,600) (72,499) (16,283,099) (641,118) 4,953,581							. 700 000				
I-95 Mega-site 1,312,919 Unrestricted (16,210,600) (72,499) (16,283,099) (641.118) 4,953,581					772,117				-		-
Unrestricted (16,210,600) (72,499) (16,283,099) (641,118) 4,953,581	•		906,882		-		906,882		-		4 240 242
(500,000) 0 000,500	<del>_</del>				-		(40.000.000)		(644.446)		1,312,919
total net position         \$ 8,850,827         \$ 2,509,771         \$ 11,420,598         \$ (509,020)         \$ 6,200,500		_		_				-		-	
	Total net position	_\$	8,850,827	<u>*</u>	∠,509,771	<u> </u>	11,420,598	<u> </u>	(509,620)	<b></b>	0,200,300

#### CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

					Changes in Net Position					
		Program Revenues			. Pr	imary Governme	nt	Component Units		
			Operating	Capital					Business	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-Type		Harvin Clarendon	Development	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	County Library	Corporation	
Primary Government:										
Governmental activities:										
Public safety	\$11,377,492	\$ 458,574	\$ 220,083	\$ 77,022	\$ (10,621,813)	\$ -	\$(10,621,813)			
General government	9,973,304	123,766	218,221		(9,631,317)	· -	(9,631,317)			
Agencies	847,508	· -	· <u>-</u>	-	(847,508)	-	(847,508)		,	
Physical environment	3,737,910	975,319	1,118,211	-	(1,644,380)	_	(1,644,380)		•	
Court related	1,863,763	689,055	-	_	(1,174,708)		(1,174,708)			
Economic environment	663,815	72,166	_	-	(591,649)	_	(591,649)			
Culture/Recreation	749,828	73,725	-	_	(676,103)	_	(676,103)			
Transportation	139,540	45,941	-	81,750	(11,849)	_	(11,849)			
Interest	1,561,457	· -	-		(1,561,457)	_	(1,561,457)			
Total governmental activities	30,914,617	2,438,546	1,556,515	158,772	(26,760,784)		(26,760,784)			
Business-Type Activities:					- ,— <u>,—,,—,,</u>					
Water & Sewer Utility	664,327	704,646	_	1,287,775	_	1,328,094	1,328,094			
Weldon Auditorium	426,959	48,859	_	.,,,,,,	_	(378,100)	(378,100)		•	
Total business-type activities	1,091,286	753,505		1,287,775	-	949,994	949,994			
Total Primary Government:	\$32,005,903	\$ 3,192,051	\$ 1,556,515	\$ 1,446,547	(26,760,784)	949,994	(25,810,790)			
				4 11 10 10	=		(20,010,00)			
Component Units:										
Harvin Clarendon County Library	\$ 753,504	\$ 22,950	\$ 99,341	\$ -				\$ (631,213)	\$ -	
Business Development Corporation	485,636	214,431	ψ 55,541	733,663				Ψ (031,213) ,	. 462,458	
Total Component Units	\$ 1,239,140	\$ 237,381	\$ 99,341	\$ 733,663				(631,213)	462,458	
Total Component Child	Ψ 1,200,11.0	Ψ 207,001	Ψ 00,011	7.00,000	=			(001,210)	102,100	
	General Reven	IIBS.								
	Taxes:	uco.								
		axes levied for	general purposes		16,177,332	_	16,177,332	_		
		axes, levied for			1,613,674	_	1,613,674	_		
	Sales and us	-	4001 001 11000		3,124,018	_	3,124,018	_	_	
•	Franchise fe				125,291	_	125,291		_	
	State shared				6,733,925	_	6,733,925	<del>-</del>		
	Interest earn				28,043	529	28,572	_	27.593	
		of capital asset	c		(42,177)	029	(42,177)	-	21,000	
	Miscellaneou	•	3		228,558		228,558	· -	<u>-</u>	
	County appr				220,330	-	220,000	540,000	-	
		eneral revenues			27,988,664	529	27,989,193	540,000	27,593	
	Transfers	eneral revenues			(276,723)	336,554	59,831	540,000	21,093	
•		operal reversion	, transfers and co	ntributiono	27,711,941	337,083	28,049,024	540,000	27,593	
		ieneral revenues inge in net positi		กลามนิเบกร	951,157	1,287,077			490,051	
	Cna	inge in net positi	OH .		901,107	1,201,011	2,238,234	(91,213)	490,001	
	Net position - b	eginning			7,899,670	1,282,694	9,182,364	(418,407)	5,776,449	
	Net position - e				\$ 8,850,827	\$ 2,569,771	\$ 11,420,598	\$ (509,620)	\$ 6,266,500	
		··-····· •			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		100-1020)		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

#### CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	GENERAL	CAPITAL PROJECTS	GENERAL COUNTY DEBT SVC	FIRE DEPARTMENT	C-PROGRAM ROADS	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 817,659	\$ 1,717,034	\$ 2,051,902	\$ 1,290,974	\$ 3,235,013	\$ 1,962,966	\$ 11,075,548
Property taxes	1,585,629	-	75,924	306,571	-	44,785	2,012,909
Other	106,310	-	757.404	-		62,915	169,225
Due from other funds  Due from fiduciary funds	37,734 106,577	_	757,101	-	-	_	794,835 106,577
Due from business enterprise	457,718	1,128,483	_ _	-	-	-	1,586,201
Due from component unit	250,000	-	-	_	-	-	250,000
Due from other governments	2,173,410	-	-	-	100,188	-	2,273,598
Supplies inventory Total assets	\$ 5,600,974	\$ 2,845,517	\$ 2,884,927	\$ 1,597,545	\$ 3,335,201	\$ 2,070,666	65,937 \$ 18,334,830
rotal assets	Ψ 3,000,974	<del>\$ 2,043,317</del>	φ 2,004,921	φ 1,597,545	<del>- 3 3,333,201</del>	\$ 2,070,000	\$ 18,334,830
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				٠			
Accounts payable	\$ 398,647	\$ 11,066	\$ -	\$ 22,953	\$ 53,611	\$ 4,991	\$ 491,268
Accrued payroll and withholdings	184,360	-	-	-	-	-	184,360
Due to other funds  Due to other governments	757,101 103,276	-	-	· <del>-</del>	-	37,734	794,835
Bonds payable	103,276	<u>-</u>	1,750,000	-	-	-	103,276 1,750,000
Unearned revenue	65,579	_	-	-	-	-	65,579
Advance mobile home revenue	7,626	-	-	-	-	-	7,626
Other liabilities Total liabilities	299,359 1,815,948	11,066	4 750 000			- 40.705	299,359
i otar liabilities	1,010,940	11,066	1,750,000	22,953	53,611	42,725	3,696,303
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes	1,380,264		64,856	250 062	·	20.000	4 740 500
Total Deferred Inflows	1,300,204		04,000	258,862		39,606	1,743,588
of Resources	1,380,264		64,856	258,862	-	39,606	1,743,588
Fund balances:				•			
Nonspendable	65,937	-	<del>.</del>	-	-	-	65,937
Restricted Committed	906,882	4 747 024	1,070,071	-	-	1,707,737	3,684,690
Assigned	73,451	1,717,034 -	<del>-</del>	1,315,730	3,281,590	280,598	1,717,034 4,951,369
Unassigned	1,358,492	1,117,417	-	-	-	-	2,475,909
Total fund balances	2;404,762	2,834,451	1,070,071	1,315,730	3,281,590	1,988,335	12,894,939
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund balances	\$ 5,600,974	\$ 2,845,517	\$ 2,884,927	\$ 1,597,545	\$ 3,335,201	\$ 2,070,666	
Amounts reported for governmental a different because: Capital assets used in governmenta		·					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
are not reported in funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds	payable (\$18,11	4,658), capital lea	ase (\$266,410),				35,260,109
accrued compensated absences (\$ payable (\$544,200) and bond prem Other Post Employment Benefits (O	iium (\$226,694) a PEB) liability repr	ire not reported in	funds.				(19,687,467)
associated with current benefits de Net pension liabilityand deferred out		sont the areas	unata shara afik-	futuro untindo do a	onto.	•	(5,983,610)
associated with County's participal Delinquent taxes receivable are not	ion in the South	Carolina Retireme	ent System.	idure uniunded C	USIS	,	(15,376,732)
therefore, are reported as unearned			•			-	1,743,588
Total net position - total governmental	activities			٠		=	\$ 8,850,827

#### CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016.

	GENERAL	CAPITAL PROJECTS	GENERAL COUNTY DEBT SVC	FIRE DEPARTMENT	C-PROGRAM ROADS	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 16,047,442	\$ -	\$ 1,558,931	\$ 2,768,867	\$ -	\$ 588,537	\$ 20,963,777
Licenses and permits	89,882	•	-	-	-	-	89,882
Intergovernmental	3,315,285	•	-	-	4,515,860	618,067	8,449,212
Charges for services	1,225,421	-	-	-	-	143,631	1,369,052
Fines and forfeitures	473,940	-	-	• -	-	288,531	762,471
Interest	2,367	13,176	344	2,102	4,831	5,223	28,043
Miscellaneous	515,836			921		22,324	539,081
Total revenues	21,670,173	13,176	1,559,275	2,771,890	4,520,691	1,666,313	32,201,518
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	8,026,778	71,946	-	<del>-</del>	654,067	227,713	8,980,504
Public safety	7,299,483	-	-	2,389,260	-	381,791	10,070,534
Physical environment	3,582,308	-	-	-	-	-	3,582,308
Transportation	117,437	-	-	-	-	•	117,437
Economic environment	626,910	-	-	-	-	-	626,910
Agencies	842,642	-	-	-	-	. <b>-</b>	842,642
Culture/Recreation	514,011	-	-	-	-	138,632	652,643
Court Related	1,527,690		-	-	-	237,479	1,765,169
Debt service:		•			•		
Principal	-	-	554,017	-	-	38,624	592,641
Interest and fiscal charges		-	1,531,857	-	-	48,894	1,580,751
Capital outlay	436,362	1,860,330		1,113,842	997,569	125,127	4,533,230
Total expenditures	22,973,621	1,932,276	2,085,874	3,503,102	1,651,636	1,198,260	33,344,769
Excess of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	(1,303,448)	(1,919,100)	(526,599)	(731,212)	2,869,055	468,053	(1,143,251)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Sale of assets	76,214	-	-	-	-	44,400	120,614
Bond proceeds	-	-	296,400	-	-	500,000	796,400
Bond proceeds from refunding	-	-	5,609,449	-	-	-	5,609,449
Payment to refunded bond escrow	-	-	(6,500,000)	-	-	-	(6,500,000)
Transfers	59,831			472,424		(808,978)	(276,723)
Net other financing sources (uses)	136,045		(594,151)	472,424		(264,578)	(250,260)
Net changes in fund balances	(1,167,403)	(1,919,100)	(1,120,750)	(258,788)	2,869,055	203,475	(1,393,511)
Fund balances at beginning of year	3,572,165	4,753,551	2,190,821	1,574,518	412,535	1,784,860_	14,288,450
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,404,762	\$ 2,834,451	\$ 1,070,071	\$ 1,315,730	\$ 3,281,590	\$ 1,988,335	\$ 12,894,939

# CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net Changes in fund balances - total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as		\$ (1,393,511)
depreciation expense.		
	33,230	0.045.000
Less current year depreciation (1,68	37, <u>621)</u>	2,845,609
Lease and bond proceeds provide current financial resources to government funds, but incurring debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
,	6,400)	
	64,324	
	30,155)	
	64,435	732,204
Gains or losses on the sale of capital assets are not presented in this financial statement because they do not provide or use current financial resources but they are presented in the statement of activities.	;	(162,791)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Change in compensated absences (9	6,020)	
Change in OPEB liability (75)	5,423)	
Change in Pension liability (19	3,667)	
Change in closure and maintenance costs payable(	8,400 <u>)</u>	(1,053,510)
Some property tax will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year-end, they are not		
considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds.	_	(16,844)
Change in net position of governmental activities.	_9	\$ 951,157

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

#### CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

FOR THE	<b>YEAR</b>	<b>ENDED</b>	<b>JUNE 30.</b>	2016
---------	-------------	--------------	-----------------	------

•	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Basis (Note 2)	Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES		•		•
Taxes	\$ 15,766,322	\$ 16,046,322	\$ 16,047,442	\$ 1,120
Licenses and permits	112,500	112,500	89,882	(22,618)
Intergovernmental	1,656,300	3,381,300	3,315,285	(66,015)
Charges for services	1,185,200	1,200,200	1,225,421	25,221
Fines and forfeitures	459,000	459,000	473,940	14,940
Interest *	2,000	2,000	2,367	367
Miscellaneous	528,550	528,550	515,836	(12,714)
Total revenues	19,709,872	21,729,872	21,670,173	(59,699)
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	5,193,103	7,766,103	8,116,274	(350,171)
Public safety	7,467,425	7,654,425	7,513,894	140,531
Physical environment	3,360,722	3,360,722	3,500,029	(139,307)
Transportation	215,082	215,082	209,262	5,820
Economic environment	660,517	660,517	607,374	53,143
Culture/Recreation	522,903	522,903	537,633	(14,730)
Court related	1,537,478	1,537,478	1,535,418	2,060
Agencies	842,642	842,642	842,642	, -
Total expenditures	19,799,872	22,559,872	22,862,526	(302,654)
Excess of revenues over		·		
(under) expenditures	(90,000)	(830,000)	(1,192,353)	(362,353)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)			
Sale of assets	25,000	50,000	76,214	26,214
Transfers In/(Out)	(35,000)	25,000	59,831	34,831
Net other financing sources (uses)	(10,000)	75,000	136,045	61,045
Excess of revenues over (under)				
expenditures and other	•			
financing sources (uses)	\$ (100,000)	\$ (755,000)	(1,056,308)	\$ (301,308)
Fund balances at beginning				
of year as restated			3,396,831	
Fund balances at end of year			\$ 2,340,523	•

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

#### CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

#### BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS								
ASSETS		NATER		SEWER		TOTAL		VELDON	TOTAL TERPRISE
ASSETS		JTILITY		UTILITY		UTILITY	AU	DITORIUM	 FUNDS
Current Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	146,813	\$	156,112	\$	302,925	\$	67,758	\$ 370,683
Accounts receivable, net of									
allowance		55,250		13,154		68,404		-	68,404
Due from other governments		341,095		-		341,095		-	341,095
Prepaid expense				-		-		1,000	 1,000
Total current assets		543,158		169,266		712,424		68,758	781,182
Noncurrent Assets									 
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		146,929		-		146,929		708,139	855,068
Capital assets:							•		,
Land		81,210		38,771		119,981		-	119,981
Buildings and improvements		1,978				1,978		3,438,173	3,440,151
Machinery and equipment		296,342		28,026		324,368			324,368
Water and sewer system		5,106,599		313,184		5,419,783		-	5,419,783
Construction in Progress		2,713,797		· •		2,713,797		-	2,713,797
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(642,036)		(105,729)		(747,765)		(472,748)	(1,220,513)
Total noncurrent assets		7,704,819		274,252		7,979,071		3.673.564	 11,652,635
TOTAL ASSETS		8,247,977		443,518	ent	8,691,495		3,742,322	 12,433,817
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Pension difference between expected and actual funding		3,194		355		3,549		2,942	6,491
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date		7,484		831		8,315		6,893	 15,208
Total deferred outflows of resources		10,678		1,186		11,864		9,835	 21,699
LIABILITIES									 
Current Liabilities:					*				
Accounts payable		79,250		5,945		85,195		1,851	87,046
Due to other funds		1,325,912		96,591		1,422,503		163,698	1,586,201
Unearned revenue		56,747		691		57,438		-	57 438
Accrued compensated absences		619		69		688		469	1,157
BAN payable		1,436,000		-		1,436,000		-	1,436,000
Bond payable		56,817				56,817		70,000	 126,817
Total current liabilities		2,955,345		103,296		3,058,641		236,018	 3,294,659
Noncurrent Liabilities:									
Accrued compensated absences		3,299		366		3,665		2,499	6,164
Bond payable		3,366,114		-		3,366,114		2,870,000	6,236,114
Pension liability - Note 11		130,601		14,511		145,112		120,290	265,402
Net OPEB liability - Note 12		39,851		4,429		44,280		33,120	 77,400
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,539,865		19,306		3,559,171		3,025,909	 6,585,080
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,495,210		122,602		6,617,812		3,261,927	 9,879,739
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		0.050		200		0.004		0.700	0.000
on pension plan investments		2,956		328		3,284		2,722	 6,006
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,956		328		3,284_		2,722	 6,006_
NET POSITION									
Net investment in capital assets		1,643,415		201,313		1,844,728		25,425	1,870,153
Restricted:		.,,				.,,. ==		,	.,,.00
Debt service		63,978		-		63,978		708,139	772,117
Unrestricted		53,096		120,461		<u>173,557</u>		(246,056)	(72,499)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	1,760,489	-5	321,774	\$	2,082,263	\$	487,508	\$ 2,569,771
ppanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.		***************************************		<u> </u>		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		157,000	 2,000,111

#### CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

## BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	WATER UTILITY		SEWER UTILITY		TOTAL UTILITY		WELDON AUDITORIUM		EN.	TOTAL TERPRISE FUNDS
OPERATING REVENUES										
Charges for services	\$	541,338	\$	163,308	_\$	704,646	\$	48,859	<u>  \$                                  </u>	753,505
Total operating revenues		541,338	<u> </u>	163,308		704,646		48,859		753,505
OPERATING EXPENSES	•						•			
Cost of sales & services		183,084		97,302		280,386		-		280,386
Production expense		-		-		-		52,281		52,281
Personnel & benefits		73,186		8,132		81,318		80,984		162,302
Administration		23,586		7,862		31,448		72,104		103,552
Depreciation		161,472		14,558		176,030_		85,954		261,984
Total operating expenses		441,328		127,854		569,182		291,323		860,505
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		100,010		35,454		135,464		(242,464)		(107,000)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)										
Investment income		220		111		331		198		529
Interest and fiscal charges		(95,145)		-		(95,145)		(135,636)		(230,781)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		(94,925)		111		(94,814)		(135,438)		(230,252)
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL									-	
CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS		5,085		35,565		40,650		(377,902)		(337,252)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS						•				
Capital contributions		1,287,775		_		1,287,775		_		1,287,775
Transfers		(7,500)		(2,500)		(10,000)		346,554		336,554
Net other financing sources (uses)		1,280,275		(2,500)		1,277,775		346,554		1,624,329
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		1,285,360		33,065		1,318,425		(31,348)		1,287,077
Net position at beginning of year		475,129		288,709		763,838	·····	518,856		1,282,694
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$	1,760,489	\$	: 321,774	\$	2,082,263	\$	487,508	\$	2,569,771

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

#### CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

	ENTERPRISE FUNDS					
	,	VATER & SEWER UTILITY		VELDON DITORIUM	EN	TOTAL ITERPRISE FUNDS
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:						- 1-1-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-1
Cash received from customers	\$	363,651	\$	48,859	\$	412,510
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services		(256,887)		(125,230)		(382,117)
Cash paid to employees for services		(109,825)		(87,820)		(197,645)
Internal activity-payments to other funds		287,998		91,350		379,348
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		284,937		(72,841)		212,096
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
Transfers		(10,000)		346,554		336,554
Hansiers		(10,000)		010,001		000,001
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:						
Principal payments		(55,275)		(70,000)		(125,275)
Interest paid on debt		(95,145)		(135,636)		(230,781)
Capital contributions		1,287,775		· -		1,287,775
Bond anticipation note proceeds		1,436,000		-		1,436,000
Purchase of capital assets		(2,585,497)		-		(2,585,497)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital						
and Related Financing Activities		(12,142)		(205,636)		(217,778)
Cash Flow From Investing Activities:						
Interest income		331		198		529
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities		331		198		529
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		263,126		68,275		331,401
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		186,728		707,622		894,350
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	449,854	\$	775,897	\$	1,225,751
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by operating Activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	135,464	\$	(242,464)	\$	(107,000)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities						
Depreciation expense		176,030		85,954		261,984
Changes in assets and liabilities:						•
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(345,568)		-		(345,568)
(Increase) decrease in prepaids		-		(1,000)		(1,000)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		54,947		` 155 <sup>°</sup>		55,102
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		287,998		91,350		379,348
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences		1,468		1,821		3,289
Increase (decrease) in Pension liability		(35,390)		(14,072)		(49,462)
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability		5,415		5,415		10,830
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		4,573				4,573
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	284,937	\$	(72,841)	\$	212,096

# CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

#### **ASSETS**

Cash Delinquent taxes receivable Due from credit card Due from other magistrates Total Assets	\$ 3,915,117 2,044,410 1,046 122 5,960,695
LIABILITIES	·
Due to trust fund holders  Due to Treasurer - cash overage (shortage)  Due to other funds  Due to town magistrates  Due to other magistrates  Total Liabilities	\$  5,839,253 12,518 106,577 2,225 122 5,960,695

#### CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2016

	GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS					
	CL	HARVIN ARENDON COUNTY LIBRARY	DE	USINESS /ELOPMENT RPORATION		TOTAL
ASSETS			•			
Cash Prepaid items Notes and interest receivable Capital and operating lease receivable Grants and miscellaneous receivable	\$	172,726 16,755 2,726 -	<b>\$</b>	1,267,268 - - 600,666 240,615	\$	1,439,994 16,755 2,726 600,666 240,615
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	192,207	\$	2,108,549	\$	2,300,756
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities		·				
Accounts and payroll withholdings payable Unearned revenue	\$	4,571 -	\$	6,498 718,913	\$	11,069 718,913
Total Liabilities		4,571		725,411		729,982
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned		16,755 - 95,000 75,881		1,312,919 - 70,219		16,755 1,312,919 95,000 146,100
Total Fund Balances		187,636		1,383,138		1,570,774
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	192,207	\$	2,108,549	\$	2,300,756
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:  Total fund balance  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not	\$	187,636 131,498	\$	1,383,138 6,509,451	\$	1,570,774 6,640,949
reported in the funds.  Deferred outflows (inflows) resulting from recognition of the employer's share of the state's net pension are not current resources  Liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		54,861		-		<b>54,861</b>
Accrued compensated absences Notes payable Net OPEB liability Net Pension liability		(15,026) - (216,935) (651,654)		- (1,626,089) - -		(15,026) (1,626,089) (216,935) (651,654)
Total net position	\$	(509,620)	\$	6,266,500	\$	5,756,880
• •						, -,

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	GOVERNI		
	HARVIN CLARENDON COUNTY LIBRARY	BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	TOTAL
REVENUES			
Federal State Local	\$ 1,195 97,875 563,221	492,173	\$ 1,195 590,048 1,046,735
TOTAL REVENUES	662,291	975,687	1,637,978
EXPENDITURES			
General operations Capital outlay Debt service	651,740 - 	308,212 975,358 182,435	959,952 975,358 182,435
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	651,740	1,466,005	2,117,745
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	10,551	(490,318)	(479,767)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Proceeds notes payable		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	·	_
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	10,551	(490,318)	(479,767)
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	177,085	1,873,456	2,050,541
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 187,636	\$ 1,383,138	\$ 1,570,774

# CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF COMPONENT UNITS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	CLAR CO	RVIN ENDON UNTY RARY	DEVE	SINESS ELOPMENT PORATION		TOTAL
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	\$	10,551	\$	(490,318)	\$	(479,767)
Expenditures for capital assets	*	· -		975,258		975,258
Less current year depreciation	(	(41,318)		(121,841)		(163,159)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Change in compensated absences Change in net OPEB liability Change in net pension costs		(378) (45,599) (14,469)		- -		(378) (45,599) (14,469)
Change in her pension costs	(	(14,409)		-		(14,409)
Incurring debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of activities						
Loan proceeds		-		-		-
Principal payments	<del></del>			126,952		126,952
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (	91,213)	\$	490,051	_\$_	398,838

## CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Clarendon County, South Carolina (the "County") is a political subdivision of the State. Incorporated in 1855, the County encompasses 599 square miles of land with an estimated population of 34,971. The County is governed by an elected five member council.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The concept underlying the definition of the reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. The reporting entity's financial statements should allow users to distinguish between the primary government (the County) and its component units. However, some component units, because of the closeness of their relationships with the County, should be blended as though they are part of the County. Otherwise, most component units should be discretely presented.

The following entities have been determined to be blended and discretely presented component units of Clarendon County:

#### **Blended Component Unit:**

The Clarendon Facilities Corporation (Facilities Corporation), a not-for-profit organization, was established in 2011 to acquire, construct and lease facilities to be used by the County. While the County does not appoint members to the Facilities Corporation's Board of Directors, it has a financial burden to the Facilities Corporation in that it is obligated for lease payments equaling the amount of debt to be relieved and associated interest payments. Activities of the Facilities Corporation are reported as major capital projects and debt service funds. Separate financial statements for the Facilities Corporation are not issued.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units:**

#### Harvin Clarendon County Library

Clarendon County provides a significant portion of the Library funding and has the ability to influence operations significantly. Separate financial statements for the Library are available.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### A. Reporting Entity (continued)

**Discretely Presented Component Units: (continued)** 

#### **Business Development Corporation of Clarendon County (BDC)**

Clarendon County has the ability to influence operations of the Business Development Corporation of Clarendon County significantly. Separate financial statements for the BDC are available.

Because the component units have been reported as if they are part of the County, there are limited instances where special note reference or separation will be required. If no separate note reference or categorization is made, the user should assume that information presented is equally applicable.

#### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the County are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

#### 1. Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government (including its blended component units), as well as its discretely presented component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

#### 1. Government-wide Financial Statements (continued)

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and agency fund financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement 33 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions.

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The County chooses to eliminate the indirect costs between governmental activities to avoid a "doubling up" effect.

#### 2. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the County is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

#### 2. Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds. The fiduciary statement includes financial information for the agency funds. The agency funds of the County primarily represent assets held by the County in a custodial capacity for other individuals or governments.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Franchise fees, licenses, sales taxes, gas taxes, operating and capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the County.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Non-current portions of long-term receivables (special assessments) due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus.

Non-current portions of other long-term receivables are offset by fund balance reserve accounts.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types exclude amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

#### C. Description of Funds

GASB Statement 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category and the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The County has used GASB 34 minimum criteria for major fund determination and has also electively disclosed funds which either had debt outstanding or specific community focus as major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section.

#### 1. Governmental Major Funds:

**General Fund** – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

**General County Debt Service Fund** – The General County Debt Service fund is established for the purpose of accumulating resources for the payment of principal and interest on general long term debt.

**Fire Department** – The Fire Department accounts for ad valorem taxes and other revenues to be used for the operations of the Fire Department.

**C-Program Roads** – The C-Program fund accounts for fuel taxes collected for the construction and repair of public roads.

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Description of Funds (continued)

#### 1. Governmental Major Funds: (continued)

#### Other Governmental Funds

**Special Revenue Funds** – These funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and certain special assessments that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. It is the County's policy not to budget for all Special Revenue Funds in the form of a legally adopted budget format.

**Debt Service Fund** — These funds are established for the purpose of accumulating resources for the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt other than those payable from Special Revenue Funds.

#### 2. Other Fund Types:

#### **Proprietary Funds**

There are two proprietary funds representing the Water and Sewer fund and the Weldon Auditorium. The Water and Sewer fund is used to account for the cost of providing water and sewer services to unincorporated areas of the County. The Weldon Auditorium Fund is used to account for the operations of the Weldon Auditorium.

Agency Fund – The Agency Fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of monies by the County on behalf of other governments and individuals, such as cash bonds, traffic fines, child support payments and ad valorem taxes.

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

#### 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes operating accounts and cash invested in the South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool with maturities less than three months. These investments are presented at cost which reasonably approximates fair value.

#### 2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds."

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

#### 3. Inventory

Inventory represents the parts available for use by fleet maintenance. This inventory is stated at cost.

#### 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, right-of-ways, water and sewer distribution systems and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
	•
Buildings and improvements	15 – 50
Machinery and equipment	3 – 10
Infrastructure	25

#### 5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and/or the Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

#### 5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and/or the Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### 6. Accrued Compensated Absences

The County accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave when earned by the employee. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. The non-current portion is the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years. Both the current and non-current estimated accrued compensated absences amounts for governmental funds are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

#### 7. Landfill Closure Costs

Under the terms of current state and federal regulations, the County is required to place a final cover on closed landfill areas, and to perform certain monitoring and maintenance functions for a period of up to thirty years after closure. The County recognizes these costs of closure and post-closure maintenance over the active life of each landfill area, based on landfill capacity use during the period. Required obligations for closure and post-closure costs are recognized in the governmental activities column in the government-wide statement of net position.

### 8. Nature and Purpose of Restrictions of Fund Equity

GASB Statement 54 establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

GASB Statement 54 provides for two major types of fund balances, which are non-spendable and spendable. Non-spendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items and inventories. The County has inventories that are considered non-spendable; however, the County's primary government does not have any prepaid items.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

### 8. Nature and Purpose of Restrictions of Fund Equity (continued)

In addition to the non-spendable fund balances, GASB Statement 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints:

- Restricted fund balances that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the County from its highest level of decision making authority; that is, County Council;
- Assigned fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the County to be used for a particular purpose; and,
- Unassigned fund balance of the general fund that is not constrained for any particular purpose.

Committed fund balances are identified by County Council through the enactment of various ordinances. County Council, through ordinances, can remove a self-imposed constraint as well. Additionally, encumbrances are considered as assigned through the issuance of a purchase order or contract; thus the County has approved the purchase activity even though the other party has not performed. In other words, even though a formal "liability" does not exist, assets are assigned to the purchase of these goods or services.

For the purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balances first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The County CFO has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County.

### 9. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds.

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

#### 10. Pensions

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 68 entitled Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension Plans in June, 2012 and issued GASB No. 71 (an amendment of GASB No. 68) entitled Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date in November 2013. The disclosure requirements applicable to employers participating in the South Carolina Retirement System or the Police Officers Retirement System are prescribed in paragraphs 48 through 82 of GASB 68. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the South Carolina Retirement System and additions to/deductions from the South Carolina Retirement System's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the South Carolina Retirement System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

The County follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Each year, the County Administrator submits to the County Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Three public readings are conducted by County Council and one public hearing to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund, but this transfer cannot exceed \$25,000 or 25% of said department's budget; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the County Council.

### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Revenue Funds (Accommodation Tax Fund and the Fire Department).
- 6. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) except for encumbrances. Budgetary comparisons presented for the General Fund in this report are on this non-GAAP budgetary basis.
- 7. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the County Council as close to June 30 as possible. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were adopted.

### **Budgetary Basis Of Accounting**

The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual presents a comparison of the County's legally adopted budget with actual data on the budgetary basis of accounting. Budgetary accounting principles, however, differ from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). These different accounting principles result in the following differences in the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources (uses) over expenditures at June 30, 2016:

(uses) ever experientales at same se, 2010.	General Fund
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources (uses) over expenditures - budgetary basis	\$(1,056,308)
Timing differences: Net change in encumbrances	(111,095)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources (uses) over expenditures - GAAP basis	<u>\$(1,167,403)</u>

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the County's general fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as assignments of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Encumbrances are reported as expenditures in all budgetary basis statements.

### NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

Actual expenditures exceeded those budgeted by \$302,654 because grant expenditures are not budgeted (as grant revenues are not budgeted).

### NOTE 3 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Primary Government**

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the County's deposits and investments was \$16,213,986 and the bank balances and investment pool balances were \$17,774,250. To reconcile this information to the financial statements, we include the following:

Cash and investments Cash on hand	\$16,213,986 2,430
Total cash	<u>\$16,216,416</u>
Proprietary fund Fiduciary funds Governmental funds	\$ 1,225,751 3,915,117 <u>11,075,548</u>
Total all funds	<u>\$ 16,216,416</u>

### **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 2016, none of the County's bank balance of \$10,673,388 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk: State law limits investments to obligations of the U.S. and its agencies, general obligations of this State or any of its political subdivisions, savings and loan associations if their deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government, and certificates of deposits. Also no load open-end or closed-end management type investment companies or investment trusts registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 are allowed under state law.

The County has investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool and Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Government Portfolio Fund.

	Maturities	Fair Value
State investment pool Treasury money market	18 months to 2 years 12 day weighted average	\$ 5,595,613 
		\$7,100,862

### NOTE 3 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Credit Risk: (continued)

The local government investment pool is a 2a7-like pool which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but has a policy that it will operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The South Carolina State Treasurer oversees the pool. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The Pool is included as an investment trust fund in the State of South Carolina Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. At June 30, 2016, the underlying security ratings of the County's investment in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is classified in risk category "A" and may be obtained from the LGIP's complete financial statements by writing to the following address:

Office of the State Treasurer
Local Government Investment Pool
Post Office Box 11778
Columbia, South Carolina 29211

**Interest Rate Risk:** In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than twelve months.

It is the policy of the State Treasurer's Office that no derivatives of the U.S. Government Securities or Federal Agency Security or A1/P1 Commercial Paper be purchased by or for the S.C. Local Government Investment Pool. It is the policy of the State Treasurer's Office that the weighted average maturity (WAM) of the LGIP portfolio not exceed 60 days.

Foreign Currency Risk: The County has no foreign currency investments.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

### Harvin Clarendon County Library

As of June 30, 2016, the bank balance of the Library's deposits totaled \$127,171. Of the bank balance, \$127,171 was covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

#### Business Development Corporation of Clarendon County (BDC)

As of June 30, 2016, the book balance of the BDC's deposits totaled \$1,267,268. The bank balance of \$958,767 and an additional \$308,501 in certificates of deposit were covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized by collateral pledged by the bank in the Corporation's name.

### NOTE 4 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by the County at varying rates per one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation of real estate and personal property owned and used in the County except exempt property as provided by the constitution and laws of the State of South Carolina and attach an enforceable lien when levied.

In Clarendon County, taxes are collected for county and school purposes as a single tax bill which must be paid in full by the individual taxpayer. Taxes are collected on a calendar year basis. Real and personal taxes in the County are payable without penalty on or before January 15 of each year (except taxes on motor vehicles, which are payable on a monthly basis). If taxes are not paid on or before January 15, a penalty of 3% is added thereon. If taxes are not paid on or before February 1, an additional penalty of 7% is added. If taxes are not paid on or before March 16, an additional 5% thereon is added plus all costs incurred and the property goes into execution. In September, properties on which the taxes have not been paid are advertised for public sale in a local newspaper for three consecutive weeks. The first Monday in October the property is sold. The County Tax Collector is responsible for the collection of delinquent taxes and is empowered to sell so much of the defaulting taxpayer's estate - real, personal or both - as may be sufficient to satisfy the taxes. As collections are made, the delinquent tax revenue is remitted to the County Treasurer. Uncollectible property taxes are not material and have not been reported.

Property taxes at the fund level are recorded as receivables and unearned revenues at the time the taxes are assessed. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected. Additional amounts estimated to be collectible in time to be a resource for payment of obligations incurred during the fiscal year and therefore susceptible to accrual in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been recognized as revenue.

### NOTE 5 - NOTES RECEIVABLE AND LEASE AGREEMENTS

The County has a receivable due from the Business Development Corporation in the amount of \$250,000. This represents the amount owed to the Central SC Alliance for a loan granted to the County for the construction of a Speculative Building in the Industrial Park. A liability is also shown by the County in this amount.

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

### **Business Development Corporation of Clarendon County (BDC)**

The BDC has a note receivable from a local industry dated January 14, 2013. Loan amount is \$150,000 with no interest. Credit will be given at the rate of \$2,500 for each full time or full time equivalent job created by borrower, measured as of December 31, 2017. The entire outstanding principal balance of this Note shall be due and payable in full on the maturity date of January 1, 2018. Any principal unpaid after said date shall bear interest at a rate of 3% per annum, or the highest applicable lawful rate, whichever is less.

### NOTE 5 - NOTES RECEIVABLE AND LEASE AGREEMENTS (continued)

### Business Development Corporation of Clarendon County (BDC) (continued)

The Corporation has a note receivable from a local industry dated September 3, 2014. Loan amount is \$50,000 with no interest. Credit will be given at the rate of \$4,166 for each full time employee hired above the current 33 employees. The entire outstanding principal balance of this note shall be due and payable in full on the maturity date of September 3, 2019.

As of year end, the BDC had entered into lease agreements with the following companies who are leasing buildings owned by the BDC:

#### Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems, LLC

The BDC leases a building to Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems, LLC for \$12,162.50 per month. The BDC entered into a new five year lease agreement commencing on March 1, 2014 with two one year options to renew. Meritor also makes an annual payment in December to reimburse the BDC for the property taxes on the property. These payments are used by the BDC to pay the note payable on the property and the property taxes. This lease is classified as an operating lease. The cost of the building is \$1,800,000 and the accumulated depreciation is \$1,055,000. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

June 30,	
2017	\$ 145,950
2018	145,950
2019	85,138
Total minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 377,038</u>

#### Select Laboratories - SC, LLC

The BDC leases a building to Select Laboratories-SC, LLC for \$3,711.19 per month. These payments are used by the BDC to pay the notes payable on the property. The original amount of the lease receivable was \$509,000. After the initial term expires, and every five years thereafter, the amount of rent will be renegotiated based on the recalculation of interest on the note and mortgage entered into between the corporation and the bank. At the end of the lease, the building reverts to Select Laboratories – SC, LLC. This lease is classified as a direct financing lease. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

luna 20	
<b>June 30</b> , 2017	\$ 44,534
2018	44,534
2019	<u>377,414</u>
Total minimum lease payments	466,482
Less amount representing interest	(65,816)
Present value of minimum lease payment Current \$21,269 Long-term \$379,397	<u>\$ 400,666</u>

### NOTE 5 - NOTES RECEIVABLE AND LEASE AGREEMENTS (continued)

### **Agricultural Leases**

Farming agreements exist with various farmers to grow hay on unimproved and unleased BDC property.

### NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Construction Completed	Additions	Retire- ments	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being					
depreciated: Land Construction in	\$ 3,033,811	\$ -	\$ 36,324	\$ 134,121	\$ 2,936,014
progress Total capital assets not	6,962,013	(6,949,251)	1,677,263		1,690,025
being depreciated	9,995,824	(6,949,251)	1,713,587	134,121	4,626,039
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and					
improvements	22,397,989	5,387,278	902,528	-	28,687,795
Infrastructure	6,995,012	1,322,280	342,787	-	8,660,079
Equipment	<u>11,300,519</u>	239,693	1,574,328	<u>277,433</u>	12,837,107
Total capital assets being					-
depreciated	40,693,520	6,949,251	2,819,643	277,433	50,184,981
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and					
improvements	5,523,274		437,684	-	5,960,958
Infrastructure	3,433,259	-	527,099	-	3,960,358
Equipment	9,092,909		722,838	<u> 186,152</u>	<u>9,629,595</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	18,049,442	-	1,687,621	<u> 186,152</u>	19,550,911
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	22,644,078	6,949,251	1,132,022	91,281	_30,634,070
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 32.639.902	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 2,845,609</u>	<u>\$ 225,402</u>	<u>\$ 35,260,109</u>

### NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General Government	\$ 826,391
Public Safety	693,607
Cultural/Recreation	75,711
Physical Environment	64,930
Economic Environment	10,445
Transportation	10,265
Court Related	6,272
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 1 687 621

### **Business Type Activities**

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Ending Balance
Water and Sewer Capital assets not being depreciated:		•	
Land	\$ 119,981	\$	\$ 119,981
Construction in Progress Total capital assets not being	175,542	<u>2,538,255</u>	2,713,797
depreciated	295,523	2,538,255	2,833,778
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Water system	1,978 5,419,783	47.040	1,978 5,419,783
Equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>277,125</u> <u>5,698,886</u>	<u>47,243</u> <u>47,243</u>	<u>324,368</u> <u>5,746,129</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Water system Equipment Total accumulated depreciation	1,303 471,069 <u>99,363</u> 571,735	198 150,583 <u>25,249</u> 176,030	1,501 621,652 124,612 747,765
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	5,127,151	(128,787)	4,998,364
Business-Type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 5,422,674</u>	<u>\$ 2,409,468</u>	<u>\$ 7,832,142</u>

### NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Weldon Auditorium	Beginning Balance	Additions	Ending Balance
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ 3,438,173 3,438,173	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 3,438,173 3,438,173
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements	386,794	85,954	472,748
Total accumulated depreciation	386,794	<u>85,954</u>	472,748
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,051,379	(85,954)	2,965,425
Business-Type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 3,051,379</u>	<u>\$ (85,954)</u>	<u>\$ 2,965,425</u>

### **Component Units**

### Harvin Clarendon County Library

Capital assets included in the financial statements consist of the following:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Capital assets, not being	g depreciated:			
Land	\$ 24,000	\$ -	. \$	\$ 24,000
Capital assets being dep	oreciated:			
Building Equipment Books	405,413 397,112 281,594	- - -	- - 65,295	405,413 397,112 216,299
Total Capital Assets being depreciated	1,084,119	<u> </u>	65,295	1,018,824

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building	307,176	10,741	_	317,917
Equipment	346,533	30,577	-	377,110
Books	281,594		<u>65,295</u>	216,299
Total accumulated depreciated	935,303	41,318	<u>65,295</u>	911,326
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	<u>148,816</u>	(41,318)		107,498
Total Capital Assets, net	<u>\$ 172,816</u>	\$ <u>(41,318)</u>	<del>-</del>	<u>\$ 131,498</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$41,318.

### **Business Development Corporation of Clarendon County (BDC)**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:  Land restricted for I-				
95 Mega-site	\$ 961,855	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 961,855
Land	1,737,590	803,561	-	2,541,151
Easement	-	3,291	-	3,291
Ernest money	500	-	500	-
Construction WIP	<u>1,964,862</u>	<del></del>	<u>1,964,862</u>	
Total capital assets not	4 00 4 00 7	000 000	4 005 000	0.500.007
being depreciated	4,664,807	<u>806,852</u>	<u>1,965,362</u>	3,506,297
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and				
improvements	1,800,000	2,133,768	-	3,933,768
Infrastructure	254,911	· · ·	-	254,911
minuoti dotalo				
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	2,054,911	2,133,768		<u>4,188,679</u>

### NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

### Component Units (continued)

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	995,000	113,344	-	1,108,344
Infrastructure	68,684	8,497	<u> </u>	77,181
Total accumulated depreciation	_1,063,684	121,841	<del>_</del>	_1,185,525
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	991,227	2,011,927	<del></del>	3,003,154
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 5,656,034</u>	<u>\$ 2,818,779</u>	<u>\$ 1,965,362</u>	<u>\$ 6,509,451</u>

The BDC uses the following estimated useful lives to compute depreciation:

Building and Improvements

30 years

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$121,841.

### NOTE 7 - INTERFUND BALANCES

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
Governmental Funds General Fund Special Revenue Funds: Law Enforcement	\$ 37,734	\$ 757,101 37,734
Debt Service Funds: General Obligations	757,101	-
Governmental Funds	<u>794,835</u>	<u>794,835</u>

### NOTE 7 - INTERFUND BALANCES (continued)

	Interfund Receivables	Interfund Payables
Enterprise Funds General Fund Capital Projects Fund Weldon Auditorium Water & Sewer Fund	457,718 1,128,483 -	- 163,698 1,422,503
Enterprise Fund	1,586,201	<u>1,586,201</u>
Fiduciary Funds General Fund Fiduciary Fund types: Town of Turbeville	106,577	- 517
Magistrates: General and Civil Clerk of Court Tax Collector	- - - :	73,567 32,457 36
Fiduciary Funds	106,577	106,577
	<u>\$ 2,487,613</u>	<u>\$ 2,487,613</u>

Interfund balances reflect amounts due for the last month's collections, amounts loaned for the water system purchase or other short term interfund arrangements.

Operating Transfers	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund Fire Operating Fund Water & Sewer Weldon Auditorium Non Major Funds Fiduciary Funds	\$ 74,831 472,424 - 346,554 - -	\$ 15,000 - 10,000 - 808,978 
	<u>\$ 893,809</u>	<u>\$ 893,809</u>

### NOTE 8 - SHORT-TERM OBLIBATIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the following transactions occurred in short-term liabilities:

	Balance at June 30, 2015	Additions	Dienosals	Balance at June 30, 2016	
GBAN – Series 2015E	\$ -	\$1.750.000	\$ -	\$1.750.000	

In November, 2015, the County issued a General Bond Anticipation Note (Series 2015E) for \$1,750,000 to be used for capital repairs and construction to county owned and maintained roads, as well as expansion to Class II landfill and acquisition of various vehicles. In November, 2016, this bond was paid utilizing FEMA grant funds of \$1,000,000. \$750,000 was used from proceeds of a \$750,000 BAN (Series 2016C) to retire the \$1,750,000 BAN.

#### NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT

### A. Primary Government

#### **Governmental Activities**

### **General Obligation Bonds**

\$156,000 Bond issued February 17, 2012 (Series 2012) to fund semi-annual installment lease purchase obligation on Administrative complex. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2013 of \$29,700 and ending March 1, 2017 of \$32,700. Interest accrues at a rate of 1.99% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity.

\$ 32,700

\$156,000 Bond issued August 14, 2012 (Series 2012B) to fund semi-annual installment lease purchase obligation n Administrative complex. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2013 of \$18,200 and ending March 1, 2017 of \$35,300. Interest accrues at a rate of 1.63% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity.

35,300

\$113,600 Bond issued February 13, 2013 (Series 2013A) to fund semi-annual installment lease purchase obligation on Courthouse Project. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2017 of \$80,482 and ending March 1, 2018 of \$33,118. Interest accrues at a rate of 1.82% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity.

113,600

\$720,000 Bond issued September 6, 2013 (Series 2013B) to fund acquisition of self contained breathing apparati for the Fire service. Due in equal annual installments of \$62,518 (principal and interest) beginning September 6, 2014 and ending September 1, 2028. Interest accrues at a rate of 3.50%.

644,058

\$151,650 Bond issued August 13, 2013 (Series 2013C) to fund semi-annual installment lease purchase obligation on Courthouse Project. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2017 of \$120,241 and ending March 1, 2018 of \$31,409. Interest accrues at a rate of 2.17% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity.

151,650

### NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

### A. Primary Government (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

### General Obligation Bonds (continued)

\$144,525 Bond issued February 12, 2014 (Series 2014A) to fund semi-annual installment lease purchase obligation on Courthouse Project. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2017 of \$86,315 and ending March 1, 2018 of \$58,210. Interest accrues at a rate of 1.51% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity.

144,525

\$3,500,000 Bond issued April 10, 2014 (Series 2014B) to fund construction of new office building for Dept. of Social Services, State Probation and Parole and County Coroner office. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2017 of \$105,000 and ending March 1, 2039 of \$220,000. Interest accrues at a blended rate of 3.61% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity.

3,500,000

\$155,025 Bond issued August 13, 2014 (Series 2014C) to fund semi-annual installment lease purchase obligation on Courthouse Project. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2017 of \$31,958 and ending March 1, 2018 of \$123,067. Interest accrues at a rate of 2.13% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity.

155,025

\$141,400 Bond issued February 12, 2015 (Series 2015A) to fund semi-annual installment lease purchase obligation on Courthouse Project. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2017 of \$26,267 and ending March 1, 2019 of \$33,614. Interest accrues at a rate of 1.67% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity.

141,400

\$500,000 Bond issued October 13, 2015 (Series 2015B) to fund acquisition of fire engine. Due in annual principal and interest installments beginning October 1, 2016 of \$42,645 and ending October 13, 2030. Interest accrues at a rate of 3.25%.

500,000

### NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

### A. Primary Government (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

### General Obligation Bonds (continued)

\$151,400 Bond issued August 13, 2015 (Series 2015C) to fund semi-annual installment lease purchase obligation on Courthouse Project. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2017 of \$29,690 and ending March 1, 2019 of \$69,863. Interest accrues at a rate of 1.71% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity.

151,400

\$145,000 Bond issued February 12, 2016 (Series 2016A) to fund semi-annual installment lease purchase obligation on Courthouse Project. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2017 of \$25,912 and ending March 1, 2019 of \$92,863. Interest accrues at a rate of 1.58% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity.

<u> 145,000</u>

Total General Obligations Bonds Payable

<u>\$ 5,714,658</u>

The annual debt service payments for General Obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2016, are as follows:

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

June 30,	Principal	Interest
2017	\$ 640,237	\$ 184,723
2018	584,022	170,556
2019	377,302	157,474
2020	188,375	148,538
2021	195,870	142,593
2022 – 2026	1,059,863	617,102
2027 – 2031	1,118,989	429,302
2032 2036	910,000	239,800
2037 2040	<u>640,000</u>	51,800
	<u>\$ 5,714,658</u>	<u>\$ 2,141,888</u>

### NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

A. Primary Government (continued)

### Blended Component Unit - Clarendon Facilities Corporation

In October, 2012, the Clarendon Facilities Corporation (CFC) issued \$6,970,000 Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds (Courthouse Renovation Project) Series 2012 to mature September 1, 2042 pursuant to an Installment Purchase and Use Agreement ("Agreement") between the County and the CFC. Proceeds were used to make improvements to and renovate the County Courthouse.

In July, 2015 the Clarendon Facilities Corporation (CFC) issued Installment Purchase Refunding Revenue Bonds (Series 2015) in the amount of \$5,460,000 to mature September 1, 2030 pursuant to an Installment Purchase and Use Agreement ("Agreement") between the County and the CFC. Proceeds were be used to defease Clarendon Facilities Corp IPRB (Series 2010), originally issued in the amount of \$6,500,000 in December, 2010 for the acquisition and construction of the County Administrative Complex.

The County will purchase the capital projects from CFC over twenty (20) years as required by the Agreements. The Agreements obligate the County to make payments to CFC in amounts calculated to be sufficient to enable CFC to pay the principal and interest on the outstanding bonds. The County's obligations under the Agreements are from year to year only and do not constitute a mandatory payment obligation of the County in any fiscal year in which funds are not appropriated by the County to pay the installment payments of the purchase price due in such fiscal year. It is anticipated that the payments will be funded by the County with the future issuance of short-term general obligation bonds or restricted Fee-in-Lieu of revenue.

The CFC bonds are not a debt of the County; however, as CFC is blended with the operations of the County, the debt of CFC is included with the County's other obligations as required by GAAP.

June 30, 2016

\$ 12,400,000

### NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

### B. Primary Government (continued)

### Blended Component Unit - Clarendon Facilities Corporation (continued)

The annual debt service payments for Clarendon Facilities Corporation Installment Purchase Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2016, are as follows:

#### Revenue Bonds

June 30,	Principal	Interest
2017	\$ 10,000	\$ 407,040
2018	345,000	403,440
2019	350,000	396,440
2020	355,000	389,340
2021	365,000	382,090
2022 - 2026	1,945,000	1,784,317
2027 - 2031	2,260,000	1,466,875
2032 – 2036	2,470,000	1,028,501
2037 – 2041	2,955,000	537,096
2042 - 2043	1,345,000	50,901
	<u>\$ 12,400,000</u>	<u>\$ 6,846,040</u>

On July 30, 2015, the Clarendon Facilities Corporation issued \$5.46 million installment purchase refunding revenue bonds with an average coupon rate of 3.18 percent (with a net interest cost of 3.01 percent) to advance refund \$6.5 million of outstanding 2010 Series bonds with an average coupon rate of 4.51 percent (with a NIC of 4.71 percent). The net proceeds of \$5.2 million (after payment of \$0.2 million in underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$1.9 million of 2011 Series sinking fund monies were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2010 Series bonds. As a result, the 2010 Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability of those bonds has been removed from the long-term debt.

The CFC advance funded the 2010 Series bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 15 years by almost \$2.36 million and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$65,403.

### NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

### A. Primary Government (continued)

### Governmental Activities (continued)

#### Capital Leases

\$83,700 – Lease/purchase agreement to finance the purchase of one backhoe loader. Due in annual payments of \$12,163, including interest, due on August 31 of each year. First payment due August 31, 2011 and ending payment due August 31, 2016. The backhoe's gross cost is \$83,200 and the accumulated depreciation is \$40,213.

\$ 33,635

\$126,501 — Lease/purchase agreement to finance the purchase of one knuckleboom truck. Due in annual payments of \$20,260, including interest, due on March 1 of each year. First payment due March 1, 2015 and ending payment due March 1, 2021. The truck's gross cost is \$126,501 and the accumulated depreciation is \$16,867.

90,103

\$200,000 – Lease/purchase agreement to finance the purchase of several motor vehicles. Due in semi-annual payments of \$21,277, Including interest, due on April 15 and October 15 of each year. First payment due April 15, 2015 and ending payment due October 15, 2019. The vehicles' gross cost is \$217,538 and the accumulated depreciation is \$42,576.

142,672

### Total Capital Leases

\$ 266,410

Future minimum lease payments under capital leases, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments, as of June 30, 2016:

### Year Ending June 30,

· ·		
2017	\$	98,014
2018		62,814
2019		62,814
2020		41,874
2021		20,260
Total Minimum Lease Payment	,2	285,776
Less Amount Representing Interest		19,366
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payment	\$ 2	<u> 266,410</u>

#### NOTE 9 -LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

### B. Business Type Activities

### Enterprise Revenue Bond - Weldon Auditorium

\$3,250,000 Enterprise Charge Limited Obligation Bond issued May 13, 2010 to finance a capital project. Due in annual installments beginning July 1, 2011 of \$45,000 and ending July 1, 2040 of \$190,000. Interest accrues at rates varying from 2.0% to 4.75% and is payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 each year until maturity. Revenue from County's Hospitality charge has been dedicated for required debt service.

\$ 2.940.000

The annual debt service payments for Weldon Auditorium Enterprise Charge Limited Obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Revenue Bonds June 30,	Principal	Interest
2017	\$ 70,000	\$ 129,065
2018	70,000	126,878
2019	75,000	124,424
2020	75,000	121,706
2021	80,000	118,896
2022 – 2026	455,000	541,959
2027 – 2031	550,000	435,398
2032 – 2036	690,000	292,838
2037 – 2041	<u>875,000</u>	<u>107,706</u>
	\$ 2,940,000	<u>\$ 1,998,870</u>
terprise Revenue Bonds – Wa	ter & Sewer	

#### Ente

\$2,533,000 Bond issued April 19, 2012 (Series 2012A) to fund water system expansion. Interest only, due April 19, 2013 and April 19, 2014. Due in equal monthly installments thereafter beginning May 1, 2014 of \$8,967 and ending April 19, 2052. Interest accrues at a rate of 2.75%.

\$ 2,448,676

\$1,007,800 Bond issued April 19, 2012 (Series 2012B) to fund water system expansion. Interest only, due April 19, 2013 and April 19, 2014. Due in equal monthly installments thereafter beginning May 1, 2014 of \$3,568 and ending April 19, 2052. Interest accrues at a rate of 2.75%.

974,255

### NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

### B. Business Type Activities (continued)

Enterprise Revenue Bonds - Water & Sewer (continued)

\$1,436,000 Bond Anticipation Note (Series 2015) issued July 30, 2015 in anticipation of the issuance of a water system improvement bond. This BAN was refinanced with permanent financing.

1,436,000

Balance at June 30, 2016

\$ 4.858.931

In October, 2016 the County issued two (2) Water System Improvement Revenue Bonds, the proceeds of which were used for the construction of an elevated water tank and accompanying well. Series 2016A in the amount of \$1,179,000 and Series 2016B in the amount of \$257,000 mature October, 2056 and carry an interest rate of 1.875%. Monthly principal and interest payments are \$4,266, combined.

The annual debt service payments for Water and Sewer Enterprise Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2016, are as follows:

Revenue Bonds June 30,	Principal	Interest
2017	\$ 72,940	\$ 111,608
2018	82,969	118,643
2019	85,067	116,545
2020	87,220	114,392
2021	89,428	112,184
2022 – 2026	482,325	525,735
2027 – 2031	546,812	461,248
2032 – 2036	620,152	387,908
2037 – 2041	703,586	304,474
2042 – 2046	798,524	209,536
2047 – 2051	906,594	101,466
2052 – 2056	366,318	15,037
2057	<u>16,996</u>	73
,	<u>\$ 4,858,931</u>	<u>\$2,578,849</u>

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

### Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

·	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities			*		
General Obligation Bonds					
- 2010 Refunding Series	\$ 403,000	\$ -	\$ 403,000	\$ -	\$ -
- Series 2011	36,000		36,000	· _	· -
- Series 2012	64,700	· <u>-</u>	32,000	32,700	32,700
- Series 2012B	70,000	<del>.</del>	34,700	35,300	35,300
- Series 2013A	113,600	_	-	113,600	80,482
- Series 2013B	682,682	-	38,624	644,058	39,976
- Series 2013C	151,650	-	· •	151,650	120,242
- Series 2014A	144,525	-		144,525	86,315
- Series 2014B	3,500,000	-	-	3,500,000	105,000
- Series 2014C	155,025	-	-	155,025	31,958
- Series 2015A	141,400	_	<b>-</b> ,	141,400	26,267
- Series 2015B	-	500,000	<b>-</b> _	500,000	26,395
- Series 2015C	-	151,400	-	151,400	29,690
- Series 2016A	-	145,000	_	145,000	25,912
Revenue Bonds					
- IPRB (Admin)	6,500,000	-	6,500,000	-	-
<ul> <li>IPRB (Admin) Refunding</li> </ul>	-	5,460,000	-	5,460,000	. <del>-</del>
- IPRB (Courthouse)	<u>6,950,000</u>		10,000	<u>6,940,000</u>	10,000
Total Bonds	<u> 18,912,582</u>	6,256,400	<u>7,054,324</u>	<u> 18,114,658</u>	650,237
Other Liabilities					
Compensated Absences	439,485	96,020	-	535,505	84,610
Closure & Maintenance	535,800	8,400	-	544,200	26,600
Capital Leases	<u>393,456</u>		<u>127,046</u>	<u>266,410</u>	89,792
Total Other Liabilities	<u>1,368,741</u>	104,420	<u>127,046</u>	1,346,115	201,002
Governmental Activities Long Term Liabilities	20,281,323	6,360,820	7,181,370	19,460,773	851,239
Business Type Activities		•		•	
Revenue Bonds					
Weldon 2010 Series	3,010,000	_	70,000	2,940,000	70,000
Water Expansion (2012A)	2,488,220	_	39,544	2,448,676	40,647
Water Expansion (2012B)	989,985	_	15,731	974,254	16,170
Water Expansion BAN	<del>_</del>	1,436,000	<u> </u>	1,436,000	16 123
Total Bonds	6,488,205	1,436,000	125,275	7,798,930	142,940
Other Liabilities					
Compensated Absences	4,031	3,290	-	7,321	1,157
Total Other Liabilities	4,031	3,290		7,321	1,157
Business Type Activities	6,492,236	1,439,290	125,275	7,806,251	144,097
Long Term Liabilities Total Combined	\$ 26,773,559	\$ 7,800,110	\$ 7,306,645	\$ 27.267,024	\$ 921,835

#### NOTE 9 -LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

### C. Discretely Presented Component Units

Business Development Corporation of Clarendon County (BDC)	l	
Note payable to bank, with monthly payments of \$11,500 including interest at 5%, final payment due April 10, 2019. Collateralized by real property leased by Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems, LLC.	\$	545,423
Note payable to bank with monthly payments of \$3,711.19, including interest at 5.95% due June 10, 2019.		400,666
Note payable to Santee Electric Co-operative Inc., with interest at 2%. Payments will be interest only for the first two years, in the amount of \$3,600 payable on or before December 1, 2015 and 2016. One half of the principal and interest (\$93,600) is due December 1, 2017. The balance of \$90,978 is due on or before December 1, 2018. If Spec Building #7 is sold during the four-year period, the debt shall be satisfied with proceeds from the sale.		180,000
Note payable to Farmers Telephone Co-operative with 0% interest payable upon sale of Spec Building #7. Note recorded at face value excluding imputed interest as the initial term is indefinite.		250,000
Note payable to Clarendon County with 0% interest (Central SC Alliance) due upon the sale, lease or donation of Spec Building #7 or November 17, 2016, whichever is earlier. Note recorded at face value excluding imputed interest as the initial term is indefinite.		250,000
Subtotal of notes payable	1	,626,089
Less current portion		(384,570)

\$ 1,241,519

Notes payable – noncurrent portion

### NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

### C. Discretely Presented Component Units (continued)

Business Development Corporation of Clarendon County (BDC) (continued)

The maturities of long-term debt is as follows:

June 30,	Principal	Interest
2017 2018 2019 2020	\$ 384,570 231,668 759,851 	\$ 51,564 44,467 32,673
	<u>\$ 1,626,089</u>	<u>\$ 128,704</u>

#### NOTE 10 - OPERATING LEASES

The County entered into an operating lease for its judicial building. The thirty (30) year lease term began October 1, 2004 and ends September 30, 2034. There is a renewal option for an additional ten years with a thirty-day notice. The rental amount is \$7,000 per month for a term of fifteen years. The remaining rental amount is \$3,000 plus the percentage of increase or decrease in the Consumer Price Index of all urban consumers for the next fifteen years. The lease does contain cancellation provisions and is subject to annual appropriations. The lease expense for 2015-16 is \$84,000.

The County entered into an operating lease for a 613C Caterpillar Scraper for use at its Landfill. The 60 month lease term began January 30, 2010 and ended December 30, 2015. Said lease was extended an additional 24 months to end December 30, 2017. Monthly lease payments are now \$3,552.

The County entered into an operating lease for a 7230 John Deere Tractor for use in its Public Works area. The 60 month lease term began November 18, 2011 and ends November 18, 2016. Annual lease payments are \$19,634.

The County entered into an operating lease for a 670G John Deere motor grader. The 60 month lease term began September 25, 2012 and ends September 25, 2017. Annual lease payments are \$21,779.

The County entered into an operating lease for a D5K Caterpillar Dozer. The 60 month lease term began August 27, 2014 and ends August 27, 2019. Annual lease payments are \$25,104.

### NOTE 10 - OPERATING LEASES (continued)

The future minimum rental payments are as follows:

2017	\$ 193,143
2018	152,195
2019	109,104
2020	54,276
2021	36,000
2022 - 2026	180,000
2027 - 2031	180,000
2032 - 2035	81,000
	•

\$ 985,718

### NOTE 11 - PROVISION FOR CLOSURE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations as governed by Solid Waste management Regulation R.61-107.258, Subpart C, Section (c) and the South Carolina Solid Waste Policy and Management Act of 1991, Section 44-96-390 require that Clarendon County place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. In August 1993, the GASB issued GASB-18, Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs, in order to reduce the diversity of acceptable accounting practices in this area. GASB-18 applies to all governmental municipal solid waste landfills irrespective of what type of accounting model is used to account for the activities of a landfill. As defined by GASB-18, the basic objective is to recognize all landfill costs by the time a landfill is closed. The costs to be identified for closure and postclosure care include (1) capital assets, (2) final cover and (3) monitoring and maintenance activities.

While Clarendon County's original landfill was closed and capped in 2002 to municipal waste, the construction demolition and land clearing debris (C&D) landfill is still open with a life expectancy of twenty five years. The municipal landfill's liability at June 30, 2016 is \$544,200. See Note 8.

The nature and source of landfill closure and postclosure care requirements are monitored by both federal and State of South Carolina environmental protection agencies. Levels of ground water pollutants are set by State agencies and the monitoring of these amounts have been reported to County officials to be in conformity with guidelines. The County annually obtains updated and revised estimates of total future closure and post-closure costs from its consulting engineers. The provision for closure costs reported in the financial statements as operating expense represents the portion of these estimated future outlays which are allocable to the current year based on the amount of capacity used. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities and services required to close, monitor and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2016. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to

### NOTE 11 - PROVISION FOR CLOSURE COSTS (continued)

inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations. Clarendon County has not accumulated or segregated funds to meet this reserve.

### NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS

#### Description of the Entity

The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), which was created July 1, 2012, administers the various retirement systems and retirement programs managed by its Retirement Division. PEBA has an 11-member Board of Directors, appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as cotrustee and co-fiduciary of the systems and the trust funds. By law, the Budget and Control Board, which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the funding of the South Carolina Retirement Systems (Systems) and serves as a co-trustee of the Systems in conducting that review.

PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The CAFR is publically available through the Retirement Benefits' link on PEBA's website at <a href="https://www.peba.sc.gov">www.peba.sc.gov</a>, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, PO Box 11960, Columbia, SC 29211-1960. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

#### Plan Descriptions

The South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for employees of the state, its public school districts, and political subdivisions.

The South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System (PORS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1962, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for police officers and firemen of the state and its political subdivisions.

### NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

#### Membership

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below.

### **SCRS**

Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

#### PORS -

To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; or to serve as a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

#### Benefits Provided

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation. A brief summary of benefit terms for each system is presented below.

#### SCRS

A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to

### NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

### Benefits Provided (continued)

receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

### **PORS**

A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty. The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

#### **Contributions**

Contributions are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. The PEBA Board may increase the SCRS and PORS employer and employee contribution rates on the basis of the actuarial valuations, but any such increase may not result in a differential between the employee and employer contribution rate that exceeds 2.9% percent of earnable compensation for SCRS and 5 percent for PORS. An increase in the contribution rates adopted by the board may not provide for an increase of more than one-half of one percent in any one year. If the scheduled employee or employer contributions provided in statute or the rates last adopted by the board are insufficient to maintain a thirty year amortization schedule of the unfunded liabilities of the plans, the board shall increase the contribution rates in equal percentage amounts for the employer and employee as necessary to maintain the thirty-year amortization period; and, this increase is not limited to one-half of one percent per year.

### NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

### Contributions (continued)

Required **employee** contribution rates for fiscal year 2015-2016 are as follows:

SCRS Employee Class Two Employee Class Three	8.16% of earnable compensation 8.16% of earnable compensation
PORS	
Employee Class Two	8.74% of earnable compensation
Employee Class Three	8.74% of earnable compensation

Required <u>employer</u> contribution rates for fiscal year 2015-2016 are as follows:

SCRS Employee Class Two Employer Class Three Employer Incidental Death Benefit	10.91% of earnable compensation 10.91% of earnable compensation 0.15% of earnable compensation
PORS Employee Class Two Employer Class Three Employer Incidental Death Benefit Employer Accidental Death Program	13.34% of earnable compensation 13.34% of earnable compensation 0.20% of earnable compensation 0.20% of earnable compensation

The County's and Harvin Clarendon County Library's contributions to the SCRS and PORS for the last three fiscal years were are follows:

### County:

SCRS Employee Contributions Employer Contributions Employer Group Life Contributions	<b>2016</b> \$ 403,606 539,627 	2015 \$ 377,580 507,373 7,080	2014 \$ 352,517 491,170 7,050
Total	<u>\$ 950,652</u>	<u>\$ 892,033</u>	<u>\$ 850,737</u>
PORS Employee Contributions Employer Contributions Employer Group Life Contributions Total	\$ 388,493 592,965 <u>17,780</u> \$ 999,238	\$ 358,507 554,601 17,051 \$ 930,159	\$ 323,569 513,421 16,509 \$ 853,499
Harvin Clarendon County Library:			
SCRS Employee Contributions Employer Contributions Employer Group Life Contributions	<b>2016</b> \$ 23,703 34,003 <u>436</u>	<b>2015</b> \$ 25,770 34,629 <u>483</u>	2014 \$ 23,120 32,213 462
Total	\$ 58,142	\$ 60,882	\$ 55,795

### NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

#### **Contributions** (continued)

The County and the Library have contributed 100 percent of the required contributions for the current year and in each of the two preceding years.

#### Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined during the valuation process are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. The last experience study was performed on data through June 30, 2010, and the next experience study, performed on data through June 30, 2015, is currently underway.

The most recent actuarial valuation reports adopted by the PEBA Board and Budget and Control Board are as of June 30, 2015. The net pension liability of each defined benefit pension plan was therefore determined by PEBA's consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company (GRS), based on the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuations, using membership data as of July 1, 2014, projected forward to the end of the fiscal year, and financial information of the pension trust funds as of June 30, 2015, using generally accepted actuarial procedures. Information included in the following schedules is based on the certification provided by GRS.

The following provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the July 1, 2014, valuations for SCRS and PORS.

	<u>scrs</u>	<u>PORS</u>
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age	Entry Age
Actuarial Assumptions:		
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	7.50%
Projected Salary Increases	3.5% - 12.5%	4.0% - 10.0%
Includes Inflation at	2.75%	2.75%
Benefits Adjustments	Lesser of 1% or \$500	Lesser of 1% or \$500

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. This assumption includes base rates which are automatically adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2000. Assumptions used in the July 1, 2014 valuation for SCRS and PORS are as follows:

### NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

### Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (continued)

Former Job Class	<u>Males</u>	<u>Females</u>
Educators	RP-2000 Males (with White Collar adjustment) multiplied by 110%	RP-2000 Females (with White Collar adjustment) multiplied by 95%
General Employees and Members of the General Assembly	RP-2000 Males multiplied by 100%	RP-2000 Females multiplied by 90%
Public Safety, Firefighters, and members of the South Carolina National Guard	RP-2000 Males (with Blue Collar adjustment) multiplied by 115%	RP-2000 Females (with Blue Collar adjustment) multiplied by 115%

### Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less that System's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2015, NPL amounts for SCRS and PORS are presented below (amounts expressed in thousands).

System	Total Pension <u>Liability</u>	Plan Fiduciary <u>Net Position</u>	Employers' Net Pension <u>Liability(Asset)</u>	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
SCRS	\$44,097,310,230	\$25,131,828,101	\$18,965,482,129	57.0%
PORS	6,151,321,222	3,971,824,838	2,179,496,384	64.6%

The total pension liability is calculated by the Systems' actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the Systems' financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67 in the Systems' notes to the financial statements.

### NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS and PORS will be made on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina State Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, each System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for actuarial purposes is based upon the 30 year capital market outlook at the end of the fourth quarter 2013, as developed by the Retirement Systems Investment Commission in collaboration with its investment consultant, Aon Hewitt. The long-term expected rates of return represent assumptions developed using a building block approach, reflecting observable inflation and interest rate information available in the fixed income markets as well as Consensus Economic forecasts. The actuarial long-term assumptions for other asset classes are based on historical results, current market characteristics and professional judgment.

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation as adopted by the Investment Commission for fiscal year 2015. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentages and then adding the actuarial expected inflation which is summarized in the table below. For actuarial purposes, the 7.50 percent assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the total pension liability includes a 4.75 percent real rate of return and a 2.75 percent inflation component.

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

Asset Class	Target Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Short Term	5.0%		
Cash	2.0%	1.90%	0.04%
Short Duration	3.0%	2.00%	0.06%
Domestic Fixed Income	13.0%		
Core Fixed Income	7.0%	2.70%	0.19%
Mixed Credit	6.0%	3.80%	0.23%
Global Fixed Income	9.0%		
Global Fixed Income	3.0%	2.80%	0.08%
Emerging Markets Debt	6.0%	5.10%	0.31%
Global Public Equity	31.0%	7.10%	2.20%
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	10.0%	4.90%	0.49%
Alternatives	32.0%		
Hedge Funds (Low Beta)	8.0%	4.30%	0.34%
Private Debt	7.0%	9.90%	0.69%
Private Equity	9.0%	9.90%	0.89%
Real Estate (Broad Market)	5.0%	6.00%	0.30%
Commodities	3.0%	5.90%	0.18%
Total Expected Real Return	100.0%		6.00%
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes		_	2.75%
Total Expected Nominal Return		_	8.75%

### Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the County's and the Harvin Clarendon County Library's collective net pension liability of the participating employer calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the County and Library's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percent lower (6.50 percent) or 1.00 percent higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate:

### NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Sensitivity Analysis (continued)

### Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

<u>System</u>	1.00% Decrease (6.50%)	Current Discount Rate(7.50%)	1.00% Increase (8.50%)	
County:	·		·	
SCRS	\$ 12,035,842	\$ 9,546,844	\$ 7,460,747	
PORS	\$ 10,216,270	\$ 7,499,560	\$ 5,071,133	
Harvin Clarendon County Library:				
SCRS	\$ 821,549	\$ 651,654	\$ 509,260	

### Payables to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2016, the County had \$166,283 in payables outstanding to the pension plans for its legally required contributions.

#### Pension Liabilities

At June 30, 2016, the County reported a liability of \$9,546,844 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the SCRS and a liability of \$7,499,560 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the PORS. Harvin Clarendon County Library reported a liability of \$651,654 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for SCRS. The net pension liability of each defined benefit plan was determined based on the most recent actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014, using membership as of that date projected forward to the end of the fiscal year, and financial information of the pension trust funds as of June 30, 2015. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental units, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the County's proportions were 0.050338 percent and 0.34410 percent for SCRS and PORS, respectively. The Library's proportion was 0.003436 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the County recognized pension expense of \$1,301,997, including \$630,596 for SCRS and \$671,401 for PORS. Harvin Clarendon County Library recognized pension expense of \$49,121.

At June 30, 2016, the County and the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

### NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Pension Liabilities (continued)

County:			
	Deferred Outflows of Resources	-	d Inflows esources
SCRS			
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Net Difference between Projected and Actual	\$ 169,615	\$	17,073
Investment Earnings  Deferred Amounts from Changes in Proportionate Shar and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Total Plan Employer	63,902 e		-
Contributions		1	98,971
Direct Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement D	ate <u>547,046</u>		
Total	<u>\$ 780,563</u>	<u>\$_2</u>	<u>16,044</u>
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		d Inflows
<u>PORS</u>			
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Net Difference between Projected and Actual	\$ 148,642	\$	-
Investment Earnings Deferred Amounts from Changes in Proportionate Shar and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Total Plan Employer	82,058 e		-
Contributions	13,999		-
Direct Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement D	ate <u>610,745</u>		
Total	<u>\$ 855,444</u>	\$	
Harvin Clarendon County Library:			
SCRS			
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Net Difference between Projected and Actual	\$ 11,578	\$	1,165
Investment Earnings	4,362		-
Deferred Amounts from Changes in Proportionate Share and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Total Plan Employer	е		
Contributions	5,648		-
Direct Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement D	ate <u>34,439</u>		
Total	\$ 56,027	\$	1,165

### NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

### Pension Liabilities (continued)

The amounts of \$547,046 for SCRS, \$610,745 for PORS, and \$34,439 for Harvin Clarendon County Library for SCRS reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County and Library contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017.

The following schedule reflects the amortization of the net balance of remaining deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources at June 30, 2015. Average remaining services lives of all employees provided with pensions through the pension plans at June 30, 2015 was 4.164 years for SCRS and 4.796 years for PORS which is the basis for amortizing all deferred amounts except for the difference between projected and actual investment earnings which are amortized over five years.

### County:

		Difference	e Between		
Measurement Period Ending June 30,	Expected Exper	and Actual ience	Projected and Actual Investment Earnings		
	<u>SCRS</u>	PORS	SCRS	<b>PORS</b>	
2016	\$ 36,633	\$35,696	\$ (27,014)	\$ 19,212	
2017	36,633	35,696	(27,014)	19,212	
2018	36,633	35,696	(27,014)	19,211	
2019	36,633	35,696	(27,014)	19,211	
2020	6,010	5,858	(27,013)	<u>19,211</u>	
Net Balance of Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources	<u>\$152,542</u>	<u>\$148,642</u>	<u>\$(135,069)</u>	<u>\$ 96,057</u>	

### Library:

	Difference Between							
Measurement Period Ending June 30,	Expected and Actual Experience	Projected and Actual Investment Earnings						
2016 2017	\$ 3,857 3,857	\$ 872 872						
2018 2019	3,857 3,857	872 872						
2020	633	<u>874</u>						
Net Balance of Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources	s <u>\$ 16,061</u>	<u>\$ 4,362</u>						

### NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

#### Additional Financial and Actuarial Information

Information contained in these Notes to the Schedule of Employer Allocations and the Schedule of Pension Amounts by Employer (Schedules) was extracted from the audited financial statements of the South Carolina Retirement Systems for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. Additional financial information supporting the preparation of the Schedules (including the unqualified audit opinion on the financial statements and required supplementary information) is located in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) containing financial statements and required supplementary information for SCRS and PORS. The CAFR of the Pension Trust Funds is publicly available on PEBA's Retirement Benefits' website at <a href="https://www.retirement.sc.gov">www.retirement.sc.gov</a>, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, PO Box 11960, Columbia, SC 29211-1960.

### NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS

#### Background

Beginning in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009, Clarendon County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) offered to retirees. This standard addresses how local governments should account for and report their costs related to postemployment health care and other non-pension benefits, such as the County's retiree health benefit subsidy. Historically, the County's subsidy was funded on a pay-as-you-go basis but GASB 45 requires that the County accrue the cost of the retiree health subsidy and other postemployment benefits during the period of employees' active employment, while the benefits are being earned, and disclose the unfunded actuarial accrued liability in order to accurately account for the total future cost of postemployment benefits and the financial impact on the County. This funding methodology mirrors the funding approach used for pension benefits.

### Plan Description

Other postemployment benefits provided by the County include a retiree health insurance premium contribution plan that covers retirees.

Some retirees, who are referred to as "non-funded retirees," are eligible for insurance but must pay the full premium, which includes the retiree share plus the employer contribution. These retirees worked in an insurance-eligible position prior to May 2, 2008, with an employer participating in the state insurance program and include:

 Employees who are eligible to retire and have at least five years, but fewer than 10 years, of earned SCRS service credit with a participating state insurance program employer.

### NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (continued)

### Plan Description (continued)

Former County Council members who served on Council for at least 12
years and were covered under the state's plan when they left the Council.
It is up to the County Council to decide whether to allow former members to
have this coverage.

Whether you are a funded or a non-funded retiree, the following types of service do not count toward your earned service credit requirement for insurance eligibility: non-qualified, federal, military, out-of-state employment, educational service, leave of absence, unused sick leave or service with employers that do not participate in the state insurance program.

Retirees under the retiree health plan prior to July 1, 2005 will be grandfathered into the system, with their (retiree) monthly premiums paid by the County. A retiree who has elected to cover their spouse and/or eligible dependent children will continue to be responsible for paying the entire cost of the dependent's monthly insurance premium as set by the State Employee Insurance Program.

All current retirees and all future retirees hired prior to May 2, 2008, are eligible for trust fund paid premiums as follows:

An employee must meet the following criteria to be eligible for retiree health insurance: The employees must have at least 10 years of earned SCRS service credit and must qualify for retirement under the South Carolina Retirement System guidelines.

- Employees who leave employment before they are eligible to retire and who have at least 20 years of earned SCRS service credit with an employer that participates in the state insurance program. These employees are not eligible for insurance coverage until age 60 when they are eligible to receive a retirement check. Employees who qualify under the Police Officers Retirement System (PORS) become eligible at age 55.
- Employees who left employment before 1990 and who were not eligible to retire, but who had 18 years of earned SCRS service credit and returned to work with a participating group, enrolled in a state health and dental plan, and worked for at least two consecutive years in a full-time, permanent position.

### NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (continued)

### Plan Description (continued)

Based on the state policy change, Clarendon County will follow the guidelines set by the state regarding retiree insurance. Employees who commence employment on or after May 2, 2008 and retire from the County are eligible for Plan coverage; they are eligible for trust fund paid premiums as follows:

- a) If the retiree's earned service credit in a state retirement system is five or more years, but fewer than fifteen years with a state-covered entity, then the retiree shall pay the full premium for the Plan. (There will be no employer contribution for individuals in this category, and they will be obligated to pay the entire premium.)
- b) If the retiree's earned service credit in a state retirement system is fifteen or more years, but fewer than twenty-five years with a state-covered entity, then the retiree is eligible for fifty percent County paid premiums and the retiree shall pay the remainder of the premiums cost. (Individuals in this category will receive an employer contribution equal to half of the "regular" State contribution, and will be obligated to pay the difference of the total premium and partial State contribution.)
- c) If the retiree's earned service credit in a state retirement system is twenty-five or more years with a state-covered entity, then the retiree is eligible for trust fund paid premiums, and the retiree is responsible for the retiree's share of the premium. The County pays 100 percent of the employer's share of the premium. (Individuals in this category will receive the full State contribution, as is the case at present for employer-funded retirees, and under current policy, will generally pay the same premium as do active employees.)

### **Funding Policy**

The County has elected not to pre-fund OPEB liabilities and to fund healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis.

### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The annual cost of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) under GASB 45 is called the annual required contribution or ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The current employer contribution rates for the County are 0 percent.

### NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (continued)

The County's annual OPEB cost and the net OPEB obligation is based on a 4.5% discount rate, including an inflation component of 3%, and amortizing the initial unfunded actuarial liability over 30 years based on a level percent of payroll method for 2016 is as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 1,171,679
Interest on net OPEB obligation	238,264
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(220,749)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	1,189,194
Contributions made	(422,941)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	766,253
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	5,294,757
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	<u>\$ 6,061,010</u>

### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The Projected Unit Credit, Level Percent of Payroll actuarial cost method has been used to calculate the GASB ARC for this valuation. Using the plan benefits, the present health premiums and a set of actuarial assumptions, the anticipated future payments are projected. The projected unit credit method then provides for a systematic funding for these anticipated payments. The yearly ARC is computed to cover the cost of benefits being earned by covered members as well as to amortize a portion of the unfunded accrued liability. If experience is in accordance with the assumptions used, the ARC will increase at approximately the same rate as active member payroll, and the ARC as a percentage of payroll will remain basically level on a year to year basis. This is both an accepted and reasonable cost method.

### NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (continued)

#### Trend Information:

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost	Employer Amount Contributed	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2014	\$ 1,228,330	\$ 370,410	30.2%	\$ 4,657,747
June 30, 2015	\$ 1,152,490	\$ 373,479	32.4%	\$ 5,294,757
June 30, 2016	\$ 1,189,194	\$ 422,941	35.6%	\$ 6,061,010

### **Funded Status and Funding Progress:**

As of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 0 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$11,751,540, and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$11,751,540. Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status and the annual required contributions of the County's retiree health care plan are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

#### Harvin Clarendon County Library

### Background

Beginning in fiscal year ended June 30, 2010, Harvin Clarendon County Library implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 45 for other post-employment benefits (OPEB) offered to retirees.

### Plan Description

Other postemployment benefits provided by the Library include a retiree health insurance premium contribution plan that covers retirees with the same benefits provided by the County as described above.

### **Funding Policy**

The Library has elected not to pre-fund OPEB liabilities and to fund healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

### NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (continued)

### Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Library has elected to calculate the annual required contribution of the Library (ARC) and related information using the Alternative Measurement Method permitted by GASB Statement No. 45 for employers in plans with fewer than one hundred total plan members. The Library's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 25 years.

The Library's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation were as follows:

### Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual OPEB Cost	Amount Contributed	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
June 30, 2014	\$ 33,800	\$ 6,040	17.9%	\$ 137,088
June 30, 2015	\$ 34,248	\$ 6,434	18.8%	\$ 171,336
June 30, 2016	\$ 63,932	\$18,333	28.7%	\$ 216,935

### **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

As of June 30, 2016, the plan assets were \$-0-, the actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$642,445, the total unfunded actuarial liability is \$642,445, and the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (funded ratio) is 0%. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$290,735, and the ratio of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to the covered payroll was 221%.

Annual required contribution	\$	63,210
Interest on net OPEB obligation		7,710
Adjustment to annual required contribution		(6,988)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)		63,932
Estimated contributions made		(18,333)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation		45,599
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year		<u>171,336</u>
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 2	216,935

### NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (continued)

### Methods and Assumptions

These are detailed in the Library's separate notes to the financial statements.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

#### NOTE 14 - FUND BALANCE REPORTING

The County and Library have classified their fund balances with the following hierarchy: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned according to GASB Statement 54.

The County fund balance as of June 30, 2016 was classified as follows:

Description	General Fund					Other Govern- mental	Total Governmental Funds	
Nonspendable:								
Inventory	\$ 65,937	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<b>\$</b> . 65 <b>,</b> 937	
Restricted:								
LOST Reserve	906,882	-	-	-	-	-	906,882	
Local drug interdiction	· <u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	280,140	280,140	
Solicitor's office	-	-	-	-	-	200,012	200,012	
Debt service	-	-	1,070,071	-	-	176,772	1,246,843	
911 Center improvements	-	-	-	-	-	1,050,813	1,050,813	
Committed:								
DSS bldg. project	-	1,717,034	-	-	_	-	1,717,034	
Assigned:								
Encumbrances	64,238	•	-	564,809	-	-	629,047	
Fire protection	-		-	750,921	-	-	750,921	
Local law enforcement	2,562	-	-	-	-	-	2,562	
Road improvements	•	-	-	•	3,281,590	-	3,281,590	
Vocational school appropriation	-	-	-	-	-	4,074	4,074	
Tourism related efforts	-	-	-	-		254,200	254,200	
Clerk of Court discretionary	6,651	-	-	-	-	-	6,651	
Local disaster relief efforts	-	-	-	-	*	22,324	22,324	
Unassigned:	<u>1,358,492</u>	<u>1,117,417</u>		**	<u> </u>		2,475,909	
Total fund balances	\$ 2,404,762	<u>\$ 2.834.451</u>	<u>\$1,070,071</u>	<u>\$ 1,315,730</u>	\$ 3,281,590	<u>\$ 1,988,335</u>	<u>\$12,894,939</u>	

### NOTE 14 - FUND BALANCE REPORTING (continued)

### **Discretely Presented Component Units:**

The fund balances as of June 30, 2016 was classified as follows:

Description	Harvin Clarendon County Library	Business Development Commission
Non-spendable Restricted Committed:	\$ 16,755 -	\$ - 1,312,919
Capital building fund Unassigned	95,000 <u>75,881</u>	<u>70,219</u>
Total fund balances	<u>\$ 187,636</u>	<u>\$ 1,383,138</u>

#### NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss and maintains elements of both self-insurance and purchased insurance policies divided into coverage for worker's compensation, property and casualty and employee health insurance. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses for the covered risks. The County also pays insurance premiums to certain other commercial insurers to cover risks that may occur in normal operations. The insurers promise to pay to or on behalf of the insured for covered economic losses sustained during the policy in accordance with insurance policy and benefit program limits. State funds accumulate assets and the State itself assumes substantially all risks for the following:

- 1) Claims of covered public employees for health and dental insurance benefits (Office of Insurance Services) and
- 2) Claims of covered public employees for long-term disability and group-life insurance benefits (Retirement System).

The County assumes the risk for unemployment compensation benefits by paying directly to the Employment Security Commission actual claims filed against the County.

Employees elect health coverage of either a health maintenance organization or through the State's self-insured plan. All other insurance coverages listed above are through the applicable State self-insured plan except dependent and optional life premiums which are remitted to commercial carriers.

The County has recorded insurance premium expenditures in the applicable functional expenditure categories of the unrestricted current funds. These expenditures do not include estimated claim losses and estimable premium adjustments.

### NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The County has not reported a supplemental premium assessment expenditure, and the related liability at June 30, 2016, because the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which state that a liability for supplemental assessments must be reported if information prior to issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred on or before June 30, 2016, and that the amount of the premium is reasonably estimable, have not been satisfied.

In management's opinion, supplemental premium assessments, if any, would not be significant enough to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

#### NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### Grants:

The County participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs and state funded grant programs. These programs are subject to financial compliance audits by the County's auditors and by auditors of the federal or state grantor agencies. Upon audit, should it be determined that the County has failed to comply with applicable requirements of the grants, then some or all of the grant expenditures may be disallowed and a portion of the grant expenditures may become reimbursable to the grantor.

#### **Construction Commitments:**

None

### NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In September, 2011, the County received a Letter of Conditions from the US Department of Agriculture for a \$4,000,000 expansion project of its water system. The project will be primarily financed through a \$1,481,000 RDA grant and an RDA loan of \$2,501,000, at 3.375% amortized over 40 years. The expansion project is pending final approval from the US Department of Agriculture prior to going out for bid in the beginning of calendar year 2017.

In August, 2016 the County issued General Obligation debt (Series 2016B) in the amount of \$151,275 to mature March 1, 2019. Proceeds will be used to make semi-annual payments for component unit, the Clarendon Facilities Corporation, on installment purchase revenue bonds for renovations and improvements to the county courthouse.

### NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (continued)

In October, 2016 the County issued two (2) Water System Improvement Revenue Bonds, the proceeds of which were used for the construction of an elevated water tank and accompanying well. Series 2016A in the amount of \$1,179,000 and Series 2016B in the amount of \$257,000 mature October, 2056 and carry an interest rate of 1.875%. Monthly principal and interest payments are \$4,266, combined.

In November, 2016, the County issued General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note (Series 2016C) in the amount of \$750,000 to mature November 10, 2017. This issuance represents the balance outstanding of General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note (Series 2015E) originally in the amount of \$1,750,000 which matured November 18, 2016; proceeds were used primarily for capital repairs and construction to county owned and maintained roads; as well as, expansion to Class II landfill and acquisition of various vehicles.

# CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE RETIREE HEALTH PLAN REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	(1)		(1) (2) (3)			(5)	(6)	
	Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (2)-(1)	Funded Ratio (1)/(2)	Annual Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((2)-(1))/(5))	
Clarendon County	6/30/2008 6/30/2010 6/30/2012 6/30/2014	\$ - \$ - \$ - \$ -	\$ 9,405,998 \$ 9,541,664 \$ 11,805,065 \$ 11,751,540	\$ 9,405,998 \$ 9,541,664 \$ 11,805,065 \$ 11,751,540	0.00% 0.00% 0.00% 0.00%	\$ 6,918,209 \$ 7,490,632 \$ 7,352,588 \$ 8,982,634	135.96% 127.38% 160.56% 130.83%	

The County implemented GASB 45 in Fiscal Year 2009; therefore, six years of data is not available, but will be accumulated over time. The valuation has been calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method, discount rates of 4.5%, and the initial unfunded actuarial liability is amortized over 30 years based on a level percent of payroll method. It should be noted that an actuarial cost method determines a contribution or expense by assigning portions of the present value of projected benefits to various years with the general goal of accruing the cost of benefits over the working lifetime of the employees.

### Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (SCRS) Last 10 Fiscal Years

County's proportion of the net pension	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
liability (asset)	0.050338%	0.051777%	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 9,546,844	\$ .8,914,283	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,719,753	\$ 4,700,195	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	. NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	202.27%	189.66%	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	57.00%	59.90%	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*

NA\* - Not Available

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

### Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (PORS) Last 10 Fiscal Years

County's proportion of the net pension	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
liability (asset)	0.344100%	0.343190%	NA*							
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 7,499,560	\$ 6,570,219	NA*							
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,262,881	\$ 4,127,257	NA*							
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	175.93%	159.19%	NA*							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	64.60%	67.50%	NA*							
3714 37										

NA\* - Not Available

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

### SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS (SCRS)

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Contractually required contribution	\$ 514,453 \$	498,271	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (514,453)	(498,271)	NA*	NA*	NA* :	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ - 5	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u> -		\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	<u> </u>	\$ -
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,719,753	\$ 4,700,195	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.90%	10.60%	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
NA* - Not Available										

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

### SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS (PORS)

Last 10 Fiscal Years

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Contractually required contribution	\$ 571,651 \$	530,004	NA*	. NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ (571,651)	(530,004)	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>s - s</u>	<u> -                                   </u>	) <u>-</u>	<u>s -</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u> -		<u>\$</u>	\$
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,262,881 \$	4,127,257	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	13.41%	12.84%	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
NA* - Not Available										

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

### COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

### NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Disaster Relief To account for restricted revenues received after flood of

October, 2015 for disaster relief efforts within the county.

Bureau of Tourism

Accommodations To account for the County's portion of accommodations taxes.

Hospitality Tax

To account for the County's collection of hospitality taxes.

Drug Enforcement and

Other Sheriff's Funds To account for restricted revenues received by the Sheriff.

Special Purpose District To account for ad valorem taxes collected to be used for

F. E. DuBose Career Center (vocational training)

E-911 To account for fees collected by telephone companies to be

used to provide emergency assistance through the nationwide

911 system.

Victims Advocate To account for state assessments and surcharges on fines to be

used for victim services.

Third Circuit Drug Court To account for restricted revenue for operation of drug court

**DEBT SERVICE FUNDS** 

Fire Protection To account for the accumulation of ad valorem taxes to pay the

principal, interest, and fiscal charges.

### CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Revenue									
	Disaster Relief A Fund		ToooA	ireau of ourism nmodation Fund	Н	ospitality Tax Fund	Tax Sheriff's		Special Purpose District	
ASSETS	•	dila							•	
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Delinquent taxes receivable	\$	22,324 - - -	\$	69,182 - - -	\$	158,107 28,710 - -	\$	317,874 - - -	\$	- - - 35,556
Total Assets	\$	22,324	\$	69,182	\$	186,817	\$	317,874	\$	35,556
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$		\$	1,799	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Due to other funds Total Liabilities		-		1,799		-		37,734 37,734		
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources				~		-		<u>-</u>		31,482 31,482
Fund Equity: Fund balances:										
Restricted Assigned		22,324		67,383	*	186,817		280,140 	<del></del>	4,074
Total Fund Equity		22,324		67,383	<del></del>	186,817		280,140		4,074
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity	\$	22,324	\$	69,182	\$	186,817	\$	317,874	_\$	35,556

### CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Special Revenue						Debt Service				
	E-911		Ad	ctims vocate Fund		hird Circuit Orug Court		Fire Protection		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds Delinquent taxes receivable	\$	1,019,253 34,205 - -	\$	352 - - - -	\$	200,207 - - -	\$	175,667 - - 9,229	\$	1,962,966 62,915 - 44,785	
Total Assets	\$	1,053,458	_\$	352	\$	200,207	_\$	184,896	\$	2,070,666	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Total Liabilities	\$	2,645 - 2,645	\$ 	352 - 352	\$	195 - 195	\$	- -	\$	4,991 37,734 42,725	
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		<del>-</del>		-		<del>-</del>		8,124 8,124		39,606 39,60 <u>6</u>	
Fund Equity: Fund balances: Restricted Assigned		1,050,813 		-		200,012		176,772		1,707,737 280,598	
Total Fund Equity	<b></b>	1,050,813				200,012		176,772		1,988,335	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity	<u>\$</u>	1,053,458	_\$	352	_\$	200,207	<u>\$</u>	184,896	\$	2,070,666	

## CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Special	Reve	nue
---------	------	-----

Relief Accommodation Tax Sheriff's	Special Purpose District 227,503 227,503
Taxes         \$         -         \$         297,710         \$         -         \$           Intergovernmental         -         126,044         -	' - - - -
Intergovernmental       -       126,044       -       -         Charges for services       -       -       -       -         Fines and forfeitures       -       -       -       232,416         Interest       -       36       127       88         Miscellaneous       22,324       -       -       -       -	' - - - -
Charges for services       -       -       -       -       -       -       232,416         Interest       -       36       127       88         Miscellaneous       22,324       - </td <td>227,503</td>	227,503
Fines and forfeitures       -       -       -       232,416         Interest       -       36       127       88         Miscellaneous       22,324       -       -       -       -       -	227,503
Interest - 36 127 88 Miscellaneous 22,324	227,503
	227,503
Total Revenues 22 324 126 080 297 837 232 504	227,503
120,000 201,001	
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
General government 112 -	227,601
Public safety         -         -         -         -         29,546           Culture/Recreation         -         138,632         -         -         -	-
Culture/Recreation - 138,632 Court related	-
Debt service:	•
Principal	-
Interest and fees	_
Capital outlay 91,497	-
Total Expenditures - 138,632 112 121,043	227,601
Excess of revenues over (under)	*
expenditures 22,324 (12,552) 297,725 111,461	(98)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Sale of Assets 44,400	-
Bond proceeds	· -
Transfers in (out) - (10,000) (321,554) -	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (10,000) (321,554) 44,400	
Net change in fund balances 22,324 (22,552) (23,829) 155,861	(98)
Fund balances at beginning of year - 89,935 210,646 124,279	4,172
Fund balances at end of year \$ 22,324 \$ 67,383 \$ 186,817 \$ 280,140 \$	4,074

## CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Special Revenue		Debt Service	<u>.</u>	
REVENUES	E-911	Victims Advocate Fund	Third Circuit Drug Court	Fire Protection	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 63,324	\$ 588,537	
Intergovernmental	218,023	24,000	250,000	Ψ 05,524	618,067	
Charges for services	143,631		200,000		143,631	
Fines and forfeitures	-	56,115	-	-	288,531	
Interest	4,318	•	137	517	5,223	
Miscellaneous	-	-	-		22,324	
Total Revenues	365,972	80,115	250,137	63,841	1,666,313	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	-	_	-	-	227,713	
Public safety	272,130	80,115	-		381,791	
Culture/Recreation	•	, <u>.</u>	-		138,632	
Court related	-	-	237,479	-	237,479	
Debt service:			,			
Principal	<b></b>		-	38,624	38,624	
Interest and fees	-	-	-	48,894	48,894	
Capital outlay	33,630		-	· -	125,127	
Total Expenditures	305,760	80,115	237,479	87,518	1,198,260	
Excess of revenues over (under)			_		4	
expenditures	60,212	-	12,658	(23,677)	468,053	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of Assets	-	-	-	-	44,400	
Bond proceeds	-	•	-	500,000	500,000	
Transfers in (out)	-		(5,000)	(472,424)	(808,978)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			(5,000)	27,576	(264,578)	
Net change in fund balances	60,212		7,658	3,899	203,475	
Fund balances at beginning of year	990,601		192,354	172,873	1,784,860	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,050,813	\$ -	\$ 200,012	\$ 176,772	\$ 1,988,335	

### CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual GAAP	Adjustments Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
· .	Original	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES							
Taxes .							
Real estate taxes	\$ 9,867,995	\$ 9,947,995	\$ 9,921,996	\$ -	\$ 9,921,996	\$ (25,999)	
Local option sales tax	2,400,000	2,400,000	2,615,234	-	2,615,234	215,234	
Vehicle taxes	1,383,327	1,583,327	1,602,262	-	1,602,262	18,935	
Delinquent taxes	1,630,000	1,630,000	1,421,336	•	1,421,336	(208,664)	
Local accommodations	200,000	200,000	211,074	-	211,074	11,074	
Payment in lieu of taxes	110,000	110,000	74,102	-	74,102	(35,898)	
Treasurer's cost to cities	20,000	20,000	31,909	-	31,909	11,909	
Payment in lieu - motor carrier	155,000	155,000	169,529	-	169,529	14,529	
Total taxes	15,766,322	16,046,322	16,047,442	-	16,047,442	1,120	
Licenses and permits							
Moving permits	2,500	2,500	2,425	-	2,425	(75)	
Building permits	110,000	110,000	87,457		87,457	(22,543)	
Total licenses and permits	112,500	112,500	89,882	-	89,882	(22,618)	
Charges for services							
Assessors fees	4,500	4,500	1,975	-	1,975	(2,525)	
Master in Equity fees	21,000	21,000	14,650	•	14,650	(6,350)	
Probate fees	65,000	65,000	53,964	-	53,964	(11,036)	
Planning and public service fees	7,500	7,500	6,600	-	6,600	· (900)	
ROD fees and charges	150,000	150,000	146,501	-	146,501	(3,499)	
Animal control fees	2,200	2,200	1,442	-	1,442	(758)	
Landfill fees	185,000	200,000	236,681	<b>.</b>	236,681	3 <del>6</del> ,681	
County road user fee	730,000	730,000	738,638	-	738,638	8,638	
Municipal inmate housing	20,000	20,000	24,970		24,970	4,970	
Total charges for services	1,185,200	1,200,200	1,225,421		1,225,421	25,221	
Fines and forfeitures							
Clerk of court fines and fees	127,000	127,000	143,209	-	143,209	16,209	
Magistrate fines and fees	330,000	330,000	330,731	-1	330,731	731	
Sheriff's fines and fees	2,000	2,000		-	-	(2,000)	
	459,000	459,000	473,940		473,940	14,940	
Investment income	2,000	2,000	2,367	-	2,367	367	
Miscellaneous							
Hangar rent	38,500	. 38,500	45,941	-	45,941	7,441	
Multi-County Industrial Park	75,000	75,000	65,566	-	65,566	(9,434)	
Miscellaneous revenue	195,050	195,050	186,721	-	186,721	(8,329)	
Recreation Programs	90,000	90,000	73,725	-	73,725	(16,275)	
Franchise fees	120,000	120,000	125,291	-	125,291	5,291	
Contributions	10,000	10,000	18,592		18,592	8,592	
	528,550	528,550	515,836		515,836	(12,714)	

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual GAAP	Adjustments Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Intergovernmental						
State		•				
Accommodations tax	31,500	31,500	31,406	-	31,406	(94)
Merchant's inventory tax	48,900	48,900	48,909	-	48,909	<b>`</b> 9
Solid waste tire fees	14.000	14,000	14,764	-	14,764	764
State aid and allocations	1,285,000	1,285,000	1,296,705	-	1,296,705	11,705
Election commission	69,500	69,500	28,015	-	28,015	(41,485)
Clerk/Sheriff/Probate Judge supplements	7,900	7,900	7,876	-	7,876	(24)
Ice Storm - 2014			56,980	-	56,980	56,980
Palmetto pride	-	-	2,233	-	2,233	2,233
EMS Grant in aid	-	-	7,858	-	7,858	7,858
EMS Trauma grant		-	11,344	-	11,344	11,344
Waste oil grant(s)	-	-	5,913	-	-5,913	5,913
Waste tire grant(s)	-	-	11,271	-	11,271	11,271
Economic Development grant(s)	-	-	191, <del>4</del> 67	-	191,467	191,467
Federal						
V-Safe	-	-	3,586	-	3,586	3,586
Veterans affairs	4,500	4,500	4,556	-	4,556	56
Title IV-D Clerk of Court	145,000	145,000	131,788	-	131,788	(13,212)
Title IV-D Sheriff	15,000	15,000	7,738	-	7,738	(7,262)
DSS - Revenue	. 35,000	35,000	28,241	-	28,241	(6,759)
Emergency management grants	-	-	65,968	-	65,968	65,968
FEMA Flood 2015	-	1,725,000	1,041,814	_	1,041,814	(683,186)
FEMA 2014 HMGP	_	-	54,234	-	54,234	54,234
FEMA Safer grants	-	-	72,588	-	72,588	72,588
FAA Fuel Farm	_	<u>-</u>	81,750	-	81,750	81,750
Airport improvement program	-	-	26,754	-	26,754	26,754
Justice Assistance grants			81,527		81,527	81,527
-	1,656,300	3,381,300	3,315,285	_	3,315,285	(66,015)
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 19,709,872	\$ 21,729,872	\$ 21,670,173	\$ -	\$ 21,670,173	\$ (59,699)

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Adjustments	Actual	Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis	Budget Basis	Budget Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable)	
General Government and Administration:							
Administration: Salaries and related	\$ 247,778	\$ 247,778	\$ 256,508	\$ -	\$ 256,508	\$ (8,730)	
Operations	18,800 266,578	18,800 266,578	<u>15,130</u> 271,638		15,130 271,638	(5,060)	
Courty Courth							
County Council: Salaries and related	112,152	112,152	111,659	-	111,659	493	
Operations	9,050	9,050	8,746	_	8,746	304	
	121,202	121,202	120,405		120,405	797	
Assessor:							
Salaries and related	472,816	472,816	458,564	-	458,564	14,252	
Operations	26,870 499,686	99,870 572,686	94,758 553,322		94,758 553,322	5,112 19,364	
	· — · — ·	<del></del> .	·				
Auditor: Salaries and related	197,358	197,358	192,943	_	192,943	4,415	
Operations	15,129	15,129	13,891	(1,073)	12,818	2,311	
	212,487	212,487	206,834	(1,073)	205,761	6,726	
Treasurer:							
Salaries and related	180,111	180,111	185,556	-	185,556	(5,445)	
Operations	11,688 191,799	11,688 191,799	12,453 198,009		12,453 198,009	(765)	
,	191,799_	191,799	190,009		190,009	(6,210)	
Finance:							
Salaries and related Operations	306,832 9,720	306,832 9,720	306,031 6,434	-	306,031 6,434	801 3,286	
0,000,000	316,552	316,552	312,465		312,465	4,087	
Human Resources:							
Salaries and related	166,804	166,804	166,250	_	166,250	554	
Operations	16,763	16,763	12,050		12,050	4,713	
	183,567	183,567	178,300		178,300	5,267	
Grants Administration							
Salaries and related	110,884	110,884	110,834	-	110,834	50	
Operations	6,750 117,634	6,750 117,634	6,002 116,836	-	6,002 116,836	748 798	
	<del></del>	•	<u> </u>				
Procurement Salaries and related	116,080	116,080	115,821	_	115,821	259	
Operations	6,924	6,924	6,645		6,645	279	
	123,004	123,004	122,466		122,466	538	
Tax Collector:							
Salaries and related	136,458	136,458	136,110	-	136,110	348	
Operations	77,920 214,378	77,920 214,378	83,306		83,306 219,416	(5,386)	
	214,370	214,376	219,416		215,410	(5,038)	
Voter Registration:	40.4.00	10.1.100	.==		477 444	0.070	
Salaries and related Operations	184,120 61,920	184,120 61,920	175,441 56,155	- 3,559	175,441 · 59,714	8,679 2,206	
	246,040	246,040	231,596	3,559	235,155	10,885	
Information Technology:							
Salaries and related	108,902	108,902	108,723	-	108,723	179	
Operations	312,396	312,396	265,738		265,738	46,658	
	421,298	421,298	374,461	·	374,461	46,837	
Veterans Affairs:							
Salaries and related	61,592	61,592	61,379	•	61,379	213	
Operations	5,370 66,962	5,370 66,962	6,843 68,222	<u>- : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - : - :</u>	6,843 68,222	(1,473)	
		,,,			,	\.,~~~/	

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual GAAP	Adjustments	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
•	Original	Final	Basis	Budget Basis	Budget Basis	(Unfavorable)	
Nondepartmental Expenditures:							
Special Projects	245,591	245,591	274,428	-	274,428	(28,837)	
Legal Assistance	22,500	22,500	32,152	-	32,152	(9,652)	
Rent - Judicial Annex	106,700	106,700	107,827	-	107,827	(1,127)	
Workmen's compensation	260,000	260,000	213,946	-	213,946	46,054	
Audit fee	35,000	35,000	36,167	-	36,167	(1, <b>1</b> 67)	
Unemployment	15,000	15,000	1,156	-	1,156	13,844	
Electricity	370,000	370,000	374,320	-	374,320	(4,320)	
Printing and postage	110,000	110,000	108,654		108,654	1,346	
Christmas bonus	37,950	37,950	34,467	-	34,467	3,483	
Property and liability insurance	285,000	285,000	290,518	-	290,518	(5,518)	
Drug screening	5,000	5,000	6,454	-	6,454	(1,454)	
Water	33,000	33,000	42,249	-	42,249	(9,249)	
Retirees' insurance	450,000	450,000	417,833	_	417,833	32,167	
Telephone	135,000	135,000	161,556	-	161,556	(26,556)	
Holiday compensation	68,000	68,000	53,138		53,138	14,862	
Retirement expense	1,500	1,500	1,697	_	1,697	(197)	
FICA expense	9,375	9,375	7.625	-	7,625	1,750	
Police retirement	7,300	7,300	5,227	_	5,227	2,073	
Bank fees and charges	15,000	15,000	31,985	_	31,985	(16,985)	
Dank 1000 and Onlargoo	2,211,916	2,211,916	2,201,399		2,201,399	10,517	
	2,211,010		2,231,000		2,201,000	10,017	
Grant Expense:							
Santee Cooper airport improvement	-	-	5,500	-	5,500	(5,500)	
FAA Fuel Farm	-	-	91,825	-	91,825	(91,825)	
Palmetto Pride	-	-	2,233	-	2,233	(2,233)	
SC Parks and Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	` -	
SC Aeronautics commission	_	-	-	-	-	_	
Emergency watershed	-	-	-	_	_	-	
Emergency management plan(s)	-	_	59,712	-	59,712	(59,712)	
EMS Grant in aid	-	-	8,310	-	8,310	(8,310)	
EMS Trauma grant	-	_	11,343	_	11,343	(11,343)	
Waste oil grant(s)	_	_	6,757	-	6,757	(6,757)	
Waste tire grant(s)	-	-	33,312	-	33,312	(33,312)	
Solid waste grant(s)	_	_	-	_	55,512	(00,012)	
SC Law Enforcement interoperability	_	_	_		_	_	
Central SC Alliance	_	_	_	_			
FEMA Safer grant	_	_	34,836	_	34,836	(34,836)	
V-Safe	_	_	7,172	_	7,172	(7,172)	
State election commission	_	_	7,172		7,172	(1,112)	
FEMA - October 2015 Flood	_	2,500,000	2,317,490		2,317,490	182,510	
FEMA HMPG	_	2,000,000	72,312	-		•	
Justice Assistance grant(s)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	93,895	-	72,312 93,895	(72,312)	
Economic Development grant(s)	-	-	193,722	-	93,895 193,722	(93,895) (403,733)	
		-	193,122	-	193,722	(193,722)	
USDA Facilities grant(s)		2,500,000	2,938,419		2,938,419	- (439 440)	
		2,000,000	۷,۵۵۵,4۱۵		2,530,418	(438,419)	
Total General Government							
and Administration	5,193,103	7,766,103	8,113,788	2,486	8,116,274	(350, 171)	
**	<del></del> .				-11	(,)	

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual GAAP	Adjustments Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Court Related:						
Clerk of Court:						
Salaries and related	172,574	172,574	171,740	-	171,740	834
Operations	39,125	39,125	40,147	-	40,147	(1,022)
·	211,699	211,699	211,887		211,887	(188)
			•			
Magistrates:						
Salaries and related	500,993	500,993	496,408	-	496,408	4,585
Operations	21,750 522.743	21,750 522,743	20,349 516,757	<del></del>	20,349 516,757	1,401 5,986
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	310,131		310,737	
Probate Judge:						
Salaries and related	144,096	144,096	140,979	-	140,979	3,117
Operations	9,167	9,167	16,971		16,971	(7,804)
	153,263	153,263	157,950		157,950	(4,687)
Family Court:	405.004	405.004	405.040		405.040	000
Salaries and related	135,934	135,934	135,246	•	135,246	688
Operations	6,700 142,634	6,700 142,634	7,833 143,079		7,833 143,079	(1,133)
	142,034	142,034	143,079		145,075	(443)
Register of Deeds:					•	
Salaries and related	82,925	82,925	84,293	_	84,293	(1,368)
Operations	22,435	22,435	22,617	-	22,617	(182)
·	105,360	105,360	106,910	_	106,910	(1,550)
Master in Equity:						
Salaries and related	29,020	29,020	28,619	-	28,619	401
Operations	10,020 39,040	<u>10,020</u> 39,040	9,535 38,154		9,535 38,154	<u>485</u> 886
	39,040	39,040	30, 134		30, 134	000
DSS Funds - Clerk of Court:						
Salaries and related	108,766	108,766	106,535		106,535	2,231
Operations	12,000	12,000	14,041		14,041	(2,041)
	120,766	120,766	120,576		120,576	190
Circuit Court Judges:	0.400					4.000
Allowance	8,160	8,160	6,292		6,292	1,868
Solicitor: Allowance	158,813	158,813	158,813		158,813	
Public Defender:	130,013	100,010	130,013	<del></del>	130,013	
Allowance	75,000	75,000	75,000	-	75,000	-
	241,973	241,973	240,105		240,105	1,868
					<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Total Court Related	1,537,478_	1,537,478	1,535,418	<u> </u>	1,535,418	2,060
Dublic Cofetu						
Public Safety: Sheriff:						
Salaries and related	2,536,240	2,536,240	2,623,975	_	2,623,975	(87,735)
Operations	833,831	833,831	783,517	(19,015)	764,502	69,329
o portations	3,370,071	3,370,071	3,407,492	(19,015)	3,388,477	(18,406)
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Courthouse Security:						
Salaries and related	-	135,149	131,260	-	131,260	3,889
Operations	<u> </u>	29,851	22,388		22,388	7,463
		165,000	153,648		153,648	11,352
Emergency Preparedness:						
Salaries and related	76,807	76,807	71,252	_	71,252	5,555
Operations	11,135	11,135	9,754	- -	9,754	1,381
	87,942	87,942	81,006		81,006	6,936
	· · ·	· -			•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Correctional Center:						
Salaries and related	1,650,536	1,650,536	1,581,934	-	1,581,934	68,602
Operations	427,499	449,499	386,922	(818)	386,104	63,395
	2,078,035	2,100,035	1,968,856	(818)	1,968,038	131,997

### CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual GAAP	Adjustments Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Coroner:						
Salaries and related	49,592	49,592	49,593	_	49,593	. (1)
Operations	82,900	82,900	110,208		110,208	(27,308)
	132,492	132,492	159,801	<u> </u>	159,801	(27,309)
Communications:	e e					
Salaries and related	783,393	783,393	746,718	_	746,718	36,675
Operations	5,100	5,100	6,062	-	6,062	(962)
·	788,493	788,493	752,780		752,780	35,713
EMS:		ŕ				
Contract	787,897	787,897	787,897		787,897	
Activist Octob						
Animal Control: Salaries and related	56,495	56,495	55,240	_	55,240	1,255
Operations	166,000	166,000	167,007	_	167,007	(1,007)
Operations	222,495	222,495	222,247		222,247	248
Total Public Safety	7,467,425	7,654,425	7,533,727	(19,833)	7,513,894	140,531
Physical Environment:	*					
Facilities Management: Salaries and related	382,868	382,868	382,504		382,504	364
Operations	187,126	187,126	222,617	3,026	225,643	(38,517)
Operations	569,994	569,994	605,121	3,026	608,147	(38,153)
1 45ll						
Landfill: Salaries and related	172,105	172,105	165,531	_	165,531	6,574
Operations	1,570,600	1,570,600	1,742,503	(85,305)	1,657,198	(86,598)
operations.	1,742,705	1,742,705	1,908,034	(85,305)	1,822,729	(80,024)
County Engineer						
County Engineer: Salaries and related	101,704	101,704	101,014	_	101,014	690
Operations	3,650	3,650	2,832	-	2,832	818
Operations	105,354	105,354	103,846		103,846	1,508
Dulette Mandan						
Public Works: Salaries and related	614,669	614,669	646,047	_	646,047	(31,378)
Operations	328,000	328,000	319,260	-	319,260	8,740
opolations.	942,669	942,669	965,307		965,307	(22,638)
Total Physical Environment	3,360,722	3,360,722	3,582,308	(82,279)	3,500,029	(139,307)
			-,,	<u> </u>	-,,	
Economic Environment:	-					
Planning and Public Service Commission:	4.4					
Salaries and related	291,036	291,036	288,840	-	288,840	2,196
Operations	29,675	29,675	33,056	(19,536)	13,520	16,155
	320,711	320,711	321,896	(19,536)	302,360	18,351
Development Board:						
Salaries and related	174,356	174,356	172,938	-	172,938	1,418
Operations	165,450	165,450	132,076	-	132,076	33,374
	339,806	339,806	305,014		305,014	34,792
Total Economic Environment	660,517	660,517	626,910	(19,536)	607,374	53,143
Total Economic Elitatoring			020,010	(10,000)	551,017	

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual GAAP	Adjustments	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Basis	Budget Basis	Budget Basis	(Unfavorable)
Towns autotion.						
Transportation: Fleet Maintenance:						
Salaries and related	175,187	175,187	176,6 <b>33</b>		176,633	(1,446)
Operations	10,450	10,450	8,183	-	8,183	2,267
Operations	185,637	185,637	184,816		184,816	821
Airport Commission:	00.445	00.445	0,,,,0		04.440	4.000
Operations	29,445	29,445	24,446		24,446	4,999
	29,445	29,445	24,446	·	24,446	4,999
Total Transportation	215,082	215,082	209,262		209,262	5,820
•						
Recreation and Culture:						
Recreation:						•
Salaries and related	296,247	296,247	293,687	-	293,687	2,560
Operations	166,400	166,400	173,815	8,067	181,882	(15,482)
	462,647	462,647	467,502	8,067	475,569	(12,922)
County Archives:						
Salaries and related	54,768	54,768	53,450	-	53,450	1,318
Operations	5,488	5,488	8,614	_	8,614	(3,126)
- p	60,256	60,256	62,064		62,064	(1,808)
Total Recreation and Culture	522,903	522,903	529,566	8,067	537,633	(14,730)
Miscellaneous:						
Agencies:	04.000	0,,000	0,,000		0	
Santee-Lynches Council of Government	24,690	24,690	24,690	-	24,690	•
Clarendon Soil and Water Conservation	28,000	28,000	28,000	•	28,000	•
Clemson Extension	33,750	33,750	33,750	-	33,750	-
SC Association of Counties	8,672	8,672	8,672	-	8,672	•
Delegation allowance	14,000	14,000	14,000	-	14,000	-
Behavioral Services	17,500	17,500	17,500	-	17,500	-
Clarendon County Library	540,000	540,000	540,000	-	540,000	-
Clarendon Historical Society	10,000	10,000	10,000	-	10,000	-
Indigent care	51,957	51,957	51,957	-	51,957	-
County Board of Education	11,073	11,073	11,073	•	11,073	-
County Adult Education	28,000	28,000	28,000		28,000	-
Central Carolina Technical College	75,000 842,642	75,000 842,642	75,000 842,642	<del></del>	75,000 842,642	
Total Miscellaneous	842,642	842,642	842,642		842,642	
Total Expenditures	\$19,799,872	\$ 22,559,872	\$22,973,621	\$ (111,095)	\$ 22,862,526	\$ (302,654)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Sale of Assets	\$ 25,000	\$ 50,000	\$ 76,214	\$ -	\$ 76,214	\$ 26,214
Transfers In (Out)	(35,000)	25,000	\$ 59,831		· 59,831	34,831
	\$ (10,000)	\$ 75,000	\$ 136,045	\$ -	\$ 136,045	\$ 61,045

### FIDUCIARY FUND

**AGENCY FUNDS** 

To account for assets held soley in a custodial capacity by the County.

	School Districts ebt Service		School Districts perations	lospital bt Service		robate Judge	ster-In quity	Muni	cipalities
ASSETS		•							
Cash Delinquent taxes receivable Due from credit card	\$ 1,887,900 158,776 -	\$	- 1,723,974 -	\$ 514,398 161,660 -	\$	480 - -	\$ - - -	\$	. <del>-</del> . <del>-</del>
Due from other magistrates Total assets	\$ 2,046,676	\$	1,723,974	\$ 676,058	\$	480	\$ 	\$	-
LIABILITIES									•
Due to trust fund holders Due to Treasurer Due to Treasurer - cash overage (shortage)	\$ 2,046,676	\$	1,723,974 - -	\$ 676,058 - -	<b>\$</b>	480 - -	\$ -	\$	(517) - -
Due to general fund Due to others	-		-	-		-	-		·517 -
Due to other magistrates Total liabilities	\$ 2,046,676	\$	1,723,974	\$ 676,058	\$	480	\$ -	\$	

	Magistrates						Clerk			
		eneral ccount	A	Civil ccount		Part- Time	of Court	С	Tax ollector	Total
ASSETS	•									
Cash Delinquent taxes receivable Due from credit card Due from other magistrates Total assets	\$	82,610 - 1,046 - 122 83,778	\$	11,055 - - - 11,055	\$	122 - - 122	\$ 552,782 - - - - 552,782	\$	865,770 - - - 865,770	\$ 3,915,117 2,044,410 1,046 122 5,960,695
LIABILITIES						,				
Due to trust fund holders Due to Treasurer Due to Treasurer - cash overage	\$	16,496 67,062	\$	4,550 6,505	\$	-	\$ 505,802 32,457	\$	865,734 36	\$ 5,839,253 106,060
(shortage)  Due to general fund  Due to others  Due to other magistrates		220 - - -		- - -		- - - 122	12,298 - 2,225 -		- - -	12,518 517 2,225 122_
Total liabilities	\$	83,778	\$	11,055	\$	122	\$ 552,782	\$	865,770	\$ 5,960,695

	Balance July 1, 2015 Additions		Deductions	Balance June 30, 2016
Municipalities				
Assets Due from General Fund Total Assets	\$ · 80	\$ 1,822,124	\$ 1,822,204	\$ -
	\$ 80	\$ 1,822,124	\$ 1,822,204	\$ -
Liabilities Due to trust fund holders Due to general fund Total Liabilities	\$ 80	\$ 1,699,132	\$ 1,699,729	\$ (517)
	-	517	-	517
	\$ 80	\$ 1,699,649	\$ 1,699,729	\$ -
School Districts Debt Service				
Assets Cash and investments Due from General Fund Delinquent taxes receivable Total Assets	\$ 2,180,415	\$10,610,709	\$10,903,224	\$ 1,887,900
	69	1,716,349	1,716,418	-
	162,238	-	3,462	158,776
	\$ 2,342,722	\$12,327,058	\$12,623,104	\$ 2,046,676
Liabilities Due to trust fund holders Total Liabilities  School District Operations	\$ 2,342,722 \$ 2,342,722	\$ 9,220,330	\$ 9,516,376 \$ 9,516,376	\$ 2,046,676 \$ 2,046,676
Assets Delinquent taxes receivable Due from General Fund Total Assets	\$ 1,731,114	\$ -	\$ 7,140	\$ 1,723,974
	33,766	10,731,649	10,765,415	-
	\$ 1,764,880	\$10,731,649	\$10,772,555	\$ 1,723,974
Liabilities Due to trust fund holders Total Liabilities	\$ 1,764,880	\$45,112,708	\$45,153,614	\$ 1,723,974
	\$ 1,764,880	\$45,112,708	\$45,153,614	\$ 1,723,974

		Balance July 1, 2015	Additions		Deductions			Balance June 30, 2016
Hospital Debt Service						٠		
Assets								
Cash and investments  Due from General Fund	\$	659,110 68	\$	1,933,151 1,467,118	\$	2,077,863 1,467,186	\$	514,398 -
Delinquent taxes receivable		172,989		47,971		59,300		161,660
Total Assets	\$	832,167	\$	3,448,240	\$	3,604,349	\$	676,058
Liabilities								
Due to trust fund holders	_\$	832,167		1,383,775		1,539,884	\$	676,058
Total Liabilities	\$	832,167	\$	1,383,775	\$	1,539,884	\$	676,058
Probate Judge				•				
Assets								
Cash	\$	3,309	\$	60,855	\$	63,684	\$	480
Due from trust fund holders	-	491	•	60.055	\$	491 64,175	\$	480
Total Assets	\$	3,800	\$	60,855	<u> </u>	04,175	<u> </u>	400
Liabilities								
Due to Treasurer	_	3,420	\$	-	_	3,420	\$	-
Due to trust fund holders	\$	380		100	\$	2 400		480
Total Liabilities	\$	3,800	\$	100	\$	3,420	\$	480
Master In Equity								
Assets								
Cash	\$	2,450	\$	33,025	\$	35,475	\$	-
Total Assets	\$	2,450	\$	33,025	\$	35,475	\$	
Liabilities								
Due to Treasurer	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to trust fund holders		2,450	_		_	2,450	-	<del></del>
Total Liabilities	\$	2,450	<u>\$</u>	_	\$	2,450	\$	-

	Balance July 1, 2015		A	dditions	De	eductions		alance une 30, 2016
Magistrate: General Account								
Assets Cash Due from credit card Due from other magistrates Total Assets	\$	82,497 2,654 138 85,289	\$	744,902 1,046 . 152 746,100	\$	744,789 2,654 168 747,611	\$	82,610 1,046 122 83,778
Liabilities Due to Treasurer Due to trust fund holders Due to Treasurer - cash overage/(shortage) Total Liabilities	\$	61,976 23,816 (503) 85,289	\$ 	67,062 16,496 723 84,281	\$	61,976 23,816 - 85,792	\$	67,062 16,496 220 83,778
Magistrate: Civil Account								
Assets Cash Total Assets	\$ \$	6,900 6,900	<u>\$</u> \$	80,961 80,961	\$	76,806 76,806	\$	11,055 11,055
Liabilities Due to Treasurer Due to trust fund holders Total Liabilities	\$	6,900  6,900	\$ _\$_	6,505 4,550 11,055	\$	6,900 - 6,900	\$ 	6,505 4,550 11,055
Magistrate: Part-time								
Assets Cash Total Assets	\$	138 138	\$		\$ \$	16 16	\$ \$	122 122
Liabilities Due to other magistrates Total Liabilities	\$	138 138	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	16 16	\$ \$	122 122

	Balance July 1, 2015 Additions		Deductions	Balance June 30, 2016
Clerk of Court				
Assets Cash Total Assets	\$ 542,862	\$ 9,920	\$ -	\$ 552,782
	\$ 542,862	\$ 9,920	\$ -	\$ 552,782
Liabilities  Due to Treasurer  Due to trust fund holders  Due to others  Due to Treasurer - cash overage/(shortage)  Total Liabilities	\$ 27,552	\$ 4,905	\$ -	\$ 32,457
	504,134	1,668	-	505,802
	-	2,225	-	2,225
	11,176	1,122	-	12,298
	\$ 542,862	\$ 9,920	\$ -	\$ 552,782
Tax Collector			•	
Assets Cash Total Assets	\$ 1,051,046	\$ -	\$ 185,276	\$ 865,770
	\$ 1,051,046	\$ -	\$ 185,276	\$ 865,770
Liabilities Due to Treasurer Due to trust fund holders Total Liabilities	\$ -	\$ 36	\$ -	\$ 36
	1,051,046	-	185,312	865,734
	\$ 1,051,046	\$ 36	\$ 185,312	\$ 865,770
Total All Agency Funds				
Assets Cash and Investments Delinquent taxes receivable Due from trust fund holders Due from credit card Due from General Fund Due from other magistrates Total Assets	\$ 4,528,727	\$13,473,523	\$14,087,133	\$ 3,915,117
	2,066,341	47,971	69,902	2,044,410
	-	-	-	-
	2,654	1,046	2,654	1,046
	33,983	15,737,240	15,771,223	-
	138	152	168	122
	\$ 6,631,843	\$29,259,932	\$29,931,080	\$ 5,960,695
Liabilities Due to Treasurer Due to Treasurer - cash overage/(shortage) Due to trust fund holders Due to others Due to general fund Due to other magistrates Total Liabilities	\$ 99,848	\$ 78,508	\$ 72,296	\$ 106,060
	10,673	1,845	-	12,518
	6,521,675	57,438,759	58,121,181	5,839,253
	-	2,225	-	2,225
	-	517	-	517
	138	-	16	122
	\$ 6,632,334	\$57,521,854	\$58,193,493	\$ 5,960,695

## CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINES, ASSESSMENTS, AND SURCHARGES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - VICTIMS RIGHTS FUND JUNE 30, 2016

	Clerk of Court		Ma	Magistrates		Total
Court Fines						
Court fines collected Court fines retained by County	\$	11,590 6,355	\$	347,447 329,662	<b>\$</b> .	359,037 336,017
Court fines remitted to State Treasurer	\$	5,235	\$	17,785	\$	23,020
Court Assessments						
Court assessments collected Court assessments retained by County	\$	8,331 2,668	* *	297,711 31,004	\$	306,042 33,672
Court assessments remitted to State Treasurer	\$	5,663	\$	266,707	\$	272,370
Court Surcharges						
Court surcharges collected Court surcharges retained by County	\$	16,075 8,613	\$	162,088 13,830	\$	178,163 22,443
Court assessments remitted to State Treasurer	\$	7,462	\$	148,258	\$	. 155,720
Victims Services						
Court assessments allocated to Victim Services Court surcharges allocated to Victim Services	\$	2,668 8,613	<b>\$</b> ′	31,004 13,830	\$	33,672 22,443
Funds allocated to Victim Services	\$	11,281	\$	44,834		56,115
Interest Income Contributions received from Victim Assistance con Town of Summerton Town of Turbeville	tracts:					12,000 12,000
Total Funds Allocated to Victim's Assistance						80,115
Expenditures for victim assistance program Salaries and benefits Carryforward Funds End of Year					\$	(80,115)

### CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN JUNE 30, 2016

Real and Other Personal Property Assessed Value	\$	77,022,020
Vehicles Assessed Value Public Utilities and Railroads Fee-in-Lieu-of Taxes Other Business Personal Property Manufacturer's Assessed Value Merchants Inventory Value		12,699,009 7,826,753 4,806,836 353,440 2,035,763 688,290
Total Taxable Assessed Value		105,432,111
Debt Limit - Eight Percent (8%) of Total Taxable Assessed Value		8,434,569
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit:		5,714,658
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN	.\$	2,719,911



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Clarendon County Council Manning, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clarendon County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Clarendon County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2017.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Clarendon County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Clarendon County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Clarendon County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (continued)

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Clarendon County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Nutheard Co. LLP
Orangeburg, South Carolina
January 16, 2017



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### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Members of the Clarendon County Council Manning, South Carolina

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Clarendon County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Clarendon County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Clarendon County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Clarendon County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Clarendon County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Clarendon County's compliance.

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE (continued)

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Clarendon County, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Clarendon County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Clarendon County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Clarendon County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

McDregor & CO. LLP Orangeburg, South Carolina

January 16, 2017

#### CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Grantor	Grantor Number	Federal CFDA Number	Award Amount	Total Awards Expended
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:  Through SC Department of Public Safety: Criminal Domestic Violence Investigator Magistrate Records Mgmt Justice Assistance LiveScan Ballistic Vests 2015	1G14029 2010-DJ-BX-0088 1G13035 N/A	16.738 16.738 16.738 16.803	\$ 49,137 6,785 33,300 7,046	\$ 49,137 5,046 27,344 3,586
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Through SC Emergency Management Division: FEMA - Flood 2015 FEMA - HMGP LEMPG 2014 Supplemental Local Emergency Mgmt. Planning 2015 Local SAFER Assistance Local SAFER Assistance	FEMA 4241-PA-SC FEMA 4166-DR-SC-37 14EMPG01 15EMPG01 EMW-2011-FF-00690 EMW-2012-FF-00457	97.036 97.039 97.042 97.042 97.083 97.083	1,041,814 67,320 9,614 58,368 165,312 478,000	1,041,814 54,234 7,895 58,074 37,602 34,986
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION Federal Aviation Administration FAA Fuel Farm	3-45-0038-009-2014	20.106	297,473	81,750
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE Rural Utilities Service Direct Loan: Water/Waste Disposal - Rural Communities  Rural Utilities Service Grants: Phase IB Water Project Phase IC Water Project	11160-0014 11160-0014 R-14-1038	10.760 10.760 10.760	1,436,000 821,000 469,396	1,436,000 538,378 469,396
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES: Through Department of Social Services: Office of Child Support Enforcement: Filing Fees Federal Financial Assistance Clerk of Court Incentive (IV-D) Family Court Sheriff's Department	G-04SC404 G-04SC404 G-04SC404 G-04SC404 G-04SC404	93.563 93.563 93.563 93.563 93.563	100,000	18,300 28,241 28,628 103,159 7,739
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE				\$ 4,031,309

# CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE A- BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Clarendon County and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

## CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### A. Summary of Audit Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Clarendon County.
- 2. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements and is reported in the *Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Clarendon County, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over major federal awards programs for Clarendon County were disclosed during the audit and are reported in the *Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance With the Uniform Guidance*.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Clarendon County expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a) are reported in this Schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included:

- FEMA -- Flood 2015

- RUS - Loan/Grants

CFDA #97.036

CFDA#10.760

- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Clarendon County was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

## CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	•	
l.	Financial Statement Findings	

II. Major Federal Award Programs Findings

None.

None.

## CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

I. Financial Statement Findings

None.

II. Major Federal Award Programs Findings

None.

### CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA STATISTICAL SECTION

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the annual financial report. The objective of the statistical section information is to provide financial statement users with additional detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the basic financial statements, notes to the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and other supplementary data says about the County's overall financial health.

#### Five Year Summary of the General Fund

The following is a summary of the General Fund revenues and expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 through 2016 (audited) and the budget for fiscal year 2017.

(000's omitted)	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017 Budget
REVENUES			,			
Taxes	\$ 13,473	\$ 13,817 <sup>-</sup>	\$ 14,499	\$ 15,244	\$ 16,047	\$ 16,334
Licenses and permits	88	96	105	100	90	102
Intergovernmental	1,973	2,373	3,559	2,877	3,315	1,679
Charges for service	1,210	1,161	1,138	1,219	1,226	1,499
Fine and forfeitures	544	449	448	456	474	438
Investment income	5	2	2	. 5	2	5
Miscellaneous	687	<u>458</u>	527	<u> 551</u>	<u>516</u>	<u> 543</u>
Total revenue	<u> 17,980</u>	<u> 18,356</u>	20,278	20,452	21,670	20,600
EXPENDITURES						
General government	4,910	5,097	6,291	5,488	8,114	5,340
Public safety ,	6,707	6,794	6,881	6,854	7,534	7,763
Physical environment	2,947	3,082	3,271	3,453	3,582	3,726
Transportation	189	219	199	454	209	221
Economic environment	714	726	632	617	627	651
Agencies	1,006	1,023	906	899	843	931
Culture and recreation	453	488	503	530	529	521
Court related	1,389	<u>1,516</u>	<u>1,529</u>	<u>1,586</u>	<u>1,535</u>	1,597
Total expenditures	<u> 18,315</u>	<u> 18,945</u>	20,212	<u>19,881</u>	22,973	20,750
Excess of revenues over/(under)						
expenditures	(335)	(589)	66	571	(1,303)	(150)
OTHER SOURCES (USES)			_			
Sale of assets	101	192	2	49	76	25
Transfers	(264)	(18)	(29)	<u>(9)</u>	60	25
Net other financing sources	(163)	<u> 174</u>	(27)	40	136	50
Net change in fund balance	(498)	. (415)	39	<u>611</u>	(1,167)	(100)
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,835	3,337	2,922	2,961	3,572	2,405
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ 3.337</u>	<u>\$ 2.922</u>	<u>\$ 2,961</u>	<u>\$ 3.572</u>	<u>\$ 2,405</u>	<u>\$2,305</u>
Ending fund balance as % of total expenditures	18.2%	15.4%	.14.6%	18.0%	10.5%	11.1%

### CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA STATISTICAL SECTION

#### Assessed Values of the County

The assessed value of all taxable property in the County for the last ten (10) years for which data is available is set forth below:

d)						
Real			Manu-		Fee-in-Lieu	Total Taxable
<u>Property</u>	<u>Personal</u>	SCTC	<u>facturing</u>	<u>Vehicles</u>	<u>Taxes</u>	Property*
53,271	1,414	8,073	1,827	11,166	1,488	77,239
56,282	1,575	7,953	1,492	11,284	1,362	79,948
65,487	1,623	8,298	1,416	10,228	987	88,039
69,143	1,635	9,004	1,530	9,485	578	91,375
69,747	1,308	9,197	1,812	8,047	768	90,879
73,678	1,399	9,249	870	9,557	458	95,211
73,084	1,312	9,395	1,132	10,260	3,866	99,049
74,211	1,259	9,274	1,119	11,276	4,129	101,268
75,097	1,325	9,920	712	11,542	4,305	102,901
75,725	1,297	9,863	353	12,699	4,806	104,743
	Real <u>Property</u> 53,271 56,282 65,487 69,143 69,747 73,678 73,084 74,211 75,097	Real     Personal       53,271     1,414       56,282     1,575       65,487     1,623       69,143     1,635       69,747     1,308       73,678     1,399       73,084     1,312       74,211     1,259       75,097     1,325	Real         Personal         SCTC           53,271         1,414         8,073           56,282         1,575         7,953           65,487         1,623         8,298           69,143         1,635         9,004           69,747         1,308         9,197           73,678         1,399         9,249           73,084         1,312         9,395           74,211         1,259         9,274           75,097         1,325         9,920	Real         Manu-           Property         Personal         SCTC         facturing           53,271         1,414         8,073         1,827           56,282         1,575         7,953         1,492           65,487         1,623         8,298         1,416           69,143         1,635         9,004         1,530           69,747         1,308         9,197         1,812           73,678         1,399         9,249         870           73,084         1,312         9,395         1,132           74,211         1,259         9,274         1,119           75,097         1,325         9,920         712	Real         Manu-           Property         Personal         SCTC         facturing         Vehicles           53,271         1,414         8,073         1,827         11,166           56,282         1,575         7,953         1,492         11,284           65,487         1,623         8,298         1,416         10,228           69,143         1,635         9,004         1,530         9,485           69,747         1,308         9,197         1,812         8,047           73,678         1,399         9,249         870         9,557           73,084         1,312         9,395         1,132         10,260           74,211         1,259         9,274         1,119         11,276           75,097         1,325         9,920         712         11,542	Real         Manu-         Fee-in-Lieu           Property         Personal         SCTC         facturing         Vehicles         Taxes           53,271         1,414         8,073         1,827         11,166         1,488           56,282         1,575         7,953         1,492         11,284         1,362           65,487         1,623         8,298         1,416         10,228         987           69,143         1,635         9,004         1,530         9,485         578           69,747         1,308         9,197         1,812         8,047         768           73,678         1,399         9,249         870         9,557         458           73,084         1,312         9,395         1,132         10,260         3,866           74,211         1,259         9,274         1,119         11,276         4,129           75,097         1,325         9,920         712         11,542         4,305

Source: Clarendon County Auditor

Note that the assessed values are established by the County Assessor and the South Carolina Department of Revenue at various rates between 4 and 10.5 percent of the estimated market value.

#### **Largest Taxpayers**

The ten (10) largest taxpayers in the County, the total amount of County taxes paid with ranking and percentage of total assessed value of the taxable property of each for the fiscal year 2016 (tax year 2015) and the prior year are reflected below:

(000's omitted)	Fiscal Year 2016 (Tax Year 2015)					
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total			of Total
	Total		Taxable			Taxable
	Taxes		Assessed	Total		Assessed
<u>Taxpayer</u>	Paid	Rank *	<u>Value</u>	Taxes Paid	Rank *	<u>Value</u>
Georgia Pacific Clarendon LP	. \$ 875	_ 1	3.25%	\$ 875	1	3.31%
Santee Electric Co-op, Inc.	854	2	2.30%	813	2	2.26%
Duke Energy Progress, Inc.	744	3	1.76%	690	3	1.68%
Black River Electric Co-op	269	4	0.75%	262	4	0.76%
FTC Communications	237	5	0.59%	248	5	0.63%
Wal-Mart Real Estate	233	6	0.52%	231	6	0.53%
CSX Transport	195	7	0.56%	191	7	0.56%
Central Electric Power Co-op, Inc.	· 170	8	0.43%	178	8	0.47%
FTC Diversified Services, Inc.	119	9	0.25%	-	-	·-
ACM Investment Co., LLC	101	10	0.30%	98	9	0.30%
Suri Industries		-		<u>67</u>	10	<u>0.27%</u>
Totals	<u>\$ 3,797</u>		<u>10.71%</u>	<u>\$ 3,653</u>		<u>10.77%</u>

Source: Clarendon County Treasurer

<sup>\*</sup> The assessed value of Merchant's Inventory (\$688,290) is not included in this table

<sup>\*</sup>Ranking based on total taxes paid and not taxable assessed value

### CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA STATISTICAL SECTION

#### Tax Collection Record

The following table shows all of the County's property taxes levied for governmental services as of June 30 of the year following the year in which the levy was made, and the amount of delinquent taxes collected for the fiscal years shown. Delinquent taxes include taxes levied in prior years but collected in the year shown.

Dudastad

#### (000's omitted)

		Rudgeted				
Fiscal Year	Budgeted	Delinquent	Budgeted	Current	Delinquent	
Ended	Tax	Tax	Total	Tax	Tax	Total Tax
<u>June 30th</u>	<u>Collections</u>	<u>Collections</u>	<u>Collections</u>	<u>Collections</u>	Collections	Collections
2009	\$ 11,221	\$ 980	\$ 12,201	\$ 10,899	\$ 1,671	\$ 12,570
2010	12,162	1,055	13,217	12,356	1,521	13,877
2011	12,929	1,330	14,259	12,086	1,717	13,803
2012	12,735	1,399	14,134	11,761	1,743	13,504
2013	13,049	` 1,540	14,589	12,494	1,601	14,095
2014	13,238	1,300	14,538	13,209	1,667	14,876
2015	13,814	1,640	15,454	14,476	1,686	16,162
2016	14,951	1,860	16,811	14,989	. 1,713	16,702

#### **Hospitality Fee Collections**

The following table shows the County's collection of its Hospitality fee levied on prepared foods and beverages for the last five fiscal years.

	<u> 2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u> 2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
July	\$ 22,326	\$ 23,088	\$ 25,312	\$ 18,928	\$ 27,412
August	20,884	22,192	20,781	27,812	28,660
September	20,143	25,044	30,687	27,815	25,430
October	19,169	18,876	27,162	20,200	23,338
November	17,421	19,241	21,481	16,447	19,508
December	20,923	22,203	23,175	34,205	7,612
January	22,306	22,813	22,128	26,609	29,685
February	28,259	24,440	25,594	27,791	34,647
March	27,861	24,643	27,096	26,089	25,261
April	22,618	20,006	23,850	28,919	23,014
May	22,785	21,502	25,696	24,902	26,957
June	23,224	21,663	28,040	<u>31,487</u>	<u>26,186</u>
Total	\$ 267,919	<u>\$ 265,711</u>	<u>\$ 301,002</u>	<u>\$ 311,204</u>	<u>\$ 297,710</u>