AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA JUNE 30, 2018

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CLARENDON COUNTY

MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA

JUNE 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Clarendon County Council Manning, South Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clarendon County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

COLUMBIA 3830 FOREST DRIVE | PO BOX 135 COLUMBIA, SC 29202 (803) 787-0003 | FAX (803) 787-2299 ORANGEBURG 1190 BOULEVARD STREET ORANGEBURG, SC 29115 (803) 536-1015 | FAX (803) 536-1020 BARNWELL 340 FULDNER ROAD | PO BOX 1305 BARNWELL, SC 29812 (803) 259-1163 | FAX (803) 259-5469 GREENVILLE 101 N MAIN STREET | SUITE 1510 GREENVILLE, SC 29601 (864) 751-6556 | FAX (864) 751-6557 We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clarendon County, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 13 to the financial statements, in 2017-18 the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of the County's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and the schedule of the County's contributions, and the schedules of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability and contributions (SCRS) and (PORS) on pages 7 through 14 and 90 through 93 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Clarendon County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund schedules, supplemental section, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund schedules, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and supplemental section are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund schedules, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and supplemental section are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 29, 2019, on our consideration of Clarendon County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Clarendon County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Clarendon County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mc Gregor & Co. LLP

Orangeburg, South Carolina January 29, 2019

Clarendon County's management's discussion and analysis offers readers of the County's financial statements a narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the financial statements and notes to the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements include not only Clarendon County and its blended component units (known as the primary government), but also legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. Information included in this discussion and analysis focuses on the activities of the primary government. Accordingly, information provided does not include the activities of discretely-presented component units.

Financial Highlights:

- Clarendon County's liabilities exceeded its assets at June 30, 2018 by \$1.8 million (net position).
- The County's total net position decreased \$.08 million over the previous year.
- At June 30, 2018, the County's governmental fund balance sheet reported a combined ending fund balance of \$12.2 million, an increase of \$0.2 million over the previous fiscal year. Of the \$12.2 million, \$6.4 million remains in the various funds of the County as committed, assigned or unassigned.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$2.8 million, reflecting a \$0.2 million increase from last fiscal year. This ending balance equates to 13.2% of General Fund expenditures for the year.
- Total bonded debt increased \$0.8 million during the fiscal year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Clarendon County's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Clarendon County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The County's governmental activities include general government, public safety, judicial, physical environment, economic environment, transportation, agencies, and cultural/recreation. Financial information in the government-wide financial statements distinguishes discretely-presented component units from the financial information for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 15 and 16 of this report.

Fund financial statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Clarendon County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Clarendon County maintains 13 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund, General County Debt Service Fund, Fire Services Fund and C-Program Roads Fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Clarendon County adopts an annual appropriation budget for its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The basic governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 17 through 20 of this report.

Proprietary funds: Clarendon County utilizes two proprietary funds associated with its Water and Sewer related activities and the Weldon Auditorium. These statements are found on pages 21 through 23.

Fiduciary fund: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 24 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 89 of this report.

Other information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, the combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 94 through 112 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Clarendon County, liabilities exceeded assets by \$1.8 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The County's decrease in net position for this fiscal year amounts to \$.08 million, a decrease of 4.8%.

The largest portion of the County's net position (\$21.9 million) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Clarendon County's Net Position (Dollars in Thousands)

		mental /ities		ess-type vities	Total			
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Current and other assets	\$ 12,916	\$ 14,251	\$ 2,114	\$ 993	\$ 15,030	\$ 15,244		
Capital assets	36,605	35,881		11,220	48,162	47,101		
Total assets	49,521	50,132	13,671	12,213	63,192	62,345		
Deferred outflows of								
resources	4,391	3,513	141	55	4,532	3,568		
Long-term liabilities								
outstanding	54,661	44,881	8,255	7,941	62,916	52,822		
Other liabilities	737	1,687	3,428	1,814	4,165	3,501		
Total liabilities		46,568		9,755	67,081	56,323		
Deferred inflows of								
resources	2,365	349	45	5	2,410	354		
Net position Invested in capital assets,				1				
net of related debt	19,524	20,809	2,379	2,436	21,903	23,245		
Restricted	3,550	3,024	770	735	4,320	3,759		
Unrestricted	(26,925)	(17,105)	(1,065)	(663)	(27,990)	(17,768)		
Total net position	<u>\$ (3,851)</u>	<u>\$ 6,728</u>	<u>\$ 2,084</u>	<u>\$ 2,508</u>	<u>\$ (1,767)</u>	<u>\$ 9,236</u>		

An additional portion of the County's net position of the governmental activities (\$3.6 million) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used or deemed to be unspendable. A significant transaction that impacted the Statement of Net

Position was GASB Statement 75 change in accounting principle that resulted in a net reduction in Net Position of \$11.0 million.

The changes in net position displayed below shows the governmental and business-type activities during the fiscal year. Increases in property taxes and sale of assets (Other revenues) were not sufficient to offset a decrease in federal and state grants, charges for services or state shared funds, as well as completion of facility construction and improvements. Included below are unfunded OPEB expenditures of \$1.2 million in the current fiscal year negatively impacting changes in net position.

Clarendon County's Changes in Net Position (Dollars in Thousands)

		Governmental <u>Activities</u>		Business-type <u>Activities</u>				Total				
		2018		2017	2	2018	-	2017	20	018	=	2017
Revenues												
Program Revenues:												
Charges for Services	\$	2,651	\$	3,160	\$	778	\$	808	\$ 3	3,429	\$	3,968
Grants and Contributions		841		1,021		136		171		977		1,192
General revenues:												
Ad valorem taxes		18,169		18,077		-		-	18	3,169		18,077
Other taxes		3,131		3,143		-		-	:	3,131		3,143
State shared		3,690		4,475		-		-	:	3,690		4,475
Interest		44		39		5		1		49		40
Other		582	1	367	_	-	-	-		582	-	367
Total revenues		29,108		30,282		919		980	30	0,027	:	31,262
Expenses												
Program Activities:												
Government Activities:				1								
General government		7,684		11,206		-		-		7,684		11,206
Public safety		11,791		11,938		-		-	1	1,791	•	11,938
Physical environment		3,866		3,849		-		-		3,866		3,849
Transportation		298		254		-		-		298		254
Economic environment		663		698		-		-		663		698
Court related		2,018		1,937				-		2,018		1,937
Cultural and recreational		821		688						821		688
Agencies		918		939		-		-		918		939
Interest on long-term debt		655		670		-		-		655		670
Business-type Activities:												
Water and sewer fund		-		-	1	1,070		865		1,070		865
Weldon Auditorium	-		04		-	379	-	469	-	379	-	469
Total expenses		28,714		32,179	1	,449		1,334	3	0,163	:	33,513
Transfers in (out)		(185)	_	(226)	_	241	_	292	1	56	_	66
Change in net position	\$	209	\$	(2,123)	\$	<u>(289)</u>	\$	(62)	\$	(80)	<u>\$ (</u>	<u>2,185)</u>

Primary Governmental Activities: Revenues for the County's governmental activities were \$29.1 million for fiscal year 2018 and \$0.9 million for its Business-type activities. Taxes constitute the largest source of County revenues, amounting to approximately \$21.5 million for the fiscal year 2018. Real property taxes (\$13.7 million) represent 63.7% of total taxes and 47.1% of all revenue combined. Lastly, intergovernmental revenues decreased to \$4.5 million for the fiscal year end.

Financial Analysis of Clarendon County's Funds

As noted earlier, Clarendon County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of Clarendon County governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Clarendon County's financing requirements. In particular, non-restricted fund balances (committed, assigned and unassigned) may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2018, Clarendon County governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$12.2 million, an increase of \$0.2 million from the prior year balances. This increase was primarily the result of a reduction in roadway improvements (state owned) and growth in debt service funds.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At June 30, 2018, total fund balance in the General Fund was \$2.8 million, of which \$1.5 million was not restricted. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, the total unrestricted and nonspendable fund balances compared to total fund expenditures shows percentages of 13.2% and 7.2%, respectively. The fund balance of the General Fund showed an increase of 7.2%, or \$0.2 million during the fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

A budget to actual statement is provided for the General Fund. A budget column for both the original budget adopted for fiscal year 2018 as well as the final budget is presented. Historically, neither grant revenue nor expenditures are budgeted. The variances reflected are primarily a result of related grant activities and savings realized at the departmental level (staffing levels less than budgeted).

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets: Clarendon County's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of June 30, 2018 amounts to \$36.6 million (net of accumulated depreciation) and \$11.6 million within its business-type activity. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment and construction in progress. Clarendon County's investment in capital assets for the fiscal year was up 2.3% as renovations were completed to a facility being upgraded to house various governmental functions and continued expansions to the county's water system.

Clarendon County's Capital Assets (Net) (Dollars in Thousands)

	Government <u>Activities</u>		Busine: <u>Activ</u>		Total		
	2018	<u>2017</u>	2018	2017	<u>2018</u>	2017	
Land	\$ 2,936	\$ 2,936	\$ 154	\$ 120	\$ 3,090	\$ 3,056	
Infrastructure	4,682	5,264			4,682	5,264	
Construction in progress	446	1,736	546	2,539	992	4,275	
Buildings and improvements	24,664	22,197	2,794	2,880	27,458	25,077	
Water distribution system			7,870	5,512	7,870	5,512	
Machinery and equipment	3,877	3,748	193		4,070	3,917	
Total	\$ 36,605	<u>\$ 35,881</u>	<u>\$11,557</u>	<u>\$11,220</u>	<u>\$ 48,162</u>	<u>\$ 47,101</u>	

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 45 through 48 of this report.

Long-term debt: At the end of the current fiscal year, Clarendon County had a total bonded debt and capital leases outstanding of \$25.9 million, of which \$5.8 million is backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

Clarendon County's Outstanding Debt (Dollars in Thousands)

	<u>2018</u>	2017
General obligation bond(s)	\$ 5,825	\$ 6,262
Revenue bond(s)	19,548	20,046
Capital lease(s)	481	348
	\$ 25,854	\$ 26,656

The County's total debt decreased \$0.8 million as debt service requirements were slightly more than new debt issuances. The County currently has a rating of "A+" from Standard & Poor's Corporation on general obligation bond issues. As of June 30, 2018, the County's general obligation debt and capital lease approximated one hundred eighty dollars (\$180) per capita.

Additional information on Clarendon County's long-term debt can be found in Note 9 on pages 50 through 60 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for Clarendon County is currently 5.1%, which represents a decrease from a year ago. This compares to the state's average unemployment rate of 3.6% and the national average rate of 4.2%.
- Assessed taxable property valuation increased to \$100.8 million in 2018, a slight increase of 0.22% over the prior year.
- While county-wide gross taxable sales increased from \$442 million in 2017 to \$474 million in 2018, net taxable sales decreased by 2.5% to \$158 million in 2018.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2019 fiscal year. Per the Fiscal Year 2019 Adopted Budget, disbursements are budgeted at \$21.3 million, a 1.4% increase from the fiscal year 2018 level for the General Fund. The County's commitment to programs such as public safety, health and welfare, community development, public works, and parks, recreation, and cultural activities remains strong. However, pressures on the County's budget due to the additional resources required to keep our communities safe will continue to be a challenge for the County in light of legislated constraints to revenue growth.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Clarendon County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to County Chief Financial Officer, 411 Sunset Drive, Manning, South Carolina 29102. Complete financial statements for each individual component unit may be obtained at each respective administrative office.

CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	and the second se	Primary Government		Component Units			
	Governmental	Business-Type		Harvin Clarendon	Business		
	Activities	Activities	Total	County Library	Development Corp		
ASSETS							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents - Note 3	\$ 8,358,594	\$ 1,136,557	\$ 9,495,151	\$ 167,060	\$ 1,343,143		
Receivables:							
Delinguent taxes	1,883,698		1,883,698				
Other	321,506	86,792	408,298	4,233	15,874		
Due from fiduciary funds	65,894		65,894				
Due from component unit	250,000		250,000				
Prepaid expense	200,000		200,000	18,555			
	1 000 000	400.044	2 097 000	10,555			
Due from other governments	1,966,998	120,911	2,087,909	-			
Inventories	68,986	-	68,986	-	24.00		
Promises to Give	-	•		-	61,00		
Capital leases and notes receivable - Note 5					23,92		
Total current assets	12,915,676	1,344,260	14,259,936	189,848	1,443,94		
lon-current assets:							
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	-	769,875	769,875				
Capital leases and notes receivable - Note 5					533,25		
Promises to Give					41,01		
	0.004.054	-	4 004 005	24 222			
Non-depreciable capital assets-net - Note 6	3,381,954	699,971	4,081,925	24,000	3,642,52		
Depreciable capital assets-net - Note 6	33,223,031	10,856,787	44,079,818	66,868	2,723,91		
Total non-current assets	36,604,985	12,326,633	48,931,618	90,868	6,940,69		
Total assets	49,520,661	13,670,893	63,191,554	280,716	8,384,64		
EFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Pension Deferrals	3,705,704	132,416	3,838,120	104,110			
OPEB Deferrals	685,516	8,467	693,983				
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,391,220	140,883	4,532,103	104,110			
Total deletted outlows of resources	4,391,220	140,003	4,552,105	104,110			
ABILITIES							
urrent liabilities (payable from current assets):			1000				
Accounts payable	802,871	20,665	823,536	4,546	48,75		
Due to other governments	90,227		90,227	-			
Internal balances	(3,178,440)	3,178,440					
Due to fiduciary funds - Note 7	3,979	-	3,979	-			
Unearned revenue	56,989	63,023	120,012		664,77		
	50,505	05,025	120,012		399,10		
Note payable - Note 9	FFF DAF		EEE DAE	-	555,10		
Other liabilities	555,245		555,245	-			
Accrued compensated absences - Note 9	412,340	6,196	418,536	· · · · · ·			
Closures and maintenance costs payable - Note 9	26,800	-	26,800	-			
Capital lease - Note 9	145,715		145,715	-			
BAN payable - Note 8	750,000	-	750,000	-			
Bond payable - Note 9	1,071,413	160,067	1,231,480				
Total current liabilities	737,139	3,428,391	4,165,530	4,546	1,112,62		
	101,109	5,420,551	4,100,000	4,540	1,112,02		
on-current liabilities:	100.010		100.010	11.007			
Accrued compensated absences - Note 9	108,916	÷	108,916	11,337			
Closures and maintenance costs payable - Note 9	480,700	-	480,700				
Note payable	-				951,39		
Net pension liability - Note 12	19,574,974	699,469	20,274,443	674,223			
OPEB payable - Note 13	17,362,240	211,709	17,573,949	454,215			
Capital lease - Note 9	335,672	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	335,672				
Bond payable - Note 9	16,798,154	7,342,954	24,141,108				
		8,254,132	the second se	1,139,775	951,39		
Total long-term liabilities	54,660,656		62,914,788				
Total liabilities	55,397,795	11,682,523	67,080,318	1,144,321	2,064,02		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Bond premium	187,670		187,670				
Pension Deferrals	555,862	19,863	575,725	42,834			
OPEB Deferrals	1,621,166	24,845	1,646,011				
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,364,698	44,708	2,409,406	42,834			
ET POSITION				1 A A A A			
et investment in capital assets	19,524,102	2,379,638	21,903,740	90,868			
	,0102 1,102	2,010,000	- 100011 10	00,000			
	0.057.040	700 075	3 400 004				
		769,875	3,126,891	-			
Debt service	2,357,016						
Debt service Local option sales tax	1,149,106	1.	1,149,106		1 0120101		
Debt service Local option sales tax I-95 Mega-site	1,149,106 43,985		43,985	-			
Local option sales tax	1,149,106	- - (1,064,968)		(893,197)	1,307,12 5,013,49 \$ 6,320,61		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

9		•		•	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
		Program Revenues			Pr	imary Governme	Component Units			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Harvin Clarendon County Library	Business Development Corporation	
Primary Government: Governmental activities: Public safety General government Physical environment Court related Agencies Economic environment Culture/Recreation Transportation Interest Total governmental activities Business-Type Activities: Water & Sewer Utility Weldon Auditorium Total business-type activities Total Primary Government:	\$11,790,839 7,684,483 3,866,049 2,017,812 917,938 662,887 820,685 298,355 655,424 28,714,472 1,070,233 379,445 1,449,678 \$30,164,150	\$ 350,491 139,183 1,355,380 585,151 93,497 81,733 45,151 2,650,586 762,255 15,836 778,091 \$ 3,428,677	\$ 151,489 218,002 344,571 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 120,324 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ (11,168,535) (7,327,298) (2,166,098) (1,432,661) (917,938) (569,390) (731,984) (253,204) (655,424) (25,222,532)	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$(11,168,535) (7,327,298) (2,166,098) (1,432,661) (917,938) (569,390) (731,984) (253,204) (655,424) (25,222,532) (172,067) (363,609) (535,676) (25,758,208)	, ,		
Component Units: Harvin Clarendon County Library Business Development Corporation	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				\$ (370,575)	\$-(25,826)	
Total Component Units	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				(370,575)	(25,826)	
	Property t Sales and us Franchise fe State shared Interest earr Gain on sale Miscellaneou County appr Total g Transfers Total g	axes, levied for g axes, levied for g se taxes es l revenues ings of capital assets us opriation eneral revenues	s , transfers and co	ntributions	16,277,593 1,891,752 3,131,082 98,293 3,690,290 44,169 189,646 293,831 25,616,656 (184,830) 25,431,826 209,294	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	16,277,593 1,891,752 3,131,082 98,293 3,690,290 49,215 189,646 293,831 25,621,702 56,082 25,677,784 (80,424)	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	24,421 24,421 	
	Net position - b Net position - e	eginning - Note nding	18 - Restated		(4,059,906) \$ (3,850,612)	2,374,263 \$ 2,084,545	(1,685,643) \$ (1,766,067)	(991,754) \$ (802,329)	6,322,019 \$6,320,614	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

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CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	GENERAL	CAPITAL PROJECTS	GENERAL COUNTY DEBT SVC	FIRE DEPARTMENT	C-PROGRAM ROADS	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 1,026,607	\$ 268,839	\$ 1,368,732	\$ 1,309,218	\$ 1,971,723	\$ 2,413,475	\$ 8,358,594
Property taxes Other	1,413,112 204,885	1	82,276	275,058 1,835		113,252 114,786	1,883,698 321,506
Due from other funds		212,787	715,525		-		928,312
Due from fiduciary funds Due from business enterprise	65,894	-	-	-	-	•	65,894 3,178,440
Due from component unit	1,179,102 250,000	1,128,483	870,855				250,000
Due from other governments	1,966,998	-		-	-		1,966,998
Supplies inventory Total assets	68,986 \$ 6,175,584	\$ 1,610,109	\$ 3,037,388	\$ 1,586,111	\$ 1,971,723	\$ 2,641,513	<u>68,986</u> \$ 17,022,428
			<u> </u>		•		<u> </u>
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:	3						
Accounts payable	\$ 506,106	\$ 24,523	\$ -	\$ 30,454	\$ 215,462	\$ 26,326	\$ 802,871
Accrued payroll and withholdings	233,906	-		207	-	•	234;113
Due to other funds Due to fiduciary funds	928,312 3,979		1		2		928,312 3,979
Due to other governments	90,227		-	-	2	(90,227
Bonds payable		-	750,000		-	· · ·	750,000
Unearned revenue Advance mobile home revenue	56,989 4,397			-	-		56,989 4,397
Other liabilities	316,735		1.				316,735
Total liabilities	2,140,651	24,523	750,000	30,661	215,462	26,326	3,187,623
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue-Property Taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	238,725		107,184	1,657,210
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable	68,986	-			-	1	68,986
Restricted	1,193,091	-	2,217,427	-	-	2,279,730	5,690,248
Committed Assigned	75,992	399,112		1,316,725	1,756,261	228,273	399,112 3,377,251
Unassigned	1,455,524	1,186,474					2,641,998
Total fund balances	2,793,593	1,585,586	2,217,427	1,316,725	1,756,261	2,508,003	12,177,595
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund balances	\$ 6,175,584	\$ 1,610,109	\$ 3,037,388	\$ 1,586,111	\$ 1,971,723	\$ 2,641,513	
Amounts reported for governmental a different because: Capital assets used in governmenta	activities in the st	atement of net po	sition are				
are not reported in funds. Long-term liabilities, including bonds accrued compensated absences (\$	s payable (\$17,80	59,567), capital le	ase (\$481,387),	2			36,604,985
payable (\$507,500) and bond prem Other Post Employment Benefits (O							(19,567,380)
associated with current benefits de Net pension liability and deferred ou	esign.			e future unfunded	costs		(18,297,890)
associated with County's participa	tion in the South	Carolina Retirem	ent System.		00010		(16,425,132)
Delinquent taxes receivable are not therefore, are reported as unearne			Jenou and,				1,657,210
Total net position - total governmenta	l activities				3		\$ (3,850,612)

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CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	GENERAL	CAPITAL PROJECTS	GENERAL COUNTY DEBT SVC	FIRE DEPARTMENT	C-PROGRAM ROADS	OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$ 16,206,647	\$ -	\$ 1,805,170	\$ 2,913,915	\$ -	\$ 627,175	\$ 21,552,907
Licenses and permits	107,874		-	-			107,874
Intergovernmental	2,559,049	-	-	-	1,176,010	796,585	4,531,644
Charges for services	1,647,000	<u>.</u>		1.1	-	125,393	1,772,393
Fines and forfeitures	324,040			-	-	204,903	528,943
Interest	2,052	4,015	15,644	4,101	5,507	12,848	44,167
Miscellaneous	596,675	4,010	10,044	6,131	0,001	12,010	602,806
		4,015	1,820,814	2,924,147	1,181,517	1,766,904	29,140,734
Total revenues	21,443,337	4,015	1,020,014	2,924,147	1,101,517	1,700,904	29,140,754
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General government	5,798,349	24,648	÷ .		400,666	259,349	6,483,012
Public safety	7,332,738	30,591		2,402,823	-	566,711	10,332,863
Physical environment	3,743,361		-	-		-	3,743,361
Transportation	251,284	-			· 2.		251,284
Economic environment	623,330	-	1.4	- 1 G	-		623,330
Agencies	910,736	-	-		-	1	910,736
Culture/Recreation	520,884				-	183,041	703,925
Court Related	1,633,397		1		-	264,081	1,897,478
Debt service:	1,000,007					201,001	10011110
			1,101,872			68,628	1,170,500
Principal			637,389			36,535	673,924
Interest and fiscal charges	-	4 000 047	037,309	378,532	290,037	103,016	2,780,522
Capital outlay	326,090	1,682,847	4 700 004		690,703		
Total expenditures	21,140,169	1,738,086	1,739,261	2,781,355	690,703	1,481,361	29,570,935
Excess of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	303,168	(1,734,071)	81,553	142,792	490,814	285,543	(430,201)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of assets	34,643	-		215,363	-		250,006
Bond proceeds	-	-0-	288,550	-	-		288,550
Lease proceeds		250,002			-		250,002
Transfers	(150,518)	446,600	-	(215,000)		(265,912)	(184,830)
Net other financing sources (uses)	(115,875)	696,602	288,550	363		(265,912)	603,728
Net changes in fund balances	187,293	(1,037,469)	370,103	143,155	490,814	19,631	173,527
					100 C		
Fund balances at beginning of year - restated	2,606,300	2,623,055	1,847,324	1,173,570	1,265,447	2,488,372	12,004,068
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,793,593	\$ 1,585,586	\$ 2,217,427	\$ 1,316,725	\$ 1,756,261	\$ 2,508,003	\$ 12,177,595

CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Ne	t Changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	173,	527
A	mounts reported for governmental activities in the statement				
	of activities are different because:				
	Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures.			3	
	However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those				
	assets is allocated over the estimated useful lives as				
	depreciation expense.				
	Expenditures for capital assets	2,780,522			
	Adjustments of capital assets	(144,210)		6	
	Less current year depreciation	(1,852,036)		784,	276
	Governmental funds only report the disposal of assets to the				
	extent proceeds are received from the sale. In the statement				
	of activities, a gain or loss is reported for each disposal.				
	Loss on sale of fixed assets	(60,360)		(60,:	360)
	Loose and hand presends provide surrent financial recourses			*	
	Lease and bond proceeds provide current financial resources		•		
	to government funds, but incurring debt increases				
	long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	(200 550)			
	Bond proceeds	(288,550)			
	Lease proceeds	(250,000)			
	Bond principal payment	1,070,944			
	Bond premium	18,500		007	754
	Capital lease payment	116,857		667,	751
	Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do		ī.		
	not require the use of current financial resources, therefore,				
	are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.				
	Change in compensated absences	(56,283)			
	Change in OPEB liability	(704,619)	,		
	Change in Pension liability	(393,012)			
	Change in closure and maintenance costs payable	19,800		(1,134,	114)
	Some property tax will not be collected for several months				
•	after the County's fiscal year-end, they are not				
	considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds.			(221,	786)
Ch			¢	000	204
Ch	ange in net position of governmental activities.		\$	209,2	294

CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable		
ж. Т	Original	Final	Basis (Note 2)		avorable Ifavorable)	
			1			
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$ 16,601,000	\$ 16,601,000	\$ 16,206,647	\$	(394,353)	
Licenses and permits	102,500	102,500	107,874		5,374	
Intergovernmental	1,670,550	1,670,550	2,559,049		888,499	
Charges for services	1,528,600	1,528,600	1,647,000		118,400	
Fines and forfeitures	445,500	445,500	324,040		(121,460)	
Interest	2,100	2,100	2,052		(48)	
Miscellaneous	559,800	559,800	596,675		36,875	
Total revenues	20,910,050	20,910,050	21,443,337		533,287	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government	5,432,110	5,411,252	5,798,176		(386,924)	
Public safety	7,857,751	7,878,609	7,629,761		248,848	
Physical environment	3,713,354	3,713,354	3,769,088		(55,734)	
Transportation	225,344	225,344	256,078		(30,734)	
Economic environment	644,237	644,237	623,330		20,907	
Culture/Recreation	578,503	578,503	562,222	÷	16,281	
Court related	1,640,015	1,640,015	1,633,397		6,618	
Agencies	913,736	913,736	910,736		3,000	
Total expenditures	21,005,050	21,005,050	21,182,788		(177,738)	
Excess of revenues over	4					
(under) expenditures	(95,000)	(95,000)	260,549		355,549	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (US	SES)		·			
Sale of assets	40,000	40,000	34,643		(5,357)	
Transfers In/(Out)	55,000	55,000	(150,518)		(205,518)	
Net other financing sources (use	s) 95,000	95,000	(115,875)		(210,875)	
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures and other						
financing sources (uses)	\$	\$ -	144,674	\$	144,674	
Fund balance at beginning	4					
of year as restated			2,585,343			
Fund balance at end of year	2. w		\$ 2,730,017			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

			в	USINESS-TYPE ACTIV ENTERPRISE FUND				
ASSETS	WATER		SEWER	TOTAL		WELDON	EN	
	UTILITY		UTILITY	UTILITY	AL	JDITORIUM		FUNDS
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net of	\$ (11,456	i) \$	237,047	\$ 225,591	\$	910,966	\$.	1,136,557
allowance Due from other governments	68,972 120,911		17,820	86,792 120,911		1		86,792 120,911
Total current assets	178,427		254,867	433,294		910,966		1,344,260
Noncurrent Assets Restricted cash and cash equivalents	102,676			102,676		667,199		769,875
Capital assets:								
Land	114,764		38,771	153,535				153,535
Buildings and improvements	1,978	E.		1,978		3,438,173	1	3,440,151
Machinery and equipment	355,993	2	28,026	384,019				384,019
Water and sewer system	8,506,863	5	313,184	8,820,047		1 - 2		8,820,047
Construction in Progress	546,436	i		546,436				546,436
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,007,928	3)	(134,846)	(1,142,774)		(644,656)		(1,787,430)
Total noncurrent assets	8,620,782		245,135	8,865,917	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3,460,716		12,326,633
TOTAL ASSETS	8,799,209		500,002	9,299,211	-	4.371.682	-	13,670,893
		-	000,002			1,011,002	·	10,010,000
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension difference between expected and actual funding	56,120)	6,236	62,356		21,027		83,383
Employer contributions subsequent to measurement date	33,001		3,667	36,668		12,365		49,033
OPEB difference between expected and actual funding	4,303		486	4,789		3,678		8,467
Total deferred outflows of resources	93,424		10,389	103,813		37,070	-	140,883
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '			10,003			57,070		140,000
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	12,119)	2,874	14,993		5,499		20,492
Accrued payroll and withholdings	41		5	46		127		173
Due to other funds	1,984,670)	96,591	2,081,261		1,097,179		3,178,440
Unearned revenue	62,406		617	63,023		1,007,170		63,023
Accrued compensated absences	4,202		467	4,669		1 507		
Bond payable			407			1,527		6,196
	85,067			85,067		75,000	-	160,067
Total current liabilities	2,148,505)	100,554	2,249,059		1,179,332		3,428,391
Noncurrent Liabilities:				and an interest of the second				and a barrier of
Bond payable	4,617,954		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,617,954		2,725,000		7,342,954
Pension liability - Note 11	470,773		52,308	523,081		176,388		699,469
Net OPEB liability - Note 12	105,247		11,900	117,147		94,562	-	211,709
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,193,974		64,208	5,258,182		2,995,950		8,254,132
TOTAL LIABILITIES	7,342,479)	164,762	7,507,241		4,175,282		11,682,523
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				1			-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	40.000		4.405	11051				10.000
on pension plan investments	13,369		1,485	14,854		5,009		19,863
OPEB change in assumptions	16,770		1,864	18,634		6,211		24,845
Total deferred inflows of resources	30,139		3,349	33,488		11,220		44,708
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets Restricted:	2,236,757		149,364	2,386,121		(6,483)		2,379,638
Debt service	102,676	i		102,676		667,199		769,875
Unrestricted	(819,418		192,916	(626,502)		(438,466)		(1,064,968)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,520,015		342,280	\$ 1,862,295	\$	222,250	\$	2,084,545
companying notes are an integral part of the financial statements	+ 1,020,010		- 1-1-00	10021200			-	

CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

					BU		S-TYPE ACTIV				
		WATER		SEWER UTILITY		TOTAL UTILITY				TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS	
	OPERATING REVENUES										
	Charges for services	\$	596,966	\$	165,289	\$	762,255	\$	15,836	\$	778,091
2	Total operating revenues		596,966		165,289		762,255		15,836		778,091
	OPERATING EXPENSES										
	Cost of sales & services		190,158		77,425		267,583				267,583
	Production expense		-		- 11 - 1 1		-		4,584		4,584
	Personnel & benefits		400,973		44,553		445,526		93,610		539,136
	Administration		26,414		8,804		35,218		64,000		99,218
	Depreciation	-	188,704	à	14,558	_	203,262		85,954		289,216
	Total operating expenses		806,249	1	145,340		951,589	-	248,148	_	1,199,737
	OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	-	(209,283)	-	19,949		(189,334)		(232,312)		(421,646)
	NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)					-					
	Investment income		259		-		259		4,787		5,046
	Interest and fiscal charges		(118,644)		-		(118,644)	1	(131,297)		(249,941)
	Total non-operating revenue (expenses)		(118,385)		(+)		(118,385)		(126,510)		(244,895)
	NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL								-10.00		
	CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	_	(327,668)		19,949		(307,719)		(358,822)		(666,541)
	CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS										
	Capital contributions		135,911		÷.		135,911		-		135,911
	Transfers	-	(17,500)	land	(2,500)	-	(20,000)	-	260,912		240,912
	Net other financing sources (uses)	_	118,411		(2,500)		115,911		260,912		376,823
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(209,257)		17,449		(191,808)		(97,910)		(289,718)
	Net position at beginning of year - Restated - Note 18	-	1,729,272		324,831		2,054,103		320,160		2,374,263
	NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$	1,520,015	\$	342,280	\$	1,862,295	\$	222,250	\$	2,084,545

CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				-TYPE ACTIV		
		E ATER & SEWER JTILITY	,	RPRISE FUND WELDON JDITORIUM	EN	TOTAL TERPRISE FUNDS
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	\$	659,211 (350,369) (180,679)	\$	15,866 (64,090) (60,180)	\$	675,077 (414,459) (240,859)
Internal activity-payments to other funds Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	_	689,393 817,556		943,877 835,473		1,633,270 1,653,029
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers		(20,000)	_	260,912	_	240,912
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities: Principal payments Interest paid on debt Capital contributions Purchase of capital assets		(82,968) (118,644) 135,911 (625,878)		(70,000) (131,297) - -		(152,968) (249,941) 135,911 (625,878)
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Capital and Related Financing Activities	_	(691,579)		(201,297)		(892,876)
Cash Flow From Investing Activities: Interest income		259		4,787		5,046
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Investing Activities		259	-	4,787		5,046
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		106,236		899,875		1,006,111
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		222,031	<u>.</u>	678,290		900,321
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	328,267	\$	1,578,165	\$	1,906,432
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by operating Activities					30 10	
Operating income (loss)	\$	(189,334)	\$	(232,312)	\$	(421,646)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities		*				
Depreciation expense		203,262		85,954		289,216
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(115 047)	Ó	30		1115 017
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(115,047) (47,568) 689,393		4,493 943,877		(115,017) (43,075) 1,633,270
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences Increase (decrease) in Pension liability		1,969 254,779		(438) 31,169		1,531 285,948
Increase (decrease) in OPEB liability Increase (decrease) in deferred revenue		8,099 12,003	<u> </u>	2,700		10,7 99 12,003
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	817,556	\$	835,473	\$	1,653,029

CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS

Due to other magistrates

Total Liabilities

Cash		\$ 4,372,678
Delinquent taxes receivable		1,590,770
Due from other funds	*	3,979
Due from other magistrates		122
Total Assets	2 4	\$ 5,967,549
LIABILITIES		
Due to trust fund holders		\$ 5,875,564
Due to Treasurer - cash overage	e (shortage)	20,194
Due to other funds		65,894
Due to other		5,775

122

5,967,549

\$

CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS JUNE 30, 2018

- 31	GOVERNMENTAL FU			FUNDS		· ·
	CL	HARVIN ARENDON COUNTY		USINESS		
		IBRARY		RPORATION		TOTAL
ASSETS	-				-	
Cash	\$	167,060	\$	1,343,143	\$	1,510,203
Prepaid items		18,555		the second second		18,555
Notes and interest receivable		-		200,000		200,000
Capital and operating lease receivable		1.23		373,054		373,054
Grants and miscellaneous receivable		4,233		102,012	-	106,245
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	189,848	\$	2,018,209	\$	2,208,057
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
			9			
Accounts and payroll withholdings payable	\$	4,546	\$	48,750	\$	53,296
Unearned revenue		-		664,775	-	664,775
Total Liabilities		4,546		713,525		718,071
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable		18,555		1.12		18,555
Restricted				1,307,123		1,307,123
Committed		95,000				95,000
Unassigned		71,747	_	(2,439)		69,308
Total Fund Balances		185,302		1,304,684		1,489,986
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	189,848	\$	2,018,209	\$	2,208,057
Assessed as a supervised of the						
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:						
Total fund balance	\$	185,302	\$	1,304,684	\$	1,489,986
Capital assets used in governmental activities are						
not financial resources and, therefore, are not		90,868		6,366,432		6,457,300
reported in the funds.						
Deferred outflows (inflows) resulting from recognition						
of the employer's share of the state's net pension						
are not current resources		61,276		÷		61,276
Liabilities are not due and payable in the current			1			
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	÷					
Accrued compensated absences		(11,337)		-		(11,337)
Notes payable		-		(1,350,502)		(1,350,502)
Net OPEB liability		(454,215)				(454,215)
Net Pension liability	à 	(674,223)	-	<u> </u>		(674,223)
Total net position	\$	(802,329)	\$	6,320,614	\$	5,518,285

CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS						
CLA				TOTAL		
\$	1,658 93,930 584,910	\$	- 315,805 202,980	\$	1,658 409,735 787,890	
	680,498	_	518,785		1,199,283	
	682,708 - -		339,667 47,540 182,535		1,022,375 47,540 182,535	
	682,708		569,742		1,252,450	
	(2,210)		(50,957)		(53,167)	
	(2,210)		(50,957)		(53,167)	
	187,512		1,355,641		1,543,153	
\$	185,302	\$	1,304,684	\$	1,489,986	
	* CL/ C L	HARVIN CLARENDON COUNTY LIBRARY \$ 1,658 93,930 584,910 680,498 682,708 - - 682,708 - - (2,210) (2,210) 187,512	HARVIN CLARENDON COUNTY LIBRARY B \$ 1,658 93,930 584,910 \$ \$ 1,658 93,930 584,910 \$ 680,498 - 682,708 - - 682,708 - - (2,210) (2,210) - 187,512 -	$\begin{array}{c c} \mbox{HARVIN} \\ \mbox{CLARENDON} \\ \mbox{COUNTY} \\ \mbox{LIBRARY} \end{array} & \begin{array}{c} \mbox{BUSINESS} \\ \mbox{DEVELOPMENT} \\ \mbox{CORPORATION} \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \mbox{\$} & \mbox{$1,658} & \mbox{\$} & \mbox{$-$-$} \\ \mbox{$93,930} & \mbox{$315,805} \\ \mbox{$93,930} & \mbox{$315,805} \\ \mbox{$202,980$ \\ \mbox{$680,498$ } \mbox{$518,785$ \\ \mbox{$680,498$ } \mbox{$518,785$ \\ \mbox{$680,498$ } \mbox{$518,785$ \\ \mbox{$682,708$ } \mbox{$339,667$ \\ \mbox{$-$} & \mbox{$47,540$ \\ \mbox{$-$} & \mbox{$182,535$ \\ \mbox{$682,708$ } \mbox{$569,742$ \\ \mbox{$682,708$ } \mbox{$569,742$ \\ \mbox{$(2,210)$ } \mbox{$(50,957)$ \\ \mbox{$(2,210)$ } \mbox{$(50,957)$ \\ \mbox{$187,512$ } \mbox{$1,355,641$ \\ \end{tabular}$	HARVIN CLARENDON COUNTY LIBRARY BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION \$ 1,658 93,930 584,910 \$ - 202,980 680,498 518,785 682,708 339,667 47,540 - 182,535 682,708 569,742 (2,210) (50,957) (2,210) (50,957) 187,512 1,355,641	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF COMPONENT UNITS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

HARVIN CLARENDON COUNTY LIBRARY	BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	TOTAL
\$ (2,210)	\$ (50,957)	\$ (53,167)
-	47,540	47,540
(17,481)	(139,622)	(157,103)
2,840	4	2,840
215,755	1.41	215,755
(9,479)		(9,479)
<u> </u>	141,634	141,634
\$ 189,425	\$ (1,405)	\$ 188,020
	CLARENDON COUNTY LIBRARY \$ (2,210) \$ (2,210) (17,481) 2,840 215,755 (9,479)	CLARENDON COUNTY LIBRARY BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION \$ (2,210) \$ (50,957) \$ (17,481) (139,622) 2,840 - 215,755 (9,479) - - 141,634

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Clarendon County, South Carolina (the "County") is a political subdivision of the State. Incorporated in 1855, the County encompasses 599 square miles of land with an estimated population of 34,971. The County is governed by an elected five member council.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting.

A. Reporting Entity

The concept underlying the definition of the reporting entity is that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. The reporting entity's financial statements should allow users to distinguish between the primary government (the County) and its component units. However, some component units, because of the closeness of their relationships with the County, should be blended as though they are part of the County. Otherwise, most component units should be discretely presented.

The following entities have been determined to be blended and discretely presented component units of Clarendon County:

Blended Component Unit:

The Clarendon Facilities Corporation (Facilities Corporation), a not-for-profit organization, was established in 2011 to acquire, construct and lease facilities to be used by the County. While the County does not appoint members to the Facilities Corporation's Board of Directors, it has a financial burden to the Facilities Corporation in that it is obligated for lease payments equaling the amount of debt to be relieved and associated interest payments. Activities of the Facilities Corporation are reported as major capital projects and debt service funds. Separate financial statements for the Facilities Corporation are not issued.

Discretely Presented Component Units:

Harvin Clarendon County Library

Clarendon County provides a significant portion of the Library funding and has the ability to influence operations significantly. Separate financial statements for the Library are available.

CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

A. Reporting Entity (continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units: (continued)

Business Development Corporation of Clarendon County (BDC)

Clarendon County has the ability to influence operations of the Business Development Corporation of Clarendon County significantly. Separate financial statements for the BDC are available.

Because the component units have been reported as if they are part of the County, there are limited instances where special note reference or separation will be required. If no separate note reference or categorization is made, the user should assume that information presented is equally applicable.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the County are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

1. Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government (including its blended component units), as well as its discretely presented component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component unit for which the primary government is financially accountable.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

1. Government-wide Financial Statements (continued)

Government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and agency fund financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement 33 - Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Transactions.

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. The County chooses to eliminate the indirect costs between governmental activities to avoid a "doubling up" effect.

2. Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the County is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

2. Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds. The fiduciary statement includes financial information for the agency funds. The agency funds of the County primarily represent assets held by the County in a custodial capacity for other individuals or governments.

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. Franchise fees, licenses, sales taxes, gas taxes, operating and capital grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable only when cash is received by the County.

Under the current financial resources measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The reported fund balance is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources". Governmental funds operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Non-current portions of long-term receivables (special assessments) due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus.

Non-current portions of other long-term receivables are offset by fund balance reserve accounts.

B. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Governmental Funds (continued)

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types exclude amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an other financing source rather than as a fund liability. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

C. Description of Funds

GASB Statement 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category and the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The County has used GASB 34 minimum criteria for major fund determination and has also electively disclosed funds which either had debt outstanding or specific community focus as major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section.

1. Governmental Major Funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund – The Capital Projects Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

General County Debt Service Fund – The General County Debt Service fund is established for the purpose of accumulating resources for the payment of principal and interest on general long term debt.

Fire Department – The Fire Department accounts for ad valorem taxes and other revenues to be used for the operations of the Fire Department.

C-Program Roads – The C-Program fund accounts for fuel taxes collected for the construction and repair of public roads.

CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- C. Description of Funds (continued)
 - 1. Governmental Major Funds: (continued)

Other Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds – These funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and certain special assessments that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. It is the County's policy not to budget for all Special Revenue Funds in the form of a legally adopted budget format.

Debt Service Fund – These funds are established for the purpose of accumulating resources for the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt other than those payable from Special Revenue Funds.

2. Other Fund Types:

Proprietary Funds

There are two proprietary funds representing the Water and Sewer fund and the Weldon Auditorium. The Water and Sewer fund is used to account for the cost of providing water and sewer services to unincorporated areas of the County. The Weldon Auditorium Fund is used to account for the operations of the Weldon Auditorium.

Agency Fund – The Agency Fund is used to account for the collection and disbursement of monies by the County on behalf of other governments and individuals, such as cash bonds, traffic fines, child support payments and ad valorem taxes.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes operating accounts and cash invested in the South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool with maturities less than three months. These investments are presented at cost which reasonably approximates fair value.

2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds."

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

3. Inventory

Inventory represents the parts available for use by fleet maintenance. This inventory is stated at cost.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, right-of-ways, water and sewer distribution systems and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend its useful life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	Years
Buildings and improvements Machinery and equipment	15 – 50 3 – 10
Infrastructure	25

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position and/or the Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and/or the Balance Sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

6. Tax Abatements

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures* (GASB 77) for the year ended June 30, 2017. The primary objective of GASB 77 was to provide tax abatement information to financial statement users so that they could more readily evaluate a government's ability to raise resources. This includes limitations on revenue-raising capacity resulting from government programs that use tax abatements to induce behavior by individuals and entities that is beneficial to the government or its citizens.

Although many governments offer tax abatements, the information necessary to assess how tax abatements affect their financial position and results of operations, including their ability to raise resources in the future, is lacking. GASB 77 requires disclosures of tax abatement information about (1) a reporting government's own tax abatement agreements and (2) those that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues.

The adoption of GASB 77 had no impact on the County's financial statements but did result in new note disclosures. See Note 17 for more information regarding tax abatements that affect the County.

7. Accrued Compensated Absences

The County accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave when earned by the employee. The current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. The non-current portion is the amount estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years. Both the current and non-current estimated accrued compensated absences amounts for governmental funds are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

8. Landfill Closure Costs

Under the terms of current state and federal regulations, the County is required to place a final cover on closed landfill areas, and to perform certain monitoring and maintenance functions for a period of up to thirty years after closure. The County recognizes these costs of closure and post-closure maintenance over the active life of each landfill area, based on landfill capacity use during the period. Required obligations for closure and post-closure costs are recognized in the governmental activities column in the government-wide statement of net position.

9. Nature and Purpose of Restrictions of Fund Equity

GASB Statement 54 establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

GASB Statement 54 provides for two major types of fund balances, which are non-spendable and spendable. Non-spendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Examples of this classification are prepaid items and inventories. The County has inventories that are considered non-spendable; however, the County's primary government does not have any prepaid items.

In addition to the non-spendable fund balances, GASB Statement 54 has provided a hierarchy of spendable fund balances, based on a hierarchy of spending constraints:

- Restricted fund balances that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the County from its highest level of decision making authority; that is, County Council;
- Assigned fund balances that contain self-imposed constraints of the County to be used for a particular purpose; and,
- Unassigned fund balance of the general fund that is not constrained for any particular purpose.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

9. Nature and Purpose of Restrictions of Fund Equity (continued)

Committed fund balances are identified by County Council through the enactment of various ordinances. County Council, through ordinances, can remove a self-imposed constraint as well. Additionally, encumbrances are considered as assigned through the issuance of a purchase order or contract; thus the County has approved the purchase activity even though the other party has not performed. In other words, even though a formal "liability" does not exist, assets are assigned to the purchase of these goods or services.

For the purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balances first, followed in order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The County CFO has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the County.

10. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources. Net position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute. The governmentwide statement of net position reports \$(1,766,067) of which \$1,149,106 is restricted by enabling legislation. The County will use restricted amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available. Additionally, the County would use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

11. Pensions

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 68 entitled Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension Plans in June, 2012 and issued GASB No. 71 (an amendment of GASB No. 68) entitled Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date in November 2013. The disclosure requirements applicable to employers participating in the South Carolina Retirement System or the Police Officers Retirement System are prescribed in paragraphs 48 through 82 of GASB 68. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the South Carolina Retirement System and additions to/deductions from the South Carolina Retire-

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position or Equity (continued)

11. Pensions (continued)

ment System's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the South Carolina Retirement System. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

12. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 75 entitled Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions in June 2015 and is effective for fiscal years commencing after June 15, 2017.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Trusts, and additions to and deductions from the OPEB Trusts' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Trusts. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Therefore, benefit and administrative expenses are recognized when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The County follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Each year, the County Administrator submits to the County Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Three public readings are conducted by County Council and one public hearing to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance.
- 4. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund, but this transfer cannot exceed \$25,000 or 25% of said department's budget; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the County Council.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (continued)

- 5. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and Revenue Funds (Accommodation Tax Fund and the Fire Department).
- 6. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) except for encumbrances. Budgetary comparisons presented for the General Fund in this report are on this non-GAAP budgetary basis.
- 7. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the County Council as close to June 30 as possible. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations which were adopted.

Budgetary Basis Of Accounting

The Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual presents a comparison of the County's legally adopted budget with actual data on the budgetary basis of accounting. Budgetary accounting principles, however, differ from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). These different accounting principles result in the following differences in the excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources (uses) over expenditures at June 30, 2018:

	General <u>Fund</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources (uses) over expenditures - budgetary basis	\$ 144,674
Timing differences: Net change in encumbrances	42,619
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other financing sources (uses) over expenditures - GAAP basis	<u>\$ 187,293</u>

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the County's general fund. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as assignments of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Encumbrances are reported as expenditures in all budgetary basis statements.

Actual expenditures exceeded those budgeted by \$177,738 because grant expenditures are not budgeted (as grant revenues are not budgeted).

NOTE 3 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Primary Government

At June 30, 2018, the carrying amount of the County's deposits and investments was \$14,635,224 and the bank balances and investment pool balances were \$15,969,853. To reconcile this information to the financial statements, we include the following:

Cash and investments Cash on hand	\$14,635,224 2,480
Total cash	<u>\$14,637,704</u>
Proprietary fund	\$ 1,906,432
Fiduciary funds	4,372,678
Governmental funds	8,358,594
Total all funds	<u>\$14,637,704</u>

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 2018, none of the County's bank balance of \$5,844,142 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk: State law limits investments to obligations of the U.S. and its agencies, general obligations of this State or any of its political subdivisions, savings and loan associations if their deposits are insured by an agency of the federal government, and certificates of deposits. Also, no load open-end or closed-end management type investment companies or investment trusts registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 are allowed under state law.

The County has investments in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool and Morgan Stanley Institutional Liquidity Government Portfolio Fund.

	Maturities	Fair Value
State investment pool Treasury money market	18 months to 2 years 12 day weighted average	\$ 7,415,960 2,709,751
		\$ 10,125,711

The local government investment pool is a 2a7-like pool which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but has a policy that it will operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The South Carolina State Treasurer oversees the pool. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The Pool is included as an investment trust fund in the State of South Carolina Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. At June 30, 2018, the underlying security ratings of the County's investment in the Local

NOTE 3 – CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Credit Risk: (continued)

Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is classified in risk category "A" and may be obtained from the LGIP's complete financial statements by writing to the following address:

Office of the State Treasurer Local Government Investment Pool Post Office Box 11778 Columbia, South Carolina 29211

Interest Rate Risk: In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than twelve months.

It is the policy of the State Treasurer's Office that no derivatives of the U.S. Government Securities or Federal Agency Security or A1/P1 Commercial Paper be purchased by or for the S. C. Local Government Investment Pool. It is the policy of the State Treasurer's Office that the weighted average maturity (WAM) of the LGIP portfolio not exceed 60 days.

Foreign Currency Risk: The County has no foreign currency investments.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Harvin Clarendon County Library

As of June 30, 2018, the book balance of the Library's deposits totaled \$167,060 and the bank balance totaled \$193,295. Of the bank balance, \$193,295 was covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

Business Development Corporation of Clarendon County (BDC)

As of June 30, 2018, the book balance of the BDC's deposits totaled \$1,343,143. The bank balance of \$1,031,850 and an additional \$311,883 in certificates of deposit were covered by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized by securities pledged by the bank in the Corporation's name.

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by the County at varying rates per one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed valuation of real estate and personal property owned and used in the County except exempt property as provided by the constitution and laws of the State of South Carolina and attach an enforceable lien when levied.

In Clarendon County, taxes are collected for county and school purposes as a single tax bill which must be paid in full by the individual taxpayer. Taxes are collected on a calendar year basis. Real and personal taxes in the County are payable without penalty on or before January 15 of each year (except taxes on motor vehicles, which are payable on a monthly basis). If taxes are not paid on or

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY TAXES (continued)

before January 15, a penalty of 3% is added thereon. If taxes are not paid on or before February 1, an additional penalty of 7% is added. If taxes are not paid on or before March 16, an additional 5% thereon is added plus all costs incurred and the property goes into execution. In September, properties on which the taxes have not been paid are advertised for public sale in a local newspaper for three consecutive weeks. The first Monday in October the property is sold. The County Treasurer is responsible for the collection of delinquent taxes and is empowered to sell so much of the defaulting taxpayer's estate - real, personal or both - as may be sufficient to satisfy the taxes. As collections are made, the delinquent tax revenue is remitted to the County Treasurer. Uncollectible property taxes are not material and have not been reported.

Property taxes at the fund level are recorded as receivables and unearned revenues at the time the taxes are assessed. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected. Additional amounts estimated to be collectible in time to be a resource for payment of obligations incurred during the fiscal year and therefore susceptible to accrual in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been recognized as revenue.

NOTE 5 – NOTES RECEIVABLE AND LEASE AGREEMENTS

The County has a receivable due from the Business Development Corporation in the amount of \$250,000. This represents the amount owed to the Central SC Alliance for a loan granted to the County for the construction of a Speculative Building in the Industrial Park. A liability is also shown by the County in this amount. The maturity date of this loan is June 30, 2019.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Business Development Corporation of Clarendon County (BDC)

The BDC has a note receivable from a local industry dated January 14, 2013. Loan amount is \$150,000 with no interest. Upon satisfying a minimum investment threshold of \$3,500,000, credit will be given at the rate of \$2,500 for each full-time or full-time equivalent job created by borrower, measured as of December 31, 2018. The Board has approved extending the maturity date until January 8, 2020. Any principal unpaid after said date will be due in full. As of the extension date of January 8, 2019, the company had satisfied the minimum investment threshold and created 37 full-time equivalent jobs, therefore the note receivable will be reduced to \$57,500. The reduction will be recorded as a grant of \$92,500 in fiscal year June 30, 2019.

The Corporation has a note receivable from a local industry dated September 3, 2014. Loan amount is \$50,000 with no interest. Credit will be given at the rate of \$4,166 for each full time employee hired above the current 33 employees. The entire outstanding principal balance of this note shall be due and payable in full on the maturity date of September 3, 2019.

NOTE 5 – NOTES RECEIVABLE AND LEASE AGREEMENTS (continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units (continued)

Business Development Corporation of Clarendon County (BDC) (continued)

As of year end, the BDC had entered into lease agreements with the following companies who are leasing buildings owned by the BDC:

Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems, LLC

The BDC leases a building to Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems, LLC for \$12,162.50 per month. The BDC entered into a new five year lease agreement commencing on March 1, 2014 with two one year options to renew. Meritor also makes an annual payment in December to reimburse the BDC for the property taxes on the property. These payments are used by the BDC to pay the note payable on the property and the property taxes. This lease is classified as an operating lease. The cost of the building is \$1,800,000 and the accumulated depreciation is \$1,175,000. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

<u>June 30,</u>	
2019	<u>\$ 85,138</u>
Total minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 85,138</u>

Select Laboratories - SC, LLC

The BDC leases a building to Select Laboratories-SC, LLC for 3,711.19 per month. These payments are used by the BDC to pay the notes payable on the property. The original amount of the lease receivable was 509,000. After the initial term expires, and every five years thereafter, the amount of rent will be renegotiated based on the recalculation of interest on the note and mortgage entered into between the corporation and the bank. The Corporation received a letter of intent from the bank to renew the note payable at maturity which it intends to exercise. The current portion is calculated as if renewed, using the term, payment and interest rate of the existing note. At the end of the lease, the building reverts to Select Laboratories – SC, LLC. This lease is classified as a direct financing lease. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

	<u>June 30</u> ,
2019	\$ 44,534
2020	44,534
2021	44,534
2022	44,534
2023	44,534
2024	234,330
Total minimum lease payments	457,000
Less amount representing interest	(99,820)
Present value of minimum lease payment	<u>\$ 357,180</u>
Current \$23,927 Long-term \$333,253	

NOTE 5 - NOTES RECEIVABLE AND LEASE AGREEMENTS (continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units (continued)

Agricultural Leases

Farming agreements exist with various farmers to grow hay on unimproved and unleased BDC property.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Construction <u>Completed</u>	<u>Adjustments</u>	Additions	Retire- ments	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 2,936,014	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$ 2,936,014
Construction in progress Total capital assets not being	1,735,936	(1,729,914)		439,918		445,940
depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and	4,671,950	<u>(1,729,914)</u>		<u>439,918</u>		<u>3,381,954</u>
improvements	28,730,366	1,729,914	(250,000)	1,376,194	68,850	31,517,624
Infrastructure	9,659,840	-	100 A.	÷	-	9,659,840
Equipment	13,938,149			964,410	277,791	14,624,768
Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:	<u>52,328,355</u>	<u>1,729,914</u>	(250,000)	2,340,604	<u>346,641</u>	55,802,232
Buildings and improvements	6,532,781	1.1	(100,000)	439,791	18,934	6,853,638
Infrastructure	4,395,993	-		581,854	-	4,977,847
Equipment	10,190,462		(5,790)	830,391	267,347	10,747,716
Total accumulated depreciation	21,119,236	<u></u>	(105,790)	1,852,036	286,281	22,579,201
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	31,209,119	1,729,914	(144,210)	488,568	60,360	33,223,031
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 35,881,069</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (144,210)</u>	<u>\$ 928,486</u>	<u>\$ 60,360</u>	<u>\$ 36,604,985</u>

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General Government	\$	871,174
Public Safety		783,668
Cultural/Recreation		84,760
Physical Environment		59,331
Transportation		33,512
Economic Environment		12,724
Court Related	-	6,867
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	1,852,036

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Construction Completed	Additions	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Business-Type Activities				
Water and Sewer				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 119,981	\$ -	\$ 33,554	\$ 153,535
Construction in Progress	2,539,238	(2,154,514)	161,712	546,436
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,659,219	(2,154,514)	195,266	699,971
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	1,978			1,978
Water system	6,294,571	2,154,514	370,962	8,820,047
Equipment	324,368		59,651	384,019
Total capital assets being depreciated	6,620,917	2,154,514	430,613	9,206,044
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	1,699		198	1,897
Water system	782,838	-	166,779	949,617
Equipment	154,975		36,285	191,260
Total accumulated depreciation	939,512		203,262	1,142,774
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	5,681,405	2,154,514	227,351	8,063,270
Business-Type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 8,340,624</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 422,617</u>	<u>\$ 8,763,241</u>

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Ending Balance
Weldon Auditorium			
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements	<u>\$ 3,438,173</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 3,438,173</u>
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,438,173		3,438,173
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements	558,702	85,954	644,656
Total accumulated depreciation	558,702	85,954	644,656
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,879,471	_(85,954)	2,793,517
Business-Type activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 2,879,471</u>	<u>\$ (85,954)</u>	<u>\$ 2,793,517</u>

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Component Units

Harvin Clarendon County Library

Capital assets included in the financial statements consist of the following:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	<u>Disposals</u>	Ending • Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	<u>\$ 24,000</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 24,000</u>
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Building	405,413			405,413
Equipment	397,113			397,113
Books	201,729		14,840	186,889
Total Capital Assets being depreciated	1,004,255		14,840	989,415
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Building	328,658	10,741		339,399
Equipment	389,519	6,740		396,259
Books	201,729		(14,840)	186,889
Total accumulated depreciated	919,906	17,481	(14,840)	922,547
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	84,349	(17,481)		66,868
Total Capital Assets, net	<u>\$ 108,349</u>	<u>\$ (17,481)</u>		<u>\$ 90,868</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$17,481.

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Component Units

Business Development Corporation of Clarendon County (BDC)

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land restricted for I-95 Mega-site Land Construction WIP Easement	\$ 961,855 2,541,151 88,685 3,291	\$ - - 47,540	\$ 961,855 2,541,151 136,225 3,291
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,594,982	47,540	_3,642,522
Capital assets being depreciated:			
Buildings and improvements	3,933,768	-	3,933,768
Infrastructure	254,911		254,911
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,188,679	·	4,188,679
Less accumulated depreciation for:			
Buildings and improvements	1,239,469	131,125	1,370,594
Infrastructure	85,678	8,497	94,175
-			
Total accumulated depreciation	1,325,147	139,622	1,464,769
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	2,863,532	<u>(139,622)</u>	_2,723,910
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 6,458,514</u>	<u>\$ (92,082)</u>	<u>\$ 6,366,432</u>

The BDC uses the following estimated useful lives to compute depreciation:

Building and Improvements

30 years

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2018 was \$139,622.

NOTE 7 - INTERFUND BALANCES

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Interfund <u>Receivables</u>	Interfund <u>Payables</u>
Governmental Funds General Fund Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Funds: General Obligations	\$ - 212,787 <u>715,525</u>	\$ 928,312 - -
Governmental Funds	928,312	928,312
Enterprise Funds General Fund Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Funds: General Obligations Weldon Auditorium Water & Sewer Fund	1,179,102 1,128,483 870,855 -	- - 1,097,179 _2,081,261
Enterprise Fund	3,178,440	3,178,440
Fiduciary Funds General Fund Fiduciary Fund types: Probate	65,894 -	_ 3,979 5,817
Magistrates: General and Civil Clerk of Court Forfeited Lands School Districts	- 17 3,962	37,543 22,534 - -
Fiduciary Funds	69,873	69,873
	<u>\$ 4,176,625</u>	<u>\$ 4,176,625</u>

Interfund balances reflect amounts due for the last month's collections, amounts loaned for the water system purchase or other short term interfund arrangements.

Operating Transfers	<u>Transfers In</u>	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ 71,082	\$ 221,600
Capital Projects	446,600	- 1. The second
Fire Operating Fund	10,000	225,000
Water & Sewer		20,000
Weldon Auditorium	260,912	
Non Major Funds	100 C	265,912
Fiduciary Funds		56,082
	<u>\$ 788,594</u>	<u>\$ 788,594</u>

NOTE 8 – SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the following transactions occurred in short-term liabilities:

	Balance at June 30, 2017	Additions	Retirements	Balance at June 30, 2018
GBAN – Series 2016C	\$ 750,000		\$ 750,000	-
GBAN – Series 2017C	-	\$ 750,000		\$ 750,000

In November, 2015, the County issued a General Bond Anticipation Note (Series 2015E) for \$1,750,000 to be used for capital repairs and construction to county owned and maintained roads, as well as expansion to Class II landfill and acquisition of various vehicles. In November, 2016, this bond was paid off utilizing FEMA grant funds of \$1.0 million and proceeds from a \$750,000 GBAN (Series 2016C). In November, 2017, GBAN Series 2016C was paid off utilizing proceeds from a \$750,000 GBAN (Series 2017C).

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Primary Government

Governmental Activities

General Obligation Bonds

\$720,000 Bond issued September 6, 2013 (Series 2013B) to fund acquisition of self contained breathing apparati for the Fire service. Due in equal annual installments of \$62,518 (principal and interest) beginning September 6, 2014 and ending September 1, 2028. Interest accrues at a rate of 3.50%.

\$3,500,000 Bond issued April 10, 2014 (Series 2014B) to fund construction of new office building for Dept. of Social Services, State Probation and Parole and County Coroner office. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2017 of \$105,000 and ending March 1, 2039 of \$220,000. Interest accrues at a blended rate of 3.61% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity.

\$141,400 Bond issued February 12, 2015 (Series 2015A) to fund semi-annual installment lease purchase obligation on Courthouse Project. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2017 of \$26,267 and ending March 1, 2019 of \$33,614. Interest accrues at a rate of 1.67% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity.

\$ 562,707

3,285,000

33,614

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

A. Primary Government (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

General Obligation Bonds (continued)

\$500,000 Bond issued October 13, 2015 (Series 2015B) to fund acquisition of fire engine. Due in annual principal and interest installments beginning October 1, 2016 of \$42,645 and ending October 13, 2030. Interest accrues at a rate of 3.25%.

\$151,400 Bond issued August 13, 2015 (Series 2015C) to fund semi-annual installment lease purchase obligation on Courthouse Project. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2017 of \$29,690 and ending March 1, 2019 of \$69,863. Interest accrues at a rate of 1.71% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity.

\$145,000 Bond issued February 12, 2016 (Series 2016A) to fund semi-annual installment lease purchase obligation on Courthouse Project. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2017 of \$25,912 and ending March 1, 2019 of \$92,863. Interest accrues at a rate of 1.58% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity.

\$151,275 Bond issued August 12, 2016 (Series 2016B) to fund semi-annual installment lease purchase obligation on Courthouse Project. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2017 of \$13,735 and ending March 1, 2019 of \$105,892. Interest accrues at a rate of 1.59% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity.

\$300,000 Bond issued February 10, 2017 (Series 2017A) to fund semi-annual installment lease purchase obligation on Courthouse Project. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2018 of \$39,563 and ending March 1, 2020 of \$126,249. Interest accrues at a rate of 1.59% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity

446,352

69,863

92,863

105,892

260,437

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

A. Primary Government (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

General Obligation Bonds (continued)

\$750,000 Bond issued May 17, 2017 (Series 2017B) to fund renovations to office building for Dept. of Social Services, State Probation and Parole and County Coroner office. Due in annual installments beginning September 1, 2017 of \$36,998 and ending March 1, 2027 of \$41,601. Interest accrues at a rate of 2.35% and is payable semiannually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity.

\$288,550 Bond issued February 13, 2018 (Series 2018A) to fund semi-annual installment lease purchase obligation on Courthouse Project. Due in annual installments beginning March 1, 2018 of \$35,413 and ending March 1, 2020 of \$253,137. Interest accrues at a rate of 3.45% and is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 each year to maturity

Total General Obligations Bonds Payable \$ 5,824,567

679,289

288,550

The annual debt service payments for General Obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

General Obligation Bonds

June 30,	Principal	Interest
2019	\$ 721,413	\$ 192,414
2020	638,001	174,731
2021	267,770	154,873
2022	272,051	146,993
2023	281,459	138,984
2024 - 2028	1,448,506	564,130
2029 - 2033	990,367	350,047
2034 - 2038	985,000	165,600
2039 – 2043	220,000	8,800
	\$ 5,824,567	<u>\$1,896,572</u>

Blended Component Unit – Clarendon Facilities Corporation

In October, 2012, the Clarendon Facilities Corporation (CFC) issued \$6,970,000 Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds (Courthouse Renovation Project) Series 2012 to mature September 1, 2042, pursuant to an Installment Purchase and Use Agreement ("Agreement") between the County and the CFC. Proceeds were used to make improvements to and renovate the County Courthouse.

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

A. Primary Government (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

Blended Component Unit – Clarendon Facilities Corporation (continued)

In July, 2015 the Clarendon Facilities Corporation (CFC) issued Installment Purchase Refunding Revenue Bonds (Series 2015) in the amount of \$5,460,000 to mature September 1, 2030 pursuant to an Installment Purchase and Use Agreement ("Agreement") between the County and the CFC. Proceeds were to be used to defease Clarendon Facilities Corp IPRB (Series 2010), originally issued in the amount of \$6,500,000 in December, 2010 for the acquisition and construction of the County Administrative Complex.

The County will purchase the capital projects from CFC over twenty (20) years as required by the Agreements. The Agreements obligate the County to make payments to CFC in amounts calculated to be sufficient to enable CFC to pay the principal and interest on the outstanding bonds. The County's obligations under the Agreements are from year to year only and do not constitute a mandatory payment obligation of the County in any fiscal year in which funds are not appropriated by the County to pay the installment payments of the purchase price due in such fiscal year. It is anticipated that the payments will be funded by the County with the future issuance of short-term general obligation bonds or restricted Fee-in-Lieu of revenue.

The CFC bonds are not a debt of the County; however, as CFC is blended with the operations of the County, the debt of CFC is included with the County's other obligations as required by GAAP.

June 30, 2018

\$12,045,000

The annual debt service payments for Clarendon Facilities Corporation Installment Purchase Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Revenue Bonds

<u>June 30,</u>	Ī	Principal		Interest
2019	\$	350,000	\$	396,440
2020		355,000		389,340
2021		365,000		382,090
2022		375,000		374,640
2023		380,000		366,578
2024 - 2028		2,045,000		1,681,783
2029 - 2033		2,340,000	3	1,291,132
2034 - 2038		2,655,000		846,439
2039 - 2043		3,180,000		307,121
	<u>\$1</u>	2,045,000	\$ 6	3,035,563

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

A. Primary Government (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

Blended Component Unit – Clarendon Facilities Corporation (continued)

On July 30, 2015, the Clarendon Facilities Corporation issued \$5.46 million installment purchase refunding revenue bonds with an average coupon rate of 3.18 percent (with a net interest cost of 3.01 percent) to advance refund \$6.5 million of outstanding 2010 Series bonds with an average coupon rate of 4.51 percent (with a NIC of 4.71 percent). The net proceeds of \$5.2 million (after payment of \$0.2 million in underwriting fees, insurance and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$1.9 million of 2011 Series sinking fund monies were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2010 Series bonds. As a result, the 2010 Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability of those bonds has been removed from the long-term debt.

The CFC advance funded the 2010 Series bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over the next 15 years by almost \$2.36 million and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$65,403.

Capital Leases

\$126,501 – Lease/purchase agreement to finance the purchase of one knuckleboom truck. Due in annual payments of \$20,260, including interest, due on March 1 of each year. First payment due March 1, 2015 and ending payment due March 1, 2021. The truck's gross cost is \$126,501 and the accumulated depreciation is \$42,167.

\$200,000 – Lease/purchase agreement to finance the purchase of several motor vehicles. Due in semi-annual payments of \$21,277, including interest, due on April 15 and October 15 of each year. First payment due April 15, 2015 and ending payment due October 15, 2019. The vehicles' gross cost is \$217,538 and the accumulated depreciation is \$92,007.

\$190,271 – Lease/purchase agreement to finance the purchase of several motor vehicles. Due in monthly payments of \$3,323, including interest. First payment due January 1, 2017 and ending payment due December 1, 2021. The vehicles' gross cost is \$98,628 and the accumulated depreciation is \$36,164.

\$ 56,170

134,931

62,489

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

A. Primary Government (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued)

Capital Leases (continued)

\$250,000 – Lease/purchase agreement to finance the purchase of several motor vehicles. Due in monthly payments of \$4,432, including interest. First payment due January 1, 2018 and ending payment due December 1, 2022. The vehicles' gross cost is \$219,528 and the accumulated depreciation is \$43,506.

Total Capital Lea	ses
-------------------	-----

<u>227,793</u> 481,387

Future minimum lease payments under capital leases, together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments, as of June 30, 2018:

Year Ending June 30,	
2019	\$ 155,870
2020	134,932
2021	113,317
2022	73,117
2023	26,589
Total Minimum Lease Payment	503,825
Less Amount Representing Interest	22,438
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payment	<u>\$ 481,387</u>

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

B. Business Type Activities

Enterprise Revenue Bond – Weldon Auditorium

\$3,250,000 Enterprise Charge Limited Obligation Bond issued May 13, 2010 to finance a capital project. Due in annual installments beginning July 1, 2011 of \$45,000 and ending July 1, 2040 of \$190,000. Interest accrues at rates varying from 2.0% to 4.75% and is payable semi-annually on January 1 and July 1 each year until maturity. Revenue from County's Hospitality charge has been dedicated for required debt service.

\$ 2,800,000

The annual debt service payments for Weldon Auditorium Enterprise Charge Limited Obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Revenue Bonds June 30,	Principal	Interest
2019	\$ 75,000	\$ 124,424
2020	75,000	121,706
2021	80,000	118,896
2022	85,000	115,693
2023	85,000	112,187
2024 - 2028	490,000	502,727
2029 - 2033	600,000	383,431
2034 - 2038	760,000	223,963
2039 – 2041	550,000	39,900
	\$ 2,800,000	<u>\$ 1,742,927</u>

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

B. Business Type Activities (continued)

Enterprise Revenue Bonds – Water & Sewer

\$2,533,000 Bond issued April 19, 2012 (Series 2012A) to fund water system expansion. Interest only, due April 19, 2013 and April 19, 2014. Due in equal monthly installments thereafter beginning May 1, 2014 of \$8,967 and ending April 19, 2052. Interest accrues at a rate of 2.75%.

\$ 2,366,247

941,462

1,145,592

249,720

\$ 4,703,021

\$1,007,800 Bond issued April 19, 2012 (Series 2012B) to fund water system expansion. Interest only, due April 19, 2013 and April 19, 2014. Due in equal monthly installments thereafter beginning May 1, 2014 of \$3,568 and ending April 19, 2052. Interest accrues at a rate of 2.75%.

\$1,179,000 Bond issued October 28, 2016 (Series 2016A) to fund construction of elevated water tank and accompanying well. Due in equal monthly installments thereafter beginning November 28, 2016 of \$3,502 and ending October 28, 2056. Interest accrues at a rate of 1.875%.

\$257,000 Bond issued October 28, 2016 (Series 2016B) to fund construction of elevated water tank and accompanying well. Due in equal monthly installments thereafter beginning November 28, 2016 of \$764 and ending October 28, 2056. Interest accrues at a rate of 1.875%.

Balance at June 30, 2018

The annual debt service payments for Water and Sewer Enterprise Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

Revenue Bonds June 30,	Principal	Interest
2019	\$ 85,067	\$ 116,545
2020	87,220	114,392
2021	89,428	112,184
2022	91,695	109,917
2023	94,017	107,595
2024 - 2028	507,130	500,930
2029 – 2033	575,024	433,036
2034 – 2038	652,234	355,826
2039 - 2043	740,097	267,963
2044 - 2048	840,074	167,986
2049 - 2053	775,779	56,791
2054 – 2056	165,256	5,384
	<u>\$ 4,703,021</u>	<u>\$2,348,549</u>

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

B. Business Type Activities (continued)

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Retirements	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds					
- Series 2013A	\$ 33,118	\$ -	\$ 33,118	\$ -	\$ -
- Series 2013B	604,082	-	41,375	562,707	42,823
- Series 2013C	31,408		31,408	-	
- Series 2014A	58,210	-	58,210		n
- Series 2014B	3,395,000	-	110,000	3,285,000	110,000
- Series 2014C	123,067	-	123,067	-	_
- Series 2015A	115,133	-	81,519	33,614	33,614
- Series 2015B	473,605		27,253	446,352	28,139
- Series 2015C	121,710	-	51,847	69,863	69,863
- Series 2016A	119,088	-	26,225	92,863	92,863
- Series 2016B	137,540	-	31,648	105,892	105,892
- Series 2017A	300,000	-	39,563	260,437	134,188
- Series 2017B	750,000		70,711	679,289	68,618
- Series 2018A	-	288,550	-	288,550	35,413
Revenue Bonds					
- IPRB (Admin) Refunding	5,460,000	-	335,000	5,125,000	340,000
- IPRB (Courthouse)	6,930,000		10,000	6,920,000	10,000
Total Bonds	18,651,961	288,550	1,070,944	17,869,567	1,071,413
Other Liabilities					
Compensated Absences	464,973	56,283		521,256	412,340
Closure & Maintenance	527,300		19,800	507,500	26,800
Capital Leases	348,244	250,000	116,857	481,387	145,715
Total Other Liabilities	1,340,517	306,283	136,657	1,510,143	584,855
Governmental Activities Long Term Liabilities	19,992,478	594,833	1,207,601	19,379,710	1,656,268
Business Type Activities					
Revenue Bonds					
Weldon 2010 Series	2,870,000	-	70,000	2,800,000	75,000
Water Expansion (2012A)	2,408,029	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	41,782	2,366,247	42,947
Water Expansion (2012B)	958,084		16,622	941,462	17,086
Water Expansion (2016A)	1,165,762		20,170	1,145,592	20,555
Water Expansion (2016B)	254,115		4,395	249,720	4,479
Total Bonds	7,655,990		152,969	7,503,021	160,067
Other Liabilities					
Compensated Absences	4,420	1,776		6,196	6,196
Total Other Liabilities		1,776	-	6,196	6,196
Business Type Activities	4,420				
Long Term Liabilities	<u>4,420</u> 7,660,410	1,776	152,969	7,509,217	166,263

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

C. Discretely Presented Component Units

Business Development Corporation of Clarendon County (BDC)

Note payable to bank, with monthly payments of \$11,500 including interest at 5%, final payment due April 10, 2019. Collateralized by real property leased by Meritor Heavy Vehicle Systems, LLC with a carrying value, net of accumulated depreciation of \$625,000. The Corporation has received a letter of intent from the bank to renew the loan at terms similar to the existing loan with interest rates based upon market rates at the time of renewal. Current maturities were calculated using the terms, payments and interest rate of the existing loan.

Note payable to bank with monthly payments of \$3,711.19, including interest at 5.95% due June 10, 2019. The Corporation has received a letter of intent from the bank to renew the loan at terms similar to the existing loan with interest rates based upon market rates at the time of renewal. Current maturities were calculated using the terms, payments and interest rate of the existing loan.

Note payable to Santee Electric Co-operative Inc., with interest at 2%. Payments will be interest only for the first two years, in the amount of \$3,600 payable on or before December 1, 2015, 2016, and 2017. The loan was extended on February 1, 2018. One half of the principal and interest (\$93,600) is due December 1, 2018. The balance of \$91,800 is due on or before December 1, 2020. If Spec Building #7 is sold during the period, the debt shall be satisfied with proceeds from the sale.

Note payable to Farmers Telephone Co-operative with 0% interest payable upon sale of Spec Building #7. Note recorded at face value excluding imputed interest as the initial term is indefinite.

Note payable to Clarendon County with 0% interest (Central SC Alliance) due upon the sale, lease or donation of Spec Building #7 or June 30, 2019, whichever is earlier. Note recorded at face value excluding imputed interest as the initial term is indefinite.

Subtotal of notes payable1,350,502Less current portion(399,104)Notes payable – noncurrent portion\$ 951,398

313,321

357,181

and a since

180,000

250,000

250,000

59

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

C. Discretely Presented Component Units (continued)

Business Development Corporation of Clarendon County (BDC) (continued)

The maturities of long-term debt is as follows:

<u>June 30,</u>	Principal	Interest
2019	\$ 399,104	\$ 33,430
2020	496,472	29,163
2021	173,507	20,098
2022	28,591	15,943
2023	30,339	14,195
Thereafter	221,989	13,281
	<u>\$ 1,350,502</u>	<u>\$ 126,110</u>

NOTE 10 - OPERATING LEASES

The County entered into an operating lease for its judicial building. The thirty (30) year lease term began October 1, 2004 and ends September 30, 2034. There is a renewal option for an additional ten years with a thirty-day notice. The rental amount is \$7,000 per month for a term of fifteen years. The remaining rental amount is \$3,000 plus the percentage of increase or decrease in the Consumer Price Index of all urban consumers for the next fifteen years. The lease does contain cancellation provisions and is subject to annual appropriations. The lease expense for 2017-18 is \$84,000.

The County entered into an operating lease for a D5K Caterpillar Dozer. The 60 month lease term began August 27, 2014 and ends August 27, 2019. Monthly lease payments are \$2,092.

The County entered into an operating lease for a 670G John Deere motor grader. The 60 month lease term began October 15, 2015 and ends October 15, 2020. Annual lease payments are \$25,920.

The County entered into an operating lease for a 410L John Deere loader backhoe. The 60 month lease term began December 1, 2016 and ends December 1, 2021. Annual lease payments are \$9,919.

The County entered into an operating lease for a 6105M John Deere tractor mower. The 60 month lease term began August 30, 2016 and ends August 30, 2021. Monthly lease payments are \$2,429.

The County entered into an operating lease for a 670G John Deere motor grader. The 60 month lease term began October 19, 2017 and ends September 15, 2022. Monthly lease payments are \$2,147.

NOTE 10 – OPERATING LEASES (continued)

The future annual rental payments are as follows:

2019	\$	199,854
2020		145,027
2021		100,831
2022		64,195
2023		42,442
2024 - 2028		180,000
2029 - 2033		180,000
2034 - 2035		45,000
	\$	957,349

NOTE 11 – PROVISION FOR CLOSURE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations as governed by Solid Waste management Regulation R.61-107.258, Subpart C, Section (c) and the South Carolina Solid Waste Policy and Management Act of 1991, Section 44-96-390 require that Clarendon County place a final cover on its landfill when closed and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for 30 years after closure. In August 1993, the GASB issued GASB-18, Accounting for Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs, in order to reduce the diversity of acceptable accounting practices in this area. GASB-18 applies to all governmental municipal solid waste landfills irrespective of what type of accounting model is used to account for the activities of a landfill. As defined by GASB-18, the basic objective is to recognize all landfill costs by the time a landfill is closed. The costs to be identified for closure and postclosure care include (1) capital assets, (2) final cover and (3) monitoring and maintenance activities.

While Clarendon County's original landfill was closed and capped in 2002 to municipal waste, the construction demolition and land clearing debris (C&D) landfill is still open with a life expectancy of twenty one years. The municipal landfill's liability at June 30, 2018 is \$507,500. See Note 9.

The nature and source of landfill closure and postclosure care requirements are monitored by both federal and State of South Carolina environmental protection agencies. Levels of ground water pollutants are set by State agencies and the monitoring of these amounts have been reported to County officials to be in conformity with guidelines. The County annually obtains updated and revised estimates of total future closure and post-closure costs from its consulting engineers. The provision for closure costs reported in the financial statements as operating expense represents the portion of these estimated future outlays which are allocable to the current year based on the amount of capacity used. The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities and services required to close, monitor and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2018. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations. Clarendon County has not accumulated or segregated funds to meet this reserve.

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS

Description of the Entity

The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), which was created July 1, 2012, administers the various retirement systems and retirement programs managed by its Retirement Division. PEBA has an 11-member Board of Directors, appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary of the systems and the trust funds. By law, the State Fiscal Accountability Authority (SFAA), which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the funding of the South Carolina Retirement Systems (Systems) and serves as a co-trustee of the Systems in conducting that review. Effective July 1, 2017, the Retirement System Funding and Administration Act of 2017 assigned the PEBA Board of Directors as the Custodian of the Retirement Trust Funds and assigned SC PEBA and the Retirement Trust Funds.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Systems and additions to/deductions from the Systems fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting as they are reported by the Systems in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefit and refund expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The CAFR is publicly available through the Retirement Benefits' link on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

Plan Descriptions

- The South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for employees of the state, its public school districts, and political subdivisions.
- The South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System (PORS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1962, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for police officers and firemen of the state and its political subdivisions.

NOTE 12 – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Membership

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below.

- SCRS Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.
- PORS To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; or to serve as a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

Benefits

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation/current annual salary. A brief summary of the benefit terms for each system is presented below.

• SCRS - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

NOTE 12 – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Benefits (continued)

 PORS - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty.

The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

Contributions

Contributions are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. The PEBA board may increase the percentage rate in SCRS and PORS employer and employee contribution rates on the basis of the actuarial valuations, but any such increase may not result in a differential between the employee and total employer contribution rate that exceeds 2.9 percent of earnable compensation for SCRS and 5 percent for PORS. An increase in the contribution rates adopted by the board may not provide for an increase of more than one-half of one percent in any one year. If the scheduled employee and employer contributions provided in statute or the rates last adopted by the board are insufficient to maintain a thirty year amortization schedule of the unfunded liabilities of the plans, the board shall increase the contribution rates in equal percentage amounts for the employer and employee as necessary to maintain the thirty-year amortization period; this increase is not limited to one-half of one percent.

If the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the Systems for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of system assets to the actuarial accrued liability of the system (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than ninety percent, then the board, effective on the following July first, may decrease the then current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than ninety percent. Any decrease in contribution rates must maintain the 2.9 and 5 percent differentials between the SCRS and PORS employer and employee contribution rates respectively. If contribution rates are decreased pursuant to this provision, and the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio of less than ninety percent, then effective on the following July first, and annually thereafter as necessary, the board shall increase the then current contribution rates until a subsequent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio that is equal to or greater than 90 percent.

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Contributions (continued)

The Retirement System Funding and Administration Act increases employer contribution rates to 13.56 percent for SCRS and 16.24 percent for PORS, effective July 1, 2017. It also removes the 2.9 percent and 5 percent differential and increases and establishes a ceiling on employee contribution rates at 9 percent and 9.75 percent for SCRS and PORS respectively. The employer contribution rates will continue to increase annually by 1 percent through July 1, 2022. The legislation's ultimate scheduled employer rate is 18.56 percent for SCRS and 21.24 percent for PORS. The amortization period is scheduled to be reduced one year for each of the next 10 years to a twenty year amortization schedule. The recent pension reform legislation also changes the long term funded ratio requirement from ninety to eighty-five.

Required **employee** contribution rates¹ for fiscal year 2017-2018 are as follows:

SCRS	
Employee Class Two	9.00%
Employee Class Three	9.00%
PORS	
Employee Class Two	9.75%
Employee Class Three	9.75%

Required employer contribution rates¹ are as follows:

SCRS	
Employer Class Two	13.41%
Employer Class Three	13.41%
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.15%
PORS	
Employer Class Two	15.84%
Employer Class Three	15.84%
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.20%
Employer Accidental Death Program	0.20%

¹ Calculated on earnable compensation as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws.

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Contributions (continued)

The County's and Harvin Clarendon County Library's contributions to the SCRS and PORS for the last three fiscal years were are follows:

County:

SCRS Employee Contributions Employer Contributions Employer Group Life Contributions	2018 \$ 459,773 685,064 7,663	2017 \$ 432,244 569,502 7,487	2016 \$ 403,606 539,627 7,419
Total	<u>\$1,152,500</u>	<u>\$1,009,233</u>	<u>\$ 950,652</u>
PORS Employee Contributions Employer Contributions Employer Group Life Contributions	\$ 437,370 710,554 <u>17,943</u>	\$ 413,672 619,616 <u>17,908</u>	\$ 388,493 592,965 <u>17,780</u>
Total	<u>\$1,165,867</u>	<u>\$1,051,196</u>	<u>\$ 999,238</u>
Harvin Clarendon County Library:			
SCRS Employee Contributions Employer Contributions Employer Group Life Contributions	\$ 27,033 40,280 456	\$ 2017 26,167 34,477 453	\$ 2016 23,703 31,719 436
Total	<u>\$ 67,769</u>	<u>\$ 61,097</u>	<u>\$ 55,858</u>

The County and the Library have contributed 100 percent of the required contributions for the current year and in each of the two preceding years.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the County reported a liability of \$11,166,883 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for SCRS and a liability of \$9,107,560 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for PORS. Harvin Clarendon County Library reported a liability of \$674,223 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the defined benefit plan was determined based on the most recent actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, using membership as of that date projected forward to the end of the retirement plan's fiscal year, and financial information of the pension trust funds as of June 30, 2016. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating governmental units, actuarially determined.

At the retirement plan's year end of June 30, 2017, the County's proportion was .049605 percent and .33245 percent for SCRS and PORS, respectively. The Library's proportion was .002995 percent.

NOTE 12 – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized pension expense of \$2,101,769, including \$1,031,774 for SCRS and \$1,069,995 for PORS, respectively. Harvin Clarendon County Library recognized pension expense of \$50,217.

At June 30, 2018, the County and the Library reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

County:

County:	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
SCRS		
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Assumption Changes Net Difference between Projected and Actual	\$ 49,782 653,701	\$ 6,189 -
Investment Earnings Deferred Amounts from Changes in Proportionate Share and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Total Plan Employer	311,727 Э	-
Contributions Direct Contributions Subsequent to the	69,891	289,047
Measurement Date	692,727	
Total	<u>\$ 1,777,828</u>	<u>\$ 295,236</u>
PORS		
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience Assumption Changes Net Difference between Projected and Actual	\$ 81,214 864,391	\$ - -
Investment Earnings Deferred Amounts from Changes in Proportionate Share and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Total Plan Employer	324,540 e	-
Contributions Direct Contributions Subsequent to the	61,650	280,489
Measurement Date	728,497	
Total	<u>\$ 2,060,292</u>	<u>\$ 280,489</u>

NOTE 12 – RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Deferred Outflows Deferred Inflows

Harvin Clarendon County Library:

SCRS		Resources		ed Inflows Resources
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	3,006	\$	374
Assumption Changes		39,469		
Net Difference between Projected and Actual				
Investment Earnings		18,821		-
Deferred Amounts from Changes in Proportionate Share and Differences between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Total Plan Employer	9			
Contributions		2,078		42,460
Direct Contributions Subsequent to the				
Measurement Date	-	40,736	. <u> </u>	
Total	\$	104,110	\$	42,834

The amounts of \$692,727 for SCRS, \$728,497 for PORS, and \$40,736 for Harvin Clarendon County Library for SCRS reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County and Library contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019.

As discussed in GASB 68, collective deferred outflows/inflows of resources arising from differences between projected and actual pension plan investment earnings in different measurement periods should be aggregated and included as a net collective deferred outflow or inflow of resources related to pensions. The following schedules reflect the County's proportionate share of amortization of collective deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to pensions outstanding at June 30, 2017.

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Differenc	e between expected and actual	experience	
	SCRS	PORS	
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	
Initial Balance	\$ 344,957	\$ 291,669	
Amortized ² period			
ending June 30,			
2014	\$ (74,852)	\$ (44,046)	
2015	(69,535)	(48,739)	
2016	(75,165)	(56,993)	
2017	(81,812)	(60,677)	
2018	(24,401)	(54,332)	
2019	(11,406)	(15,673)	
2020	(7,301)	(9,172)	
2021	(485)	(2,037)	
	Assumption changes		
	SCRS	PORS	
	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017	
Initial Balance	\$ 866,425	\$ 1,107,690	
Amortized ² period ending June 30,			
2014	\$ -	\$ -	
2015		-	
2016			
2017	(212,724)	(243,299)	
2018	(212,724)	(243,277)	
2019	(212,724)	(243,288)	
2020	(212,724)	(243,288)	
2021	(15,529)	(134,538)	
Difference bet	ween projected and actual inve	stment earnings ³	
	SCRS	PORS	
	<u>June 30, 2017</u>	June 30, 2017	
Initial Balance	\$ 341,259	\$ 375,868	
Amortized ² period ending June 30,		. C	
2014	\$ 180,003	\$ 184,105	
2015	29,258	26,206	
2016	(170,541)	(186,465)	
2017	(68,252)	(75,174)	
2018	(68,252)	(75,174)	
2019	(248,255)	(259,276)	
2020	(97,510)	(101,381)	
2021	102,290	111,291	

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Library:

Difference between e	expected and actual experience ¹
	SCRS
	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
Initial Balance	\$ 20,827
Amortized ² period	
Ending June 30,	
2014	\$ (4,519)
2015	(4,198)
2016	(4,538)
2017	(4,940)
2018	(1,473)
2019	(689)
2020	(441)
2021	(29)
2022	-
Thereafter	-

Assu	umption Changes
	SCRS
	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
Initial Balance	\$ 52,313
Amortized ² period	
Ending June 30,	
2017	\$ (12,844)
2018	(12,844)
2019	(12,844)
2020	(12,844)
2021	(937)
2022	
Thereafter	-

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

1	ibrar	V:
_	- all	J.

Difference between project	cted and actual investment earnings ³
	SCRS
	<u>June 30, 2017</u>
Initial Balance	\$ 20,604
Amortized ² period	
Ending June 30,	
2014	\$ 10,868
2015	1,767
2016	(10,297)
2017	(4,121)
2018	(4,121)
2019	(14,989)
2020	(5,887)
2021	6,176
2022	
Thereafter	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

¹ In accordance with GASB 68, the difference between each year's expected and actual experience is required to be amortized over the average remaining service lives of all employees provided with pensions through the plan at June 30. The service periods used for amortization periods are 4.233 years for 6/30/14; 4.164 years for 6/30/15; 4.116 years for 6/30/16; and, 4.073 for 6/30/17 for SCRS and are 4.856 for 6/30/14; 4.796 for 6/30/15; 4.665 for 6/30/16; and 4.553 for 6/30/17 for PORS.

² Amount amortized and included in pension expense during measurement period listed.

³ In accordance with GASB 68, the difference between each year's projected and actual investment earnings is required to be amortized over a closed 5 year period.

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations of the ongoing plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each fiveyear period. An experience report on the Systems was most recently issued as of July 1, 2015.

The June 30, 2017, total pension liability (TPL), net pension liability (NPL), and sensitivity information shown in this report were determined by the consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company (GRS) and are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2016. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plans' fiscal year end, June 30, 2017,

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (continued)

using generally accepted actuarial principles. The Retirement System Funding and Administration Act of 2017 was signed into law April 25, 2017, and included a provision to reduce the assumed rate of return from 7.50% to 7.25% effective July 1, 2017. As a result of this legislation, GRS made an adjustment to the calculation of the roll-forward total pension liability for this assumption change as of the measurement date of June 30, 2017.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used to calculate the TPL as of June 30, 2017.

SCRS	PORS
Entry age normal	Entry age normal
7.25%	7.25%
3.0% - 12.5% (varies by service) ¹	3.5% - 9.5% (varies by service) ¹
Lesser of 1% or \$500 annually	Lesser of 1% or \$500 annually
	Entry age normal 7.25% 3.0% - 12.5% (varies by service) ¹ Lesser of 1%

¹ Includes inflation at 2.75%

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality table (2017 PRSC), was developed using the Systems' mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2016.

Assumptions used in the determination of the June 30, 2017, TPL are as follows.

Former Job Class	Males	Females
Educators	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 92%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 98%
General Employees and Members of the General Assembly	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 100%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%
Public Safety and Firefighters	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 125%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLANS (continued)

Net Pension Liability

The NPL is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's TPL determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less that System's fiduciary net position. NPL totals, as of June 30, 2017, for SCRS and PORS are presented below.

System	Total Pension Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Employers' Net Pension Liability(Asset)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
SCRS	\$48,244,437	\$25,732,829	\$22,511,608	53.3%
PORS	7,013,684	4,274,123	2,739,561	60.9%

The TPL is calculated by the Systems' actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the <u>Systems' financial statements</u>. The NPL is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67 in the Systems' notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Systems' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 67 and 68 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the plans' funding requirements.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon 30 year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rate of returns represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees.

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2017 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation and is summarized in the table on the following page. For actuarial purposes, the 7.25 percent assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the TPL includes a 5.00 percent real rate of return and a 2.25 percent inflation component.

NOTE 12 - RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Long-term Expected Rate of Return (continued)

Asset Class	Target Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Expected Arithmetic Real <u>Rate of Return</u>	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	45.0%		
Global Public Equity	31.0%	6.72%	2.08%
Private Equity	9.0%	9.60%	0.86%
Equity Options Strategies	5.0%	5.91%	0.30%
Real Assets	8.0%		
Real Estate (Private)	5.0%	4.32%	0.22%
Real Estate (REITs)	2.0%	6.33%	0.13%
Infrastructure	1.0%	6.26%	0.06%
Opportunistic	17.0%		
GTAA/Risk Parity	10.0%	4.16%	0.42%
HF (non-PA)	4.0%	3.82%	0.15%
Other Opportunistic Strategies	3.0%	4.16%	0.12%
Diversified Credit	18.0%		
Mixed Credit	6.0%	3.92%	0.24%
Emerging Markets Debt	5.0%	5.01%	0.25%
Private Debt	7.0%	4.37%	0.31%
Conservative Fixed Income	12.0%		
Core Fixed Income Cash and Short Duration	10.0%	1.60%	0.16%
(Net)	2.0%	0.92%	0.02%
Total Expected Real Return	100.0%		5.31%
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes			2.25%
Total Expected Nominal Return			7.56%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS and PORS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

NOTE 12 – RETIREMENT PLAN (continued)

Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the County's and Harvin Clarendon County Library's collective NPL of the participating employers calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the employers' NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percent lower (6.25 percent) or 1.00 percent higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

<u>System</u>	1.00% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1.00% Increase (8.25%)
County:			
SCRS	\$14,392,578	\$11,166,883	\$ 9,209,644
PORS	\$12,296,939	\$ 9,107,560	\$ 6,595,329
Harvin Claren	don County Library:		
SCRS	\$ 868,980	\$ 674,223	\$ 556,050

Additional Financial and Actuarial Information

Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plans administered by PEBA is available in the Systems' separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) containing financial statements and required supplementary information for SCRS and PORS. Additional actuarial information is available in the accounting and financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017.

Payables to the Pension Plan

As of June 30, 2018, the County had \$195,814 in payables outstanding to the pension plans for its legally required contributions. The Library had \$5,219 in payables outstanding to the pension plan for its legally required contributions.

NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS

Background

The County follows Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75 (implemented July 1, 2017) for other post-employment benefits (OPEB) offered to retirees. This standard addresses how local governments should account for and report their costs related to post-employment health care and other non-pension benefits, such as the County's retiree health benefit subsidy. Historically, the County's subsidy was funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, but GASB 75 (previously GASB 45) requires that the County accrue the cost of retiree health subsidy and other post-employment benefits during the period of the employees' active employment, while the benefits are being earned, and disclose the unfunded actuarial liability in order to accurately account for the total future cost of postemployment benefits and the financial impact on the County. This funding methodology mirrors the funding approach used for pension benefits.

The County's defined benefit OPEB plan provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the County. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the County. Pursuant to Section 1-11-710/720 of the State Code of Laws the County is allowed to provide OPEB benefits through the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA). The County may not amend or change any of the benefits associated with the Plan as a result of this election. Postemployment and long-term disability benefits are funded through annual premiums (remitted monthly) as assessed each year by the Department of Administration Executive Budget Office.

Plan Description

Other postemployment benefits provided by the County include a retiree health insurance premium contribution plan that covers retirees.

Some retirees, who are referred to as "non-funded retirees," are eligible for insurance but must pay the full premium, which includes the retiree share plus the employer contribution. These retirees worked in an insurance-eligible position prior to May 2, 2008, with an employer participating in the state insurance program and include:

- Employees who are eligible to retire and have at least five years, but fewer than 10 years, of earned SCRS service credit with a participating state insurance program employer.
- Former County Council members who served on Council for at least 12 years and were covered under the state's plan when they left the Council. It is up to the County Council to decide whether to allow former members to have this coverage.

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (continued)

Whether you are a funded or a non-funded retiree, the following types of service do not count toward your earned service credit requirement for insurance eligibility: non-qualified, federal, military, out-of-state employment, educational service, leave of absence, unused sick leave or service with employers that do not participate in the state insurance program. Retirees under the retiree health plan prior to July 1, 2005 will be grandfathered into the system, with their (retiree) monthly premiums paid by the County. A retiree who has elected to cover their spouse and/or eligible dependent children will continue to be responsible for paying the entire cost of the dependent's monthly insurance premium as set by the State Employee Insurance Program.

Employees Hired Before May 2, 2008

If you worked in an insurance-eligible position prior to May 2, 2008, with an employer participating in the state insurance program, your health insurance benefits in retirement are eligible for funding if you fall into one of these categories:

- Employees who leave employment when they are eligible to retire and have at least 10 years of earned service credit with an employer that participates in the state insurance program.
- Employees who leave employment before they are eligible to retire and who have at least 20 years of earned SCRS service credit with an employer that participates in the state insurance program. These employees are not eligible for insurance coverage until age 60 when they are eligible to receive a retirement check. Employees who qualify under the Police Officers Retirement System (PORS) become eligible at age 55.
- Employees who left employment before 1990 and who were not eligible to retire, but who had 18 years of earned SCRS service credit and returned to work with a participating group, enrolled in a state health and dental plan, and worked for at least two consecutive years in a full-time, permanent position.

NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (continued)

Employees Hired on or After May 2, 2008

New retiree insurance provisions were created by Act 195 of 2008 that apply to new employees hired on or after May 2, 2008. At retirement, you must meet established insurance eligibility rules, and funding for your health insurance will be determined by calculating the number of years of earned service with an employer participating in the state insurance program.

These new funding provisions apply to SCRS and PORS participants, as follows:

- a) If the retiree's earned service credit in a state retirement system is five or more years, but fewer than fifteen years with a state-covered entity, then the retiree shall pay the full premium for the Plan. (There will be no employer contribution for individuals in this category, and they will be obligated to pay the entire premium.)
- b) If the retiree's earned service credit in a state retirement system is fifteen or more years, but fewer than twenty-five years with a state-covered entity, then the retiree is eligible for fifty percent County paid premiums and the retiree shall pay the remainder of the premiums cost. (Individuals in this category will receive an employer contribution equal to half of the "regular" State contribution, and will be obligated to pay the difference of the total premium and partial State contribution.)
- c) If the retiree's earned service credit in a state retirement system is twenty-five or more years with a state-covered entity, then the retiree eligible for one hundred percent County paid premiums and the retiree shall pay the remainder of the premiums cost. (Individuals in this category will receive an employer contribution equal to the "regular" State contribution, and will be obligated to pay the difference of the total premium and State contribution.)

Employees covered by benefit terms in the Plan as of June 30, 2016:

Inactive Plan members or beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	56
Active plan members	270
Total Plan members	<u>326</u>

The County's total OPEB liability of \$17,573,948 was measured as of June 30, 2017, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016.

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (continued)

Funding Policy

The County established a policy to fund the "OPEB" Obligation on a pay-as-you-go basis "PAYGO" (no funding of the future obligation). The County will review the funding policy and contribution annually. No assets are accumulated in a Trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial cost method	Individual entry-age
Discount rate	3.56% as of June 30, 2017
Inflation	2.25%
Salary increase	3.5% to 9.5% for PORS and 3.0% to 7.0% for SCRS, including inflation
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition
Mortality	For health retirees, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Table for Males and Females are used with fully generational mortality projections based on Scale AA from the year 2016. The following multipliers are applied to the base tables: 100% for male SCRS members, 111% for female SCRS members, 125% for male PORS members and 111% for female PORS members
Health care trend rates	7.0% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.15% over 15 years; ultimate trend rate includes a 0.15% adjustment for the excise tax.
Participation rates	It was assumed that 85% of retirees who are eligible for the full County premium subsidy, 60% of retirees who are eligible for a partially funded County subsidy and 20% of retirees who are not eligible for any subsidy would choose to receive retiree health care benefits through the Plan. Retirees that do not receive a subsidy are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2017 - restated	\$18,375,163
Changes for the year	
Service cost	903,965
Interest on the OPEB liability Difference between expected and actual experience	541,509
of the total OPEB liability	207,669
Changes of assumptions	(1,889,754)
Benefit payments	(564,603)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(801,215)
Balance at June 30, 2018	<u>\$17,573,949</u>

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.92% as of June 30, 2016 to 3.56% as of June 30, 2017.

The following table presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

		Current Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase
S. A. States	2.56%	3.56%	4.56%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 20,614,640	\$ 17,573,949	\$ 15,103,797

Regarding the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates, the following presents the Plan's total liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

		Current Healthcare cost		•
1	1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 14,436,461	\$ 17,573,949	\$ 21,697,915	

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$1,228,516.

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (continued)

At June 30, 2018, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Contributions subsequent to the measurement		
date	\$ 513,099	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual		
experience	180,884	÷
Changes in assumptions		1,646,012
Total	<u>\$ 693,983</u>	\$ 1,646,012

The County reported deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. The difference between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions are reported as deferred outflows (inflows) of resources and will be amortized over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided OPEB through the OPEB Plan (active and inactive members) determined as of the beginning of the measurement period. Average remaining service lives of all employees that are provided OPEB through the OPEB plan at the June 30, 2017 measurement date was 7.7531 years. The following schedule reflects the amortization of the County's net balance of remaining deferred outflows/(inflows) at June 30, 2018:

\$ (216,957)
(216,957)
(216,957)
(216,957)
(216,957)
(380,343)
<u>\$(1,465,128)</u>

. . .

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (continued)

Harvin Clarendon County Library

Background

The Library implemented GASB State No. 75 July 1, 2017, for other postemployment benefits offered to retirees. See the background information as provided by the County above.

Plan Description

Other postemployment benefits provided by the Library include a retiree health insurance premium contribution plan that covers retirees with the same benefits provided by the County as described above.

Funding Policy

The Library has elected not to pre-fund OPEB liabilities and to fund healthcare benefits on a "pay-as-you-go basis" (no funding of the Obligation). The Library will review the funding policy and contributions annually. No assets are accumulated in a Trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Employees covered by benefit terms in the Plan as of June 30, 2018:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	2
Active plan members	_7
Total plan members	9

The Library's total OPEB liability of \$454,215 was measured as of June 30, 2018, and was determined by using the Alternative Measurement Method (AMM) valuation of an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2017, as restated	\$ 669,970
Changes for the year	
Service cost	14,943
Interest on the OPEB liability	24,287
Difference between expected and actual experience of the	
total OPEB liability (Effect of Economic/Demographic gains	
and losses)	(240,747)
Changes in assumptions	(3,061)
Benefit payments	(11,077)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(215,755)
Balance at June 30, 2018	<u>\$ 454,215</u>
Covered-employee payroll	<u>\$ 255,600</u>
	and a start of the

Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll <u>177.71%</u>

NOTE 13 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (continued)

Harvin Clarendon County Library (continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability (continued)

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.56% as of June 30, 2017, to 3.62% as of June 30, 2018.

Effect of the Economic/Demographic gains or losses include the impact on the total OPEB liability resulting from the termination of one plan member's services during June 30, 2018.

The following table presents the total OPEB Liability of the Library, as well as what the Library's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

		Current Discount		
	1% Decrease 2.62%	Rate Assumption 3.62%	1% Increase 4.62%	
Total OPEB liability	\$ 509,280	\$ 454,215	\$ 407,238	

Regarding the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates, the following presents the Plan's total liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the Plan's total OPEB liability should be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

		Current Healthcare cost	
	1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase
Total OPEB liability	\$ 408,876	\$ 454,215	\$ 506,121

In accordance with GASB 75 paragraph 43(a), deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to differences between actual and expected experience with regard to economic or demographic factors or changes in assumptions and other inputs are not used under the Alternative Measurement Method. These items are recognized in OPEB expense immediately. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Library recognized OPEB expense of \$(215,755).

The change in reporting the total OPEB liability prior to the implementation of GASB 75 to implementation of GASB 75 as of June 30, 2017, was accounted for as a restatement of unrestricted net position and a restatement of previously reported OPEB liability (See Note 18).

NOTE 13 – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLANS (continued)

Harvin Clarendon County Library (continued)

Methods and Assumptions

These are detailed in the Library's separate notes to the financial statements.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend.

NOTE 14 - FUND BALANCE REPORTING

The County and Library have classified their fund balances with the following hierarchy: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned according to GASB Statement 54.

The County fund balance as of June 30, 2018 was classified as follows:

Description	General <u>Fund</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	General County Debt <u>Svc</u>	Fire <u>Depart</u> .	C-Program <u>Roads</u>	Other Govern- <u>mental</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Nonspendable:							
Inventory	\$ 68,986	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 68,986
Restricted:							
LOST Reserve	1,149,106			4	33		1,149,106
Local drug interdiction	-	-	-	-		711,979	711,979
Solicitor's office	-			-	÷	264,825	264,825
Debt service	-		2,217,427	÷.	-	139,589	2,357,016
I-95 Mega site	43,985		- 11 M -	·	-		43,985
911 Center improvements				- 14		1,163,337	1,163,337
Committed:							
DSS bldg. project		399,112	-	-		-	399,112
Assigned:							
Encumbrances	63,575		1	42,683	-	-	106,258
Fire protection	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	÷.	-	1,274,042		-	1,274,042
Local law enforcement	4,336	÷	÷		÷		4,336
Road improvements		-			1,756,261	-	1,756,261
Vocational school	-			. e.	-	4,962	4,962
Tourism related efforts		-	1.00	-	-	223,311	223,311
Clerk of Court discretionary	7,102		-		-	-	7,102
Archives collection	979	1		-	-	-	979
Unassigned:	1,455,524	1,186,474					2,641,998
Total fund balances	<u>\$ 2,793,593</u>	<u>\$ 1,585,586</u>	<u>\$2,217,427</u>	<u>\$ 1,316,725</u>	<u>\$ 1,756,261</u>	\$ 2,508,003	<u>\$12,177,595</u>

NOTE 14 – FUND BALANCE REPORTING (continued)

Discretely Presented Component Units:

The fund balances as of June 30, 2018 was classified as follows:

Description	Harvin Clarendon <u>County Library</u>	Business Development <u>Commission</u>		
Non-spendable	\$ 18,555	\$-		
Restricted		1,307,123		
Committed:				
Capital building fund	95,000			
Assigned				
Unassigned	71,747	(2,439)		
Total fund balances	<u>\$ 185,302</u>	<u>\$ 1,304,684</u>		

NOTE 15 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss and maintains elements of both selfinsurance and purchased insurance policies divided into coverage for worker's compensation, property and casualty and employee health insurance. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses for the covered risks. The County also pays insurance premiums to certain other commercial insurers to cover risks that may occur in normal operations. The insurers promise to pay to or on behalf of the insured for covered economic losses sustained during the policy in accordance with insurance policy and benefit program limits. State funds accumulate assets and the State itself assumes substantially all risks for the following:

- Claims of covered public employees for health and dental insurance benefits (Office of Insurance Services) and
- 2) Claims of covered public employees for long-term disability and group-life insurance benefits (Retirement System).

The County assumes the risk for unemployment compensation benefits by paying directly to the Employment Security Commission actual claims filed against the County.

Employees elect health coverage of either a health maintenance organization or through the State's self-insured plan. All other insurance coverages listed above are through the applicable State self-insured plan except dependent and optional life premiums which are remitted to commercial carriers.

The County has recorded insurance premium expenditures in the applicable functional expenditure categories of the unrestricted current funds. These expenditures do not include estimated claim losses and estimable premium adjustments.

NOTE 15 – RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

The County has not reported a supplemental premium assessment expenditure, and the related liability at June 30, 2018, because the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which state that a liability for supplemental assessments must be reported if information prior to issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred on or before June 30, 2018, and that the amount of the premium is reasonably estimable, have not been satisfied.

In management's opinion, supplemental premium assessments, if any, would not be significant enough to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the County.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Grants:

The County participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs and state funded grant programs. These programs are subject to financial compliance audits by the County's auditors and by auditors of the federal or state grantor agencies. Upon audit, should it be determined that the County has failed to comply with applicable requirements of the grants, then some or all of the grant expenditures may be disallowed and a portion of the grant expenditures may become reimbursable to the grantor.

Construction Commitments:

In June, 2018, the County entered into a contract with a builder in the amount of \$167,925 (additional \$12,000 in change-orders eventually added prior to project completion) for renovations and improvements to second floor space of Law Enforcement facility (County sheriff department). As of June 30, 2018, the County had incurred no costs. The project is anticipated to be completed October, 2018.

Other Matters

On January 8, 2017 the South Carolina Department of Revenue (*Agency*) entered into an agreement with Farmers Telephone Cooperative Corp. (FTC), FTC Communications, LLC and FTC Diversified Services, LLC (*Taxpayers*) exempting taxpayers from any local property tax on real and personal property located outside of a municipality. The exemption was granted pursuant to SC Code 12-37-220(B)(10), as interpreted by Agency. Additionally, the exemption shall be retroactive to tax year 2010 and all taxes paid (net) are to be refunded/returned to Taxpayers. The County has brought an action before the SC Administrative Court requesting that said agreement be found null and void. A hearing is anticipated at some point in calendar year 2019. Lastly, no determination has been made by the Agency as to the specific amount(s) involved, either in terms of future ad valorem revenue or refunds owed. County Auditor and Treasurer have estimated the potential impact to be as follows within its Governmental funds:

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (continued)

Governmental Fund	Annual revenue (net) tax year 2015	Total potentia refund		
General Fund	\$ 82,760	\$ 408,371		
General County Debt	4,056	18,893		
Fire Operating	18,742	83,585		
Fire Debt	369	3,666		
Other	1,966	11,843		
Total	<u>\$ 107,893</u>	\$ 526,358		

Other Matters (continued)

NOTE 17 – TAX ABATEMENT DISCLOSURES

As of June 30, 2018, the County provides tax incentives under two programs: Fee in Lieu of Tax Agreements (FILO) and Special Source Revenue Credits (SSRCs). The purpose of both programs is the retention of jobs, job growth and/or capital investment. The County has entered into fee in lieu of tax agreements pursuant to the authority granted by Title 12, Chapter 44, Title 4, Chapter 29, and/or Title 4, Chapter 12 of the Code of Laws of South Carolina, 1976, as amended. Property subject to a fee in lieu of tax agreement is exempt from ad valorem property tax and is instead subject to a fee in lieu of tax equal to the product of the value of the property, an assessment ratio that is generally no lower than 6% (but may be as low as 4% for extraordinary projects that satisfy the statutory definition of an "enhanced investment"), and a millage rate that is either fixed for the life of the agreement or is adjusted every five years based on the trailing five-year average. Generally, the taxpayer must invest at least \$2.5 million within a 5-6 year period, beginning with the date the property is placed in service and ending five years after the last day of the property tax year in which the property is initially placed in service. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the County abated property taxes totaling \$6.378.016 under its various fee in lieu of tax agreements.

In addition, the County provides special source revenue credits, generally in conjunction with fee in lieu of tax agreements, pursuant to the authority granted by Sections 4-29-68 and 4-1-170 of the Code of Laws of South Carolina, 1976, as amended. Special source revenue credits, often referred to as SSRCs or "Infrastructure Credits", are reductions to a taxpayer's payments in lieu of taxes. Generally, property that receives SSRCs is added to a "multi-county industrial park" pursuant to Sections 4-1-170 – 4-1-175 of the Code of Laws of South Carolina, 1976, as amended. Most multi-county industrial park agreements allocate 1% of property tax (or fee in lieu of tax) revenue to the partner county. Generally, the SSRCs are utilized to offset costs of design, acquiring, construction, improving, or expanding improved or unimproved real estate and personal property used in the operation of a manufacturing or commercial enterprise, or infrastructure serving the project. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the County abated property taxes totaling \$18,165 under its special source revenue credits.

NOTE 18 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The net position/fund balance as of June 30, 2017 was restated as follows:

Primary Government

	Net Po	osition	Fund Ba	alance
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	GAAP Basis	Budgetary <u>Basis</u>
 Net position as originally presented, June 30, 2017 	\$ 6,727,889	\$ 2,507,740	\$ 11,950,223	\$ 2,533,816
Implementation of change in accounting principle	(10,841,640)	(134,026)		1000
Reversal of stale checks				
Water and sewer utility	· -	316		-
Weldon auditorium		233		- C. A
General fund	51,527		51,527	51,527
Capital projects fund	833	Ce li el	833	
Fire department fund	1,282	- 10 - 10 - 1 0	1,282	
Other governmental funds	203	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	203	<u></u>
Net position as restated, June 30, 2017	<u>\$ (4,059,906)</u>	<u>\$ 2,374,263</u>	<u>\$ 12,004,068</u>	<u>\$ 2,585,343</u>
Harvin Clarendon County Lil	orary			
Net position as originally presented, June 30, 2017	\$ (579,674)	\$ -	\$ 187,512	\$ -
Implementation of change in				

Implementation of change in accounting principle	(412,080)			
Net position as restated, June 30, 2017	<u>\$ (991,754)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 187,512</u>	<u>\$</u>

NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In September, 2011, the County received a Letter of Conditions from the US Department of Agriculture for a \$4,000,000 expansion project of its water system. In April, 2015 the Letter of Conditions was amended to include an additional \$2,272,500 in project costs through an expansion in the scope of project. The project will be primarily financed through a \$1,481,000 RDA grant and RDA loans of \$2,501,000, at 3.375% amortized over 40 years and \$2,248,000, at 3.375% amortized over 40 years and \$2,248,000 was closed October, 2018 and construction is scheduled to begin January, 2019.

In July, 2018 the County issued \$250,000 Capital Lease (lease/purchase agreement) to purchase and equip multiple motor vehicles. Due in monthly instalments of \$4,587, including interest, the first payment is due January 1, 2019 and ending on December 1, 2023.

NOTE 19 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (continued)

In November, 2018, the County issued General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note (Series 2018B) in the amount of \$535,000 to mature November 9, 2019. This issuance represents the balance outstanding of General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note (Series 2017C) originally in the amount of \$750,000 which matured November 9, 2018. General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note (Series 2017C) represented the balance outstanding of General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note (Series 2016C) originally in the amount of \$750,000 which matured November 10, 2017. General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note (Series 2016C) originally in the amount of \$750,000 which matured November 10, 2017. General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note (Series 2016C) represented the balance outstanding of General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note (Series 2015E), originally in the amount of \$1,750,000; proceeds were used primarily for capital repairs and construction to county owned and maintained roads; as well as expansion to Class II landfill and acquisition of various vehicles.

CLARENDON COUNTY SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30

2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	2014	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	2009
\$ 903,965	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *
541,509	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *
207,669	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *
(1,889,754)	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *
(564,603)	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *
(801,214)	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *
18,375,163	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *
\$ 17,573,949	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *
\$ 9,559,233	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *
183.84%	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *
	\$ 903,965 541,509 207,669 (1,889,754) (564,603) (801,214) 18,375,163 \$ 17,573,949	\$ 903,965 N/A * 541,509 N/A * 207,669 N/A * (1,889,754) N/A * (564,603) N/A * (801,214) N/A * 18,375,163 N/A * \$ 17,573,949 N/A * \$ 9,559,233 N/A *	\$ 903,965 N/A * N/A * \$ 541,509 N/A * N/A * 207,669 N/A * N/A * (1,889,754) N/A * N/A * (1,889,754) N/A * N/A * (564,603) N/A * N/A * (801,214) N/A * N/A * 18,375,163 N/A * N/A * \$ 17,573,949 N/A * N/A * \$ 9,559,233 N/A * N/A *	\$ 903,965 N/A * N/A * N/A * 207,669 N/A * N/A * N/A * (1,889,754) N/A * N/A * N/A * (564,603) N/A * N/A * N/A * (801,214) N/A * N/A * N/A * 18,375,163 N/A * N/A * N/A * \$ 17,573,949 N/A * N/A * N/A * \$ 9,559,233 N/A * N/A * N/A *	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

*N/A Not Available - This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Notes to Schedule

The discount rate was updated from 4.00% (under GASB 45) to 2.92 % as of June 30, 2016 to 3.56% as of June 30, 2017, respectiely, in accordance with GASB 75.

Medical per capita costs were changed to the rates shown above based on updated premium information and census data.

The mortality table was updated from 2016 Public Retirees of SC MortalityTables for males and females.

The retirement rates were updated to reflect the rates used for "General Employees" in the South Carolina Retirement System Actuarial Valuation as of July 1, 2017.

The medical trend rates were updated from an initial rate of 7.00% in fiscal 2016 grading down to an ultimate rate of 4.15% over 15 years, ultimate trend rate includes a .15% adjustment for the excise tax.

See Independent Auditor's Report on Required Supplementary Information

CLARENDON COUNTY SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS (OPEB)

LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS ENDING JUNE 30

		Employer Contribution Information									
Fiscal Year	2	2018	2017	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	2009
Contractually Determined Employer Contributio	n \$	513,099	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *
Actual Employer Contribution	\$ (513,099)	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *
Covered - Employee payroll	\$9,	594,422	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *
Contributions as Percent of Covered Payroll		5.37%	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *	N/A *

* N/A Available - This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

See Independent Auditor's Report on Required Supplementary Information

CLARENDON COUNTY Schedules of Required Supplementary Information SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (SCRS) and (PORS) Last 10 Fiscal Years

SCRS	 2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
County's proportion of the net pension	2010	2017	2010	2010						-
iability (asset)	4.960500%	0.051076%	0.050338%	0.051777%	0.051777%	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
County's proportionate share of the net	1.00									
pension liability (asset)	\$ 11,166,883 \$	10,909,758 \$	9,546,844 \$	8,914,283 \$	9,286,947	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,991,257 \$	4,946,164 \$	4,719,753 \$	4,700,195 \$	4,010,728	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
County's proportionate share of the net										
pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	223.73%	220.57%	202.27%	189.66%	231.55%	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
	223.7570	220.5770	202.2770	109.0070	251.5570					
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension										
liability	53.30%	52.90%	57.00%	59.90%	56.40%	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
PORS	 							_		
C (1)	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	2012	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	2009
County's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.332450%	0.348660%	0.344100%	0.343190%	0.343190%	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
County's proportionate share of the net										
pension liability (asset)	\$ 9,107,560 \$	8,843,800 \$	7,499,560 \$	6,570,219 \$	7,114,338	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
County's covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,476,972 \$	4,445,013 \$	4,262,881 \$	4,127,257 \$	3,341,860	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
County's proportionate share of the net										
pension liability (asset) as a percentage		100.0504	175 000/	150 100/	010 000/	NT4+	NTA #	NTA #	NTA #	NTAN
of its covered-employee payroll	203.43%	198.96%	175.93%	159.19%	212.89%	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*
Plan fiduciary net position as a										
percentage of the total pension	60.90%	60.40%	64.60%	67.50%	63.00%	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA
liability	00.90%	00.40%	04.0076	07.5078	03.0078	INA	III	1471	TTT	141
NA* - Not Available										

information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Source: Audit report on the schedules of employer allocations, schedules of pension amounts by employer, and related notes of the South Carolina Retirement Systems, as administered by the SC Public Employee Benefits Authority for the year ended June 20, 2017.

CLARENDON COUNTY SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS (SCRS) and (PORS)

Last 10 Fiscal Years

SCRS							_				 		50.00			 -	
		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		2015		<u>2014</u>	2013		2012		2011	2010	<u>2009</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$	692,727	\$	576,989	\$	547,030	\$	514,453	\$	498,271	NA*		NA*		NA*	NA*	NA*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_\$	(692,727)	\$	(576,989)	\$	(547,030)		(514,453)	\$	(498,271)	NA*		NA*		NA*	NA*	 NA*
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$ -	\$	12	\$		\$ 	
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,108,606	\$	4,991,257	\$ 4	4,946,164	\$ 4	4,719,753	\$ 4	4,700,195	NA*		NA*		NA*	NA*	NA*
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		13.56%		11.56%		11.06%		10.90%		10.60%	NA*		NA*		NA*	NA*	NA*
PORS		2019		2017		2016	_	2015		2014	2013		2012	_	2011	 2010	 2009
		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		2015		2014	2013		5.2				
Contractually required contribution	\$	728,497	\$	637,524	\$	610,745	\$	571,651	\$	530,004	NA*		NA*		NA*	NA*	NA*
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	(728,497))	(637,524)	\$	(610,745)		(571,651)	\$	(530,004)	NA*	_	NA*		NA*	 NA*	 NA*
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$	\$	-		2	\$ -	 -
County's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,485,815	\$	4,476,972	\$ -	4,445,013	\$	4,262,881	\$	4,127,257	NA*		NA*		NA*	NA*	NA*
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		16.24%	b	14.24%	5	13.74%		13.41%		12.84%	NA*		NA*		NA*	NA*	NA*
NA* - Not Available																	

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

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CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Bureau of Tourism	
Accommodations	To account for the County's portion of accommodations taxes.
Hospitality Tax	To account for the County's collection of hospitality taxes.
Drug Enforcement and Other Sheriff's Funds	To account for restricted revenues received by the Sheriff.
Special Purpose District	To account for ad valorem taxes collected to be used for F. E. DuBose Career Center (vocational training)
E-911	To account for fees collected by telephone companies to be used to provide emergency assistance through the nationwide 911 system.
Victims Rights	To account for state assessments and surcharges on fines to be used for victim services.
Third Circuit Drug Court	To account for restricted revenue for operation of drug court
	DEBT SERVICE FUNDS
Fire Protection	To account for the accumulation of ad valorem taxes to pay the principal, interest, and fiscal charges.

CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	2 ¹⁰				Spec	ial Revenue				
	T Accoi	ureau of ourism mmodation <u>Fund</u>	Н	ospitality Tax <u>Fund</u>	a	Drug forcement nd Other Sheriff's <u>Funds</u>		Special Purpose <u>District</u>		<u>E-911</u>
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	34,102	\$	193,046	\$	711,979	\$		\$	1,068,818
Accounts receivable	*	-	+	-			+	-		113,786
Delinquent taxes receivable		-		-		-		103,973		-
	1.0							121023		
Total Assets	\$	34,102	\$	193,046	\$	711,979	\$	103,973	\$	1,182,604
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	3,837	\$		\$		\$		\$	19,267
Total Liabilities		3,837		+	-					19,267
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	·					-		99,011 99,011	_	-
Fund Equity:	-									
Fund balances:										
Restricted		4		- 10 - E.S.		711,979		-		1,163,337
Assigned	<u></u>	30,265		193,046			-	4,962		- (+) (+)
Total Fund Equity		30,265		193,046	_	711,979		4,962	_	1,163,337
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources, and Fund Equity	\$	34,102	\$	193,046	\$	711,979	\$	103,973	\$	1,182,604

CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

		Special F	Revenu	evenue		Service		
	F	/ictims Rights Fund		ird Circuit rug Court	P	Fire rotection		Total Nonmajor vernmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	502	\$	266,545	\$	138,483	\$	2,413,475
Accounts receivable		1,000				-		114,786
Delinquent taxes receivable	-					9,279	-	113,252
Total Assets	\$	1,502	\$	266,545	\$	147,762	\$	2,641,513
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND EQUITY Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	1,502	\$	1,720	\$	-	\$	26,326
Total Liabilities		1,502		1,720		2	_	26,326
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	6				· Constant	8,173	-	107,184
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-	-			8,173		107,184
Fund Equity: Fund balances:								· .
Restricted				264,825		139,589		2,279,730
Assigned					-			228,273
Total Fund Equity				264,825		139,589		2,508,003
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Equity	\$	1,502	\$	266,545	\$	147,762	\$	2,641,513

CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Special Revenue										
REVENUES	Bureau of Tourism Accommodation Fund	Hospitality Tax Fund	Drug Enforcement and Other Sheriff's Funds	Special Purpose District	E-911							
Taxes Intergovernmental Charges for services Fines and forfeitures Interest Total Revenues	\$- 138,319 - - <u>11</u> 138,330	\$ 280,231 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - 165,600 <u>483</u> 166,083	\$ 259,435 - - - - - 259,435	\$- 354,266 125,393 - <u>9,862</u> 489,521							
EXPENDITURES Current: General government Public safety Culture/Recreation Court related Debt service:	159,971	73 23,070	165,114 -	259,276 - - -	- 338,246 - -							
Principal Interest and fees Capital outlay Total Expenditures	- - 159,971	23,143		259,276	338,246							
Excess of revenues over (under)	(21,641)	257,194	(102,047)	159	151,275							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in (out)		(260,912)										
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(260,912)	-									
Net change in fund balances	(21,641)	(3,718)	(102,047)	159	151,275							
Fund balances at beginning of year	51,906	196,764	814,026	4,803	1,012,062							
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 30,265	\$ 193,046	\$ 711,979	\$ 4,962	\$ 1,163,337							

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CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Special I	Revenue	Debt Service	
REVENUES	Victims Rights Fund	Third Circuit Drug Court	Fire Protection	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 87,509	\$ 627,175
Intergovernmental	24,000	280,000	ψ 01,000	796,585
Charges for services	24,000	-	· · ·	125,393
Fines and forfeitures	39,303		-	204,903
Interest		1,103	1,283	12,848
Total Revenues	63,303	281,103	88,792	1,766,904
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				-
General government		1000	1.1	259,349
Public safety	63,351		-	566,711
Culture/Recreation			-	183,041
Court related	<u>-</u>	264,081	-	264,081
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	68,628	68,628
Interest and fees	-	Geo.	36,535	36,535
Capital outlay	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		103,016
Total Expenditures	63,351	264,081	105,163	1,481,361
Excess of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(48)	17,022	(16,371)	285,543
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in (out)	·	(5,000)		(265,912)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(5,000)		(265,912)
Net change in fund balances	(48)	12,022	(16,371)	19,631
Fund balances at beginning of year	48	252,803	155,960	2,488,372
Fund balances at end of year	\$	\$ 264,825	\$ 139,589	\$ 2,508,003

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	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual GAAP	Adjustments Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable	
-	Original	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)	
REVENUES							
Taxes	C						
Real estate taxes	\$ 10,280,000	\$ 10,280,000	\$ 10,181,258	\$ -	\$ 10,181,258	\$ (98,742	
Local option sales tax	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,628,302	-	2,628,302	128,302	
Vehicle taxes	1,697,500	1,697,500	1,654,533	-	1,654,533	(42,967	
Delinquent taxes	1,590,000	1,590,000	1,176,815	10 m	1,176,815	(413,185	
Local accommodations	220,000	220,000	222,549		222,549	2,549	
Payment in lieu of taxes	110,000	110,000	52,874		52,874	(57,126	
Treasurer's cost to cities	23,500	23,500	30,694	-	30,694	7,194	
Payment in lieu - motor carrier	180,000	180,000	259,622	and the second s	259,622	79,622	
Total taxes	16,601,000	16,601,000	16,206,647		16,206,647	(394,353	
Licenses and permits							
Moving permits	2,500	2,500	3,100	-	3,100	600	
Building permits	100,000	100,000	104,774	·	104,774	4,774	
Total licenses and permits	102,500	102,500	107,874		107,874	5,374	
Charges for services							
Assessors fees	2,500	2,500	615	· . · · · ·	615	(1,885	
Master in Equity fees	. 8,500	8,500	8,764	÷	8,764	264	
Probate fees	45,000	45,000	77,598	V 543	77,598	32,598	
Planning and public service fees	8,000	8,000	9,699		9,699	1,699	
ROD fees and charges	160,000	160,000	174,749		174,749	14,749	
Coroner fees		-	200	· · ·	200	200	
Animal control fees	1,100	1,100	720	10 A 4	720	(380	
Landfill fees	230,000	230,000	319,449	-	319,449	89,449	
County road user fee	1,050,000	1,050,000	1,035,931	-	1,035,931	(14,069	
Municipal inmate housing	23,500	23,500	19,275		19,275	(4,225	
Total charges for services	1,528,600	1,528,600	1,647,000	-	1,647,000	118,400	
Fines and forfeitures							
Clerk of court fines and fees	125,000	125,000	119,852	-	119,852	(5,148	
Magistrate fines and fees	320,000	320,000	203,373		203,373	(116,627	
Sheriff's fines and fees	500	· 500	815	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	815	315	
	445,500	445,500	324,040		324,040	(121,460	
Investment income	2,100	2,100	2,052		2,052	(48	
Miscellaneous							
Hangar rent	50,000	50,000	45,151	÷.,	45,151	(4,849	
Multi-County Industrial Park	85,000	85,000	83,798		83,798	(1,202	
Miscellaneous revenue	184,300	184,300	280,021		280,021	95,721	
Recreation Programs	112,500	112,500	81,733	1 <u>.</u> .	81,733	(30,767	
Franchise fees	125,500	125,500	98,293		98,293	(27,207	
						5,179	
Contributions	2,500	2,500	7,679	-	7,679	0.179	

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	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts		Adjustments	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis	Budget Basis	Budget Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable)
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Intergovernmental						
State						
Accommodations tax	32,000	32,000	32,280	-	32,280	280
Merchant's inventory tax	48,900	48,900	48,909	÷	48,909	9
Solid waste tire fees	14,500	14,500	16,773	-	16,773	2,273
State aid and allocations	1,380,000	1,380,000	1,370,816		1,370,816	(9,184)
Election commission	41,250	41,250	12,187		12,187	(29,063)
Clerk/Sheriff/Probate Judge supplements	7,900	7,900	7,875	-	7,875	(25)
Parks and Recreation		-	6,968	-	6,968	6,968
EMS Grant in aid			7,858	-	7,858	7,858
EMS Trauma grant	-	-	11,344	-	11,344	11,344
Waste oil grant(s)	(- 1)	-	3,762		3,762	3,762
Waste tire grant(s)	-	-	37,025	1 	37,025	37,025
Solid waste grant(s)	-	-	7,616	÷.1	7,616	7,616
State Proviso - 2014 Ice Storm	5- - 0	1.0	249	14,00	249	249
State Proviso - 2015 Flood	1.4	-	68,898	-	68,898	68,898
State Proviso - Hurricane Matthew	-	-	1,947	-	1,947	1,947
Economic Development grant(s)	1.0	-	218,002	-	218,002	218,002
Veterans affairs	4,500	4,500	4,704	1.1	4,704	204
Federal						
Title IV-D Clerk of Court	100,000	100,000	199,807	2.1	199,807	99,807
Title IV-D Sheriff	11,500	11,500	11,055		11,055	(445)
DSS - Revenue	30,000	30,000	13,289		13,289	(16,711)
Emergency management grants	00,000	-	66,698		66,698	66,698
FEMA Flood 2015		1	206,694		206,694	206,694
FEMA Hurricane Matthew		_	5,841	-	5,841	5,841
FEMA Hurricane Irma	-	2	12,539	-	12,539	12,539
FEMA 2015 HMGP	-	1.1	19,495		19,495	19,495
FEMA Safer grants			49,999		49,999	49,999
USDA Law Enforcement Vehicle	-		81,627		81,627	81,627
Justice Assistance grants			34,792		34,792	34,792
Sustice Assistance grants	1,670,550	1,670,550	2,559,049		2,559,049	888,499
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 20,910,050	\$ 20,910,050	\$ 21,443,337	\$ -	\$ 21,443,337	\$ 533,287

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	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Adjustments	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis	Budget Basis	Budget Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable)
General Government and Administration:						
Administration:						
Salaries and related	\$ 266,255	\$ 266,255	263,778	\$ -	\$ 263,778	\$ 2,477
Operations	<u>18,500</u> 	<u>18,500</u> 284,755	11,982	<u> </u>	11,982	6,518
	204,755	204,755	275,760		275,760	8,995
County Council:						
Salaries and related	112,563	112,563	112,163	1.47	112,163	400
Operations	10,775	10,775	7,968		7,968	2,807
	123,338	123,338	120,131		120,131	3,207
Assessor:						
Salaries and related	466,160	466,160	404,370	12	404,370	61,790
Operations	27,235	27,235	15,590	1,147	16,737	10,498
operations	493,395	493,395	419,960	1,147	421,107	72,288
Auditor:						
Salaries and related	197,805	197,805	195,733	-	195,733	2,072
Operations	<u> </u>	14,435	<u>13,363</u> 209,096	(1,320)	12,043	2,392
	212,240	212,240	209,096	(1,320)	201,116	4,464
Treasurer:						
Salaries and related	195,383	262,943	262,897	-	262,897	46
Operations	14,100	16,010	9,375		9,375	6,635
	209,483	278,953	272,272		272,272	6,681
Finance:						
Salaries and related	300,236	300,236	298,530	1.1	298,530	1,706
Operations	8,750	8,750	8,826	-	8,826	(76
	308,986	308,986	307,356		307,356	1,630
and the second second	a					
Human Resources:	100.000	100 000	100 770			
Salaries and related Operations	163,222 15,690	163,222 15,690	162,773	-	162,773	449
Operations	178,912	178,912	<u>11,203</u> 173,976		11,203	4,487
			110,010			
Grants Administration						
Salaries and related	115,436	115,436	115,329	÷	115,329	107
Operations	6,350	6,350	4,114		4,114	2,236
	121,786	121,786	119,443		119,443	2,343
Procurement						
Salaries and related	123,702	123,702	123,151	- 2	123,151	551
Operations	6,781	6,781	5,842		5,842	939
	130,483	130,483	128,993		128,993	1,490
Tax Collector:						
Salaries and related	141,481	73,921	65,253		65,253	8,668
Operations	81,015	79,105	76,018		76,018	3,087
	222,496	153,026	141,271	-	141,271	11,755
and a second second						
Voter Registration:		Section 1				and the
Salaries and related	176,764	176,764	172,405	-	172,405	4,359
Operations	<u>- 55,816</u> 232,580	55,816 - 232,580	49,425		49,425	6,391 10,750
		202,000	221,030		221,030	10,730
Information Technology:						
Salaries and related	113,263	113,263	110,068	-	110,068	3,195
Operations	306,000	306,000	274,852		274,852	31,148
	419,263	419,263	384,920	·	384,920	34,343
Veterans Affairs:						
Salaries and related	63,719	63,719	63,511	and the second	63,511	208
	5,370		6,698	· · · ·	6,698	(1,328)
Operations	5.370	5,370	0.090	-	0.090	1.0201

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	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Adjustments	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	GAAP Basis	Budget Basis	Budget Basis	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Nondepartmental Expenditures:						
Special Projects	292,249	271,391	143,526	-	143,526	127,865
Legal Assistance	12,500	12,500	34,877	-	34,877	(22,377)
Rent - Judicial Annex	109,000	109,000	114,254	10 A	114,254	(5,254)
Workmen's compensation	290,000	290,000	252,251		252,251	37,749
Audit fee	36,000	36,000	36,395		36,395	(395)
Unemployment	3,000	3,000	1,070	-	1,070	1,930
Electricity	410,000	410,000	442,437	-	442,437	(32,437)
Printing and postage	105,000	105,000	102,197	-	102,197	2,803
Christmas bonus	41,500	41,500	33,298	-	33,298	8,202
Property and liability insurance	327,000	327,000	324,829	120	324,829	2,171
Drug screening	5,000	5,000	12,761	-	12,761	(7,761)
Water	45,000	45,000	43,985		43,985	1,015
Retirees' insurance	465,000	465,000	488,502		488,502	(23,502)
Telephone	165,000	165,000	170,017		170,017	(5,017)
Holiday compensation	68,000	68,000	58,490		58,490	9,510
Retirement expense	2,850	2.850	2,194	-	2,194	656
FICA expense	9,800	9,800	7,499	1.	7,499	2,301
Police retirement	8,405	8,405	6,035	-	6,035	2,370
Bank fees and charges	30,000	30,000	34,940	-	34,940	(4,940)
	2,425,304	2,404,446	2,309,557		2,309,557	94,889
Grant Expense:						
SC Parks and Recreation '	2	2	8,710		8,710	(8,710)
Emergency management plan(s)		-	60,768	-	60,768	(60,768)
EMS Grant in aid	-	-	8,290	2.1	8,290	(8,290)
EMS Trauma grant		2	11,241		11,241	(11,241)
Waste oil grant(s)		-	7.301	-	7,301	(7,301)
Waste tire grant(s)	-	-	74,480	2	74,480	(74,480)
Solid waste grant(s)		-	7,616	100	7,616	(7,616)
FEMA - Hurricane Irma	-	-	15,362		15,362	(15,362)
FEMA Safer grant	-	-	45,978	-	45,978	(45,978)
FEMA HMPG		1.0	25,994		25,994	(25,994)
Justice Assistance grant(s)	1.00	-	10,197	-	10,197	(10,197)
Economic Development grant(s)	-		218,002	-	218,002	(218,002)
USDA Law Enforcement Vehicle	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	400	149,636	4	149,636	(149,636)
		-	643,575		643,575	(643,575)
Total General Government						
and Administration	5,432,110	5,411,252	5,798,349	(173)	5,798,176	(386,924)

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual GAAP	Adjustments Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Court Related: Clerk of Court:						
Salaries and related	180,504	180,504	179,790	1.1	179,790	714
Operations	36,625	36,625	32,724	200	32,724	3,901
	217,129	217,129	212,514	-	212,514	4,615
Magistrates:						
Salaries and related	516,669	516,669	508,492	-	508,492	8,177
Operations	31,400	31,400	23,426		23,426	7,974
	548,069	548,069	531,918		531,918	16,151
Probate Judge:						
Salaries and related	150,925	150,925	151,357	-	151,357	· (432)
Operations .	11,560	11,560	7,308		7,308	4,252
	162,485	162,485	158,665		158,665	- 3,820
Family Court:						
Salaries and related	145,999	145,999	142,472	-	142,472	3,527
Operations	6,700	6,700	10,698		10,698	(3,998)
	152,699	152,699	153,170	<u> </u>	153,170	(471)
Register of Deeds:						
Salaries and related	85,963	85,963	87,289	÷	87,289	(1,326)
Operations	57,545	57,545	72,377	- +	72,377	(14,832)
	143,508	143,508	159,666		159,666	(16,158)
Master in Equity:						
Salaries and related	32,660	32,660	32,270	- 12	32,270	390
Operations	10,020	10,020	9,082		9,082	938
	42,680	42,680	41,352		41,352	1,328
Title IV-D Funds - Clerk of Court:						
Salaries and related	112,632	112,632	106,466	÷.	106,466	6,166
Operations	12,000	12,000	2,242	· · · · ·	2,242	9,758
	124,632	124,632	108,708		108,708	15,924
Circuit Court Judges:						
Allowance	1,000	1,000	256	the second s	256	744
Solicitor:	105 010	105 010	105.010		105 010	
Allowance Public Defender:	165,813	165,813	165,813		165,813	
Allowance	82,000	82,000	101,335		101,335	(19,335)
	248,813	248,813	267,404		267,404	(18,591)
Total Court Related	1,640,015	1,640,015	1,633,397		1,633,397	6,618
Public Safety:						
Sheriff: Salaries and related	2,798,376	2,798,376	2,641,444		2,641,444	156,932
Operations	635,900	635,900	582,309	55,669	637,978	- (2,078)
	3,434,276	3,434,276	3,223,753	55,669	3,279,422	154,854
Courthouse Security:						
Salaries and related	156,718	156,718	149,049		149,049	7,669
	156,718	156,718	149,049		149,049	7,669
Emergency Preparedness:		4				
Salaries and related	74,105	74,105	73,973	1.1	73,973	132
Operations	13,735	13,735	14,367	(1,629)	12,738	997
	87,840	87,840	88,340	(1,629)	86,711	1,129
Correctional Center:						
Salaries and related	- 1,681,819	1,681,819	1,569,946	-	1,569,946	111,873
Operations	406,645	406,645	419,748	(3,039)	416,709	(10,064)
	2,088,464	2,088,464	1,989,694	(3,039)	1,986,655	101,809
			· · · · ·			

Original Final Basis Basis Basis Unfavorat Coroner: Statistics and related 54,408 72,366 69,393 99,393 2,9 Operations 68,400 91,300 98,311 - 167,704 - 167,704 - 167,704 - 167,704 - 167,704 - 167,704 - 16,627 15,627 - 16,63 6,866 6,866 6,866 6,866 6,866 6,866 6,866 6,866 6,866 6,866 6,866 6,866 6,866 - 6,363 15,627 - 15,627 15,627 15,627 15,627 15,63 15,627 - 364,733 15,037 - 691,037 - 691,037 - 363,758 692,513 - 56,35 - 36,759 21,037 - 36,759 21,037 24,670 22,76 - 24,670 22,76 - 24,670 22,76 - 24,670 22,76 22,76 22,76	· .	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Adjustments	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Salaries and related 54,08 72,386 69,383 - 69,383 2,9 Operations 142,898 193,00 98,311 - 68,311 (4,0) Communications: Salaries and related 822,558 832,558 815,627 - 815,627 165,704 - 167,704 (4,0) Operations 837,558 837,558 822,513 - 822,513 15,027 . 815,627 . 815,627 . 815,627 . 822,513 15,00 EMS: Contract 891,037 891,037 . 822,513 . 822,513 . 32,00 Salaries and related 54,300 56,707 . 60,707 . 30,707 . 246,670 . 246,670 . 246,670 . 246,670 . 246,670 . 246,670 . 246,670 . 246,670 . 246,670 		Original	Final			and the second	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Salaries and related 54,008 72,368 69,393 - 69,393 2,9 Operations 88,400 91,300 98,311	Coroper						
Operations 88,400 91,300 96,311 - 98,311 (7,04) Communications: Salaries and related 352,558 832,558 815,627 - 815,627 165,825 155,827 155,827 155,827 155,827 155,927 155,927 155,927 165,927 165,927 165,927 165,926 167,704 167,704 167,704 167,704 167,704 167,704 167,704 167,704 167,704 167,704 167,704 167,704 167,704 167,704 167,704 167,704 167,704 167,704 127,704 125,605 167,704 127,801 126,926 126,926 <		54 408	72 366	69 393		69 393	2,973
142.008 163.666 167.704 - 167.704 (4.0) Communications: Salaries and related 5.000 5.000 6.866 - 5.886 (1.6) Operations 837.558 837.558 837.558 622.513 - 822.513 15.027 EMS: Contract 891.037 891.037 691.037 - 891.037 - 891.037 - 891.037 - 891.037 - 7 - 7 - 7 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(7,011)</td>							(7,011)
Communications: Salaries and related 632,553 832,558 815,627 15,626 15,626 15,627 15,627 15,626 15,627 15,626 15,627 15,626 <th16,616< th=""> 15,626 15,626</th16,616<>	oporations						(4,038)
Salaries and related 332,558 332,558 615,627 16,627 16,627 Opbrations 5000 5,000 8,866 - 6,865 - 6,870 - 7,87,750 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 126,670 - 246,670 - 246,670 - 246,670 - 246,670 - 246,670 - 246,670 - 251,071 126,28,764 - 251,071 126,28,764 - 251,071 126,28,30 574,073 254,753 - 126,175 -<					<u> </u>		
Operations 5.000 837,558 6.886 837,558 - 6.886 822,513 - 6.886 822,513 (1.6 822,513 EMS: Contract	Communications:						
B37,558 B27,558 B22,513 - B22,513 150 EMS: Contract B91,037 B91,037 B91,037 - B91,037 - B91,037 - B91,037 - B91,037 - B91,037 - - - - - - - - - - - -	Salaries and related	832,558	832,558	815,627	1.01	815,627	16,931
EMS: Contract 891,037 891,037 891,037 891,037 891,037 61,033 691,637 6	Operations	5,000	5,000		the second second	6,886	(1,886)
Contract 891,037 891,037 891,037 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 192,4131 193,961 122,1764 - 171,513 125,963 152,569 176,6175 -		837,558	837,558	822,513		822,513	15,045
Contract 891,037 891,037 891,037 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 - 195,963 192,4131 193,961 122,1764 - 171,513 125,963 152,569 176,6175 -	ENO.						
Animal Control: Salaries and related 54,300 54,300 50,707 - 50,707 3,5 Operations 164,750 164,750 195,863 - 195,963 - 246,670 (21,2) Total Public Safety 7,857,751 7,878,609 7,578,760 51,001 7,629,761 246,670 (27,6) (27,7) (28,3) (35,4) (3,303) 574,763 (35,6) (3,303) 574,763 (35,6) (3,6) (3,6) (3,6) (17,1,1) (28,2) (27,1) (28,2) (27,1) (27,2) (27,1) (28,2) (27,1) (28,2) (28,2) (27,1) (28,2) (27,1) (28,2) (27,1) (28,2) (27,1) <t< td=""><td></td><td>801 027</td><td>001 027</td><td>804 027</td><td></td><td>004 007</td><td></td></t<>		801 027	001 027	804 027		004 007	
Salaries and related 54,300 54,300 50,707 - 50,707 3,5 Operations 164,750 164,750 195,963 - 195,963 - 246,670 (27,6 Total Public Safety 7,857,751 7,878,609 7,578,760 51,001 7,629,761 248,8 Physical Environment: Salaries and related 379,532 385,635 - 385,635 (6,1 Operations 159,801 159,801 192,431 (3,303) 189,128 (29,3 Operations 159,801 159,801 192,431 (3,303) 574,763 (35,4 Landfil: Salaries and related 171,537 234,569 251,764 - 251,764 (17,1 Operations 1,732,600 1,782,600 1,788,75 - 126,243 - 221,764 (17,1 Operations 155,250 153,686 153,686 15,5250 153,686 15,5250 153,686 15,5250 153,686 15,5,73 30,4 Op	Contract	891,037	891,037	891,037	· · · · · ·	891,037	1
Operations 164,750 195,963 - 195,963 - 246,670 (27,6) Total Public Safety 7,857,751 7,676,609 7,578,760 51,001 7,629,761 246,670 (27,6) Physical Environment: Facilities Management: Salaries and related 379,532 385,635 - 386,635 (6,1) Operations 159,801 159,801 192,431 (3,303) 189,128 (29,3) County Engineer: Salaries and related 171,537 234,569 251,764 - 251,764 (17,1) Salaries and related 171,537 1,36,609 2,019,939 - 2,019,939 (52,7) County Engineer: Salaries and related 188,739 125,707 125,243 - 4 0,925,929 2,019,939 - 2,019,939 - 2,019,939 - 2,019,939 - 2,019,939 - 2,019,939 - 2,019,939 - 2,019,939 - 2,019,939 - 2,019,939 - 2,019,939	Animal Control:						
Operations 164,750 195,963 - 195,963 - 246,670 (27,6) Total Public Safety 7,857,751 7,676,609 7,578,760 51,001 7,629,761 246,670 (27,6) Physical Environment: Facilities Management: Salaries and related 379,532 385,635 - 386,635 (6,1) Operations 159,801 159,801 192,431 (3,303) 189,128 (29,3) County Engineer: Salaries and related 171,537 234,569 251,764 - 251,764 (17,1) Salaries and related 171,537 234,569 251,764 - 251,764 (17,7) Operations 1,326,200 1,788,175 - 1,768,175 - 7,68,175 - 2,019,339 (52,7) County Engineer: Salaries and related 188,739 125,707 125,243 - 278,929 2.0 20 Public Works: Salaries and related 556,895 556,895 525,093 - 525,093		54,300	54,300	50,707		50.707	3,593
$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$							(31,213)
Physical Environment: Facilities Management: Salaries and related 379,532 379,532 385,635 - 385,635 (6,1) Operations 159,801 159,801 159,801 159,801 189,124 (3,303) 189,128 (283) Landfill: 539,333 539,333 578,066 (3,303) 574,763 (35,4) County Engineer: 1732,600 1,732,600 1,768,175 - 1,768,175 (35,6) Salaries and related 186,739 125,707 125,243 - 125,243 4 Operations 155,250 153,666 - 153,666 15 153,666 15 153,666 15 153,666 15 153,666 15 153,666 15 153,666 15 153,666 15 153,666 15 153,666 15 163,666 15 153,666 15 153,666 15 163,666 15 163,666 15 163,666 15 163,666 15 163,666	- Paramatan						(27,620)
Physical Environment: Facilities Management: Salaries and related 379,532 379,532 385,635 - 385,635 (6,1) Operations 159,801 159,801 159,801 159,801 159,801 159,801 159,801 159,801 159,431 (3,303) 574,763 (35,4) Landfill: Salaries and related 1,73,2600 1,782,600			and the second	tra Lot Lands			
	Total Public Safety	7,857,751	7,878,609	7,578,760	51,001	7,629,761	248,848
	Physical Environment:						
Salaries and related 379,532 379,532 385,635 - 385,635 (6,1) Operations 159,801 159,801 192,431 (3,303) 189,128 (29,3) Salaries and related 539,333 557,066 (3,303) 574,763 (35,433) Landfill: Salaries and related 171,537 234,569 251,764 - 251,764 (17,15) Operations 1,732,600 1,788,175 - 1,768,175 (35,5) County Engineer: Salaries and related 188,739 125,707 125,243 - 125,243 4 Operations 155,250 153,686 - 153,686 1.5 343,989 280,957 278,929 - 278,929 2.0 Public Works: Salaries and related 566,895 556,895 525,093 - 525,093 - 525,093 - 252,093 - 267,299 2.0 Public Works: Salaries and related 566,895 556,895 5925,895 895,457 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
Operations $159,801$ $159,801$ $192,431$ $(3,303)$ $189,128$ (293) Landfill: Salaries and related $171,537$ $234,569$ $251,764$ - $251,764$ (17,17) Operations $1,732,600$ $1,732,600$ $1,768,175$ - $1,768,175$ (35,5) County Engineer: Salaries and related $188,739$ $125,707$ $125,243$ - $125,243$ 4 Operations $155,250$ $155,250$ $153,686$ - $153,686$ 1.5 $343,989$ $220,957$ $278,929$ - $278,929$ 2.02 Public Works: Salaries and related $556,895$ $525,093$ - $525,093$ $318,8$ $304,899$ $220,957$ $278,929$ - $278,929$ 2.02 Public Works: Salaries and related $556,895$ $525,093$ - $525,093$ $318,8$ $304,304$ $304,304$ $304,304$ $304,304$ $304,304$ $304,304$ $304,304$ $325,895$ $925,895$		379 532	379 532	385 635	C	385 635	(6,103)
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$					(3 303)		(29,327)
Landfill: Salaries and related $171,537$ $234,569$ $251,764$ - $251,764$ $(17,1)$ Operations $1,732,600$ $1,732,600$ $1,768,175$ - $1,768,175$ $(55,5)$ County Engineer: Salaries and related $188,739$ $125,707$ $125,243$ - $125,243$ 4 Operations $155,250$ $153,686$ - $153,686$ 153,686 153,686 153,686 153,686 1,55,73 1,63,030 3,769,088 (55,7) 3,70,364 1,33,03,3,769,088 (55,5,7) 3,713,354 3,713,35	operations						(35,430)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$					-		(17,195
County Engineer: Salaries and related 188,739 125,707 125,243 - 125,243 4 Operations 155,250 155,250 153,866 - 153,866 1,5 Public Works: Salaries and related 556,895 556,895 525,093 - 278,929 2,0 Public Works: Salaries and related 556,895 556,895 525,093 - 525,093 31,8 Operations 369,000 369,000 370,364 - 370,364 (1,3) Operations 369,000 369,000 370,364 - 895,457 30,4 Total Physical Environment 3,713,354 3,713,354 3,772,391 (3,303) 3,769,088 (55,7) Economic Environment: Planning and Public Service Commission: Salaries and related 264,344 267,299 - 267,299 (2,9) Operations 50,000 50,000 45,490 - 45,490 4,5 Operations 50,000 50,000 45,490 - 312,789 1,5 Development Board: Salaries and related<	Operations						(35,575
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		1,904,137	1,967,169	2,019,939		2,019,939	(52,770)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	County Engineer:						
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		188,739	125,707	125,243	-	125,243	464
343,989 $280,957$ $278,929$ - $278,929$ $2,0$ Public Works: Salaries and related Operations $556,895$ $556,895$ $525,093$ - $525,093$ $31,8$ Operations $369,000$ $369,000$ $370,364$ - $370,364$ $(1,3)$ $925,895$ $925,895$ $895,457$ - $895,457$ $30,4$ Total Physical Environment $3,713,354$ $3,713,354$ $3,772,391$ $(3,303)$ $3,769,088$ $(55,7)$ Economic Environment: Planning and Public Service Commission: Salaries and related Operations $264,344$ $267,299$ - $267,299$ (2,9)Development Board: Salaries and related Operations $182,633$ $182,633$ $182,027$ - $182,027$ 6Development Board: Salaries and related Operations $182,633$ $182,633$ $182,027$ - $182,027$ 6 $147,260$ $147,260$ $128,514$ - $310,541$ - $310,541$ $19,3$	Operations						1,564
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$							2,028
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		a				2000 000 00	A
Operations $369,000$ $370,364$ - $370,364$ (1,3) $925,895$ $925,895$ $895,457$ - $895,457$ $30,4$ Total Physical Environment $3,713,354$ $3,713,354$ $3,772,391$ $(3,303)$ $3,769,088$ $(55,7)$ Economic Environment:Planning and Public Service Commission: Salaries and related Operations $264,344$ $267,299$ - $267,299$ $(2,9)$ Operations $50,000$ $50,000$ $45,490$ - $45,490$ $4,5$ $314,344$ $314,344$ $312,789$ - $312,789$ $1,5$ Development Board: Salaries and related 							and the second
925,895 $925,895$ $895,457$ $ 895,457$ $30,4$ Total Physical Environment $3,713,354$ $3,713,354$ $3,772,391$ $(3,303)$ $3,769,088$ $(55,7)$ Economic Environment:Planning and Public Service Commission:Salaries and related 0 operations $264,344$ $267,299$ $ 267,299$ $(2,9)$ 0 operations $50,000$ $50,000$ $45,490$ $ 45,490$ $4,5$ OperationsDevelopment Board:Salaries and related 0 operations $182,633$ $182,633$ $182,027$ $ 182,027$ 6 0 operations $147,260$ $147,260$ $128,514$ $ 128,514$ $18,7$ $329,893$ $329,893$ $310,541$ $ 310,541$ $19,3$				and the second sec	+		31,802
Total Physical Environment 3,713,354 3,713,354 3,772,391 (3,303) 3,769,088 (55,7 Economic Environment: Planning and Public Service Commission: Salaries and related 264,344 264,344 267,299 - 267,299 (2,9 Operations 50,000 50,000 45,490 - 45,490 4,5 Development Board: Salaries and related 182,633 182,633 182,027 - 182,027 6 Operations 147,260 147,260 128,514 - 128,514 18,7 329,893 329,893 310,541 - 310,541 19,3	Operations						(1,364)
Economic Environment: Planning and Public Service Commission: Salaries and related 264,344 267,299 - 267,299 (2,9 Operations 50,000 50,000 45,490 - 45,490 4,5 Development Board: 314,344 314,344 312,789 - 312,789 1,5 Development Board: 53laries and related 182,633 182,027 - 182,027 6 Operations 147,260 147,260 128,514 - 128,514 18,7		925,895	925,895	895,457		895,457	30,438
Planning and Public Service Commission: 264,344 264,344 267,299 - 267,299 (2,9 Operations 50,000 50,000 45,490 - 45,490 4,5 Operations 314,344 312,789 - 312,789 1,5 Development Board: Salaries and related 182,633 182,633 182,027 - 182,027 6 Operations 147,260 147,260 128,514 - 128,514 18,7 329,893 329,893 310,541 - 310,541 19,3	Total Physical Environment	3,713,354	3,713,354	3,772,391	(3,303)	3,769,088	(55,734)
Planning and Public Service Commission: 264,344 264,344 267,299 - 267,299 (2,9 Operations 50,000 50,000 45,490 - 45,490 4,5 Operations 314,344 312,789 - 312,789 1,5 Development Board: Salaries and related 182,633 182,633 182,027 - 182,027 6 Operations 147,260 147,260 128,514 - 128,514 18,7 329,893 329,893 310,541 - 310,541 19,3							
Salaries and related Operations 264,344 264,344 267,299 - 267,299 (2,9) Operations 50,000 50,000 45,490 - 45,490 4,5 314,344 314,344 312,789 - 312,789 1,5 Development Board: Salaries and related 182,633 182,633 182,027 - 182,027 6 Operations 147,260 147,260 128,514 - 128,514 18,7 329,893 329,893 310,541 - 310,541 19,3							
Operations 50,000 50,000 45,490 - 45,490 4,5 314,344 314,344 312,789 - 312,789 1,5 Development Board: Salaries and related 182,633 182,633 182,027 - 182,027 6 Operations 147,260 147,260 128,514 - 128,514 18,7 329,893 329,893 310,541 - 310,541 19,3				Carlotter .		Sec. S. Sec. 4	
314,344 314,344 312,789 - 312,789 1,5 Development Board: Salaries and related 182,633 182,633 182,027 - 182,027 6 Operations 147,260 147,260 128,514 - 128,514 18,7 329,893 329,893 310,541 - 310,541 19,3					-		(2,955)
Development Board: Salaries and related 182,633 182,633 182,027 - 182,027 6 Operations 147,260 147,260 128,514 - 128,514 18,72 329,893 329,893 310,541 - 310,541 19,32	Operations				<u> </u>		4,510
Salaries and related 182,633 182,633 182,027 - 182,027 6 Operations 147,260 147,260 128,514 - 128,514 182,027 6 329,893 329,893 310,541 - 310,541 19,3		314,344	314,344	312,789		312,789	1,555
Salaries and related 182,633 182,633 182,027 - 182,027 6 Operations 147,260 147,260 128,514 - 128,514 182,027 6 329,893 329,893 310,541 - 310,541 19,3	Development Board						
Operations 147,260 147,260 128,514 - 128,514 18,7 329,893 329,893 310,541 - 310,541 19,3		182 633	182 633	182 027	4	182 027	606
<u>329,893</u> <u>329,893</u> <u>310,541</u> <u>- 310,541</u> <u>19,3</u>							
	operations						18,746
Total Economic Environment 644.237 644.237 623.330 - 623.330 - 623.330		020,000	020,000	010,011			10,002
	Total Economic Environment	644,237	644,237	623,330		623,330	20,907

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual GAAP	Adjustments Budget	Actual Budget	Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Basis	Basis	Basis	(Unfavorable)
Transportation:						
Fleet Maintenance:						
Salaries and related	181,264	181,264	· 171,409		171,409	9,855
Operations	8,650	8,650	12,713			(4,063)
Operations	189,914	189,914	184,122	·	12,713 184,122	5,792
	103,314	103,314	104,122		104,122	
Airport Commission:						
Operations	35,430	35,430	72,162	(206)	71,956	(36,526)
	35 430	35,430	72,162	(206)	71,956	(36,526)
						(00,020
Total Transportation	225,344	225,344	256,284	(206)	256,078	(30,734)
Recreation and Culture:						
Recreation:						
Salaries and related	345,890	345,890	343,397	1	343,397	2,493
Operations	170,300	170,300	157,081	(4,700)	152,381	17,919
Operations	516,190	516,190	500,478	(4,700)	495,778	20,412
		510,150		(4,700)	493,110	20,412
County Archives:						
Salaries and related	57,403	57,403	62,618	-	62,618	(5,215
Operations	4,910	4,910	3,826	-	3,826	1,084
	62,313	62,313	66,444		66,444	(4,131
Total Recreation and Culture	578,503	578,503	566,922	(4,700)	562,222	16,281
Miscellaneous:						· 'K'
Agencies:			C2 1.14			
Santee-Lynches Council of Government	38,579	38,579	38,579	-	38,579	(#0
Clarendon Soil and Water Conservation	32,000	. 32,000	32,000	-	32,000	 01
Clemson Extension	28,100	28,100	28,100		28,100	1.00
SC Association of Counties	8,672	8,672	8,672	-	8,672	
Delegation allowance	14,000	14,000	14,000		14,000	
Clarendon County Library	560,000	560,000	560,000	-	560,000	
SC DHEC	30,000	30,000	30,000		30,000	
Indigent care	39,912	39,912	39,912	. .	39,912	
County Board of Education	11,473	11,473	11,473	-	11,473	-
Clarendon Business Development Corp	-3,000	3,000				3,000
County Adult Education	28,000	28,000	28,000	-	28,000	
Central Carolina Scholarship Program	20,000	20,000	20,000	-	20,000	1.1
Central Carolina Technical College	100,000	100,000	100,000		100,000	-
·	913,736	913,736	910,736	-	910,736	3,000
		1000				
Total Miscellaneous	913,736	913,736	910,736	······	910,736	3,000
				A. Salar		
Total Expenditures	\$21,005,050	\$21,005,050	21,140,169	\$ 42,619	\$21,182,788	\$ (177,738)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Sale of Assets	\$ 40,000	\$ 40,000	\$ 34,643	\$ -	\$ 34,643	\$ (5,357)
Transfers In (Out)	55,000	55,000	(150,518)		(150,518)	(205,518)
and the second	\$ 95,000	\$ 95,000	\$ (115,875)	\$ -	\$ (115,875)	\$ (210,875)
			+ (- (- (210,070

CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA

FIDUCIARY FUND

AGENCY FUNDS

To account for assets held soley in a custodial capacity by the County.

	, D(School Districts ebt Service	School Districts Operations	feited and	robate ludge	aster-In Equity	Munici	palities
ASSETS								
Cash Delinquent taxes receivable Due from General Fund Due from other magistrates	\$	3,070,912 141,296 -	\$ - 1,449,474 3,962 -	\$ - - 17	\$ 6,477 - -	\$ 25 - -	\$	
Total assets	\$	3,212,208	\$ 1,453,436	\$ 17	\$ 6,477	\$ 25	\$	-
LIABILITIES								
Due to trust fund holders Due to Treasurer Due to Treasurer - cash overage	\$	3,212,208 -	\$ 1,453,436 -	\$ 17 -	\$ 660 5,817	\$ 25	\$	÷
(shortage) Due to others				-	-	-		
Due to other magistrates Total liabilities	\$	- 3,212,208	\$ - 1,453,436	\$ - 17	\$ - 6,477	\$ - 25	\$	

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			Mag	istrates		* 	Clerk				
	0	Seneral		Civil		Part-	of		Тах		
	A	ccount	Ac	count		Time	Court	C	ollector		Total
ASSETS									4		
Cash	\$	42,704	\$	8,014	\$	122	\$ 496,020	\$	748,404	\$	4,372,678
Delinquent taxes receivable						-	-		-		1,590,770
Due from General Fund		- 1. -		÷		-			-		3,979
Due from other magistrates		122		-	_	-	 	1	-	-	122
Total assets	\$	42,826	\$	8,014	\$	122	\$ 496,020	\$	748,404	\$	5,967,549
LIABILITIES											
Due to trust fund holders	\$	11,518	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 449,296	\$	748,404	\$	5,875,564
Due to Treasurer		29,529		8,014		-	22,534				65,894
Due to Treasurer - cash overage			•								
(shortage)		1,779		-			18,415		-		20,194
Due to others		-		-		-	5,775		-		5,775
Due to other magistrates		-		-		122	-		-		122
Total liabilities	\$	42,826	\$	8,014	\$	122	\$ 496,020	\$	748,404	\$	5,967,549
											,

	Balance July 1, 2017	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2018
Municipalities		÷		
Assets				
Due from General Fund Total Assets	\$ - \$ -	\$ 1,970,497 \$ 1,970,497	\$ 1,970,497 \$ 1,970,497	\$ - \$ -
Liabilities				
Due to trust fund holder's	\$ -	\$ 1,942,938	\$ 1,942,938	\$ -
Total Liabilities	\$ -	\$ 1,942,938	\$ 1,942,938	\$ -
School Districts Debt Service				
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 2,220,117	\$ 8,081,130	\$ 7,230,335	\$ 3,070,912
Due from General Fund	-	2,685,272	2,685,272	-
Delinquent taxes receivable Total Assets	<u>152,071</u> \$ 2,372,188	369 \$10,766,771	<u>11,144</u> \$ 9,926,751	141,296 \$ 3,212,208
Liabilities				
Due to trust fund holders	\$ 2,372,188	\$ 7,107,010	\$ 6,266,990	\$ 3,212,208
Total Liabilities	\$ 2,372,188	\$ 7,107,010	\$ 6,266,990	\$ 3,212,208
School District Operations				
Assets	·.		1. H. H.	
Delinquent taxes receivable	\$ 1,754,889	\$-	\$ 305,415	\$ 1,449,474
Due from General Fund	2,957	10,343,263	10,342,258	3,962
Total Assets	\$ 1,757,846	\$10,343,263	\$10,647,673	\$ 1,453,436
Liabilities				
Due to trust fund holders	\$ 1,757,846	\$51,059,591	\$51,364,001	\$ 1,453,436
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,757,846	\$51,059,591	\$51,364,001	\$ 1,453,436

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	- J	Balance July 1, 2017 Additions			De	ductions	Balance June 30, 2018	
Forfeited Land Commission								
	(E)							
Assets		- <u>4</u>				, p		
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	4
Due from General Fund				17	-	A		17
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	17	\$	-	\$	17
Liabilities								
Due to trust fund holders	\$		\$	17	\$	-	\$	17
Total Liabilities	\$		\$	17	\$	-	\$	17
Probate Judge								
Assets								
Cash	\$	4,158	\$	83,799	\$	81,480	\$	6,477
Total Assets	\$	4,158	\$	83,799	\$	81,480	\$	6,477
Liabilities								
Due to Treasurer	\$	3,418	\$	2,399	\$	-	\$	5,817
Due to trust fund holders		740		-		80		660
Total Liabilities	\$	4,158	\$	2,399	\$	80	\$	6,477
Master In Equity								
Assets								
Cash	\$	1,192	\$	42,008	\$	43,175	\$	25
Due from trust fund holders		18		-	-	18		-
Total Assets	\$	1,210	\$	42,008	\$	43,193	\$	25
Liabilities								
Due to Treasurer	\$	1,210	\$	(-	\$	1,210	\$	-
Due to trust fund holders		-		25	-	-		25
Total Liabilities	\$	1,210	\$	25	\$	1,210	\$	25

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Magistrate: General Account								
Assets								
Cash	\$	54,115	\$	397,868	\$	409,279	\$	42,704
Due from credit card		309		-		309		-
Due from other magistrates		105		17				122
Total Assets	\$	54,529	\$	397,885	\$	409,588	\$	42,826
Liabilities								
Due to Treasurer	\$	45,235	S	29,529	\$	45,235	\$	29,529
Due to trust fund holders	•	8,082	Ŧ	11,518		8,082		11,518
Due to Treasurer - cash overage/(shortage)		1,212		1,779		1,212		1,779
Total Liabilities	\$	54,529	\$	42,826	\$	54,529	\$	42,826
Magistrate: Civil Account				e				
Assets				<i>k</i>				
Cash	\$	6,040	\$	81,126	\$	79,152	\$	8,014
Total Assets	\$	6,040	\$	81,126	\$	79,152	\$	8,014
Liabilities								
Due to Treasurer	\$	6,040	\$	8,014	\$	6,040	\$	8,014
Total Liabilities	\$	6,040	\$	8,014	\$	6,040	\$	8,014
Magistrate: Part-time		•					•	
Assets								
Cash	\$	105	\$	27,716	\$	27,699	\$	122
Total Assets	\$	105	\$	27,716	\$	27,699	\$	122
Liabilities								and and
Due to other magistrates	\$	105	\$	17	\$		\$	122
Total Liabilities	\$	105	\$	17	\$		\$	122

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	4	Balance July 1, 2017	Ac	Iditions	Dee	ductions		Balance June 30, 2018
Clerk of Court								
Assets								
Cash Total Assets	\$	491,704	\$	<u>11,017</u> 11,017	\$	<u>6,701</u> 6,701	\$	496,020
Liabilities	1							
Due to Treasurer	\$	23,135	\$	2,753	\$	3,354	\$	22,534
Due to trust fund holders		448,233		5,888		4,825		449,296
Due to others		975		4,800				5,775
Due to Treasurer - cash overage/(shortage)		19,361		755		1,701		18,415
Total Liabilities	\$	491,704	\$	14,196	\$	9,880	\$	496,020
Tax Collector								
Assets								
Cash	\$	1,184,835	\$ 2	2,955,253	\$ 3	3,391,684	\$	748,404
Total Assets	\$	1,184,835	\$ 2	2,955,253	\$ 3	3,391,684	\$	748,404
Liabilities		4						
Due to trust fund holders	\$	1,189,752	\$ 1	,081,549	\$ 1	,522,897	\$	748,404
Total Liabilities	\$	1,189,752	\$ 1	,081,549	\$ 1	,522,897	\$	748,404
Total All Agency Funds								
Assets								
Cash and Investments	\$	3,962,266	\$11	,679,917	\$11	,269,505	\$	4,372,678
Delinquent taxes receivable		1,906,960		369		316,559		1,590,770
Due from trust fund holders		18		-		18		-
Due from credit card		309				309		-
Due from General Fund		2,957	14	,999,049	14	,998,027		3,979
Due from other magistrates		105		17	-		_	122
Total Assets	\$	5,872,615	\$26	6,679,352	\$26	5,584,418	\$	5,967,549
Liabilities							. 4	
Due to Treasurer	\$	79,038	\$	42,695	\$	55,839	\$	65,894
Due to Treasurer - cash overage/(shortage)		20,573	4	2,534		2,913		20,194
Due to trust fund holders		5,776,841	61	,208,536	61	,109,813		5,875,564
Due to others		975		4,800				5,775
Due to other magistrates	_	105	_	17		-	_	122
Total Liabilities	\$	5,877,532	\$61	,258,582	\$61	,168,565	\$	5,967,549

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CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINES, ASSESSMENTS, AND SURCHARGES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - VICTIMS RIGHTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Cler	k of Court	Ma	agistrates	Total
Court Fines					
Court fines collected Court fines retained by County	\$	17,439 6,625	\$	223,302 203,477	\$ 240,741 210,102
Court fines remitted to State Treasurer	\$	10,814	\$	19,825	\$ 30,639
Court Assessments					
Court assessments collected Court assessments retained by County	\$	6,072 2,509	\$	161,925 16,702	\$ 167,997 19,211
Court assessments remitted to State Treasurer	\$	3,563	\$	145,223	\$ 148,786
Court Surcharges			÷		4
Court surcharges collected Court surcharges retained by County	\$	18,645 11,584	\$	78,757 8,508	\$ 97,402 20,092
Court assessments remitted to State Treasurer	\$	7,061	\$	70,249	\$ 77,310
Victims Services					
Court assessments allocated to Victim Services Court surcharges allocated to Victim Services	\$	2,509 11,584	\$	16,702 8,508	\$ 19,211 20,092
Funds allocated to Victim Services	\$	14,093	\$	25,210	39,303
Interest Income Contributions received from Victim Assistance co Town of Summerton Town of Turbeville	ntracts:				 12,000 12,000
Total Funds Allocated to Victim's Assistance					 63,303
Expenditures for victim assistance program Salaries and benefits					(63,351)
Carryforward Funds End of Year					\$ (48)
Beginning balance - July 1, 2017					\$ 48
Ending balance - June 30, 2018					\$ -

CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN JUNE 30, 2018

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Real and Other Personal Property Assessed Value	\$	73,254,080	
Vehicles Assessed Value		12,289,837	
Public Utilities and Railroads		7,006,101	
Fee-in-Lieu-of Taxes		4,820,487	
Other Business Personal Property		368,020	
Manufacturer's Assessed Value	1	2,350,855	
Merchants Inventory Value		688,290	
Total Taxable Assessed Value		100,777,670	
Debt Limit - Eight Percent (8%) of Total Taxable Assessed Value		8,062,214	
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit:		5,824,567	
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN	\$	2,237,647	

CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA STATISTICAL SECTION

The information in this section is not covered by the Independent Auditor's Report, but is presented as supplemental data for the benefit of the readers of the annual financial report. The objective of the statistical section information is to provide financial statement users with additional detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the basic financial statements, notes to the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and other supplementary data says about the County's overall financial health.

Five Year Summary of the General Fund

The following is a summary of the General Fund revenues and expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 through 2018 (audited) and the budget for fiscal year 2019.

(000's omitted) REVENUES	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	2019 <u>Budget</u>
Taxes	\$ 14,499	\$ 15,244	\$ 16,047	\$ 15,898	\$ 16,206	\$ 16,955
Licenses and permits	φ 14,499 105	φ 10,244 100	\$ 10,047 90	φ 10,000 114	108	113
Intergovernmental	3,559	2,877	3,315	2,711	2,559	1,696
Charges for service	1,138	1,219	1,226	1,559	1,647	1,583
Fine and forfeitures	448	456	474	387	324	316
Investment income	2	400	2	2	2	2
Miscellaneous	527	551	516	538	597	528
Total revenue	20,278	20,452	21,670	21,209	21,443	21,193
EXPENDITURES			-	-		
General government	6,291	5,488	8,114	5,885	5,798	5,510
Public safety	0,001	6,854	7,534	7,607	7,579	7,946
Physical environment	3,271	3,453	3,582	3,707	3,772	3,782
Transportation	199	454	209	204	256	222
Economic environment	632	617	627	640	623	667
Agencies	906	899	843	931	911	916
Culture and recreation	503	530	529	529	567	590
Court related	1,529	1,586	1,535	1,515	1,634	1,655
Total expenditures Excess of revenues over/(under)	20,212	19,881	22,973	21,018	21,140	21,288
expenditures OTHER SOURCES (USES)	66	571	(1,303)	191	303	(95)
Sale of assets	2	49	76	5	35	40
Transfers	(29)	(9)	60	5	(151)	55
Net other financing sources	(27)	40	136	10	(116)	95
Net change in fund balance	39	611	(1,167)	201	187	
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,922	2,961	3,572	2,405	2,606	2,793
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ 2,961</u>	\$ 3,572	<u>\$ 2,405</u>	<u>\$ 2,606</u>	<u>\$ 2,793</u>	<u>\$ 2,793</u>
Ending fund balance as % of total expenditures	14.6%	18.0%	10.5%	12.4%	13.2%	13.1%

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Assessed Values of the County

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The assessed value of all taxable property in the County for the last ten (10) years for which data is available is set forth below:

(000's omitted)							
Tax Year	Real <u>Property</u>	Personal	SCTC	Manu- facturing	Vehicles	Fee-in-Lieu <u>Taxes</u>	Total Taxable Property*
2007	56,282	1,575	7,953	1,492	11,284	1,362	79,948
2008	65,487	1,623	8,298	1,416	10,228	987	88,039
2009	69,143	1,635	9,004	1,530	9,485	578	91,375
2010	69,747	1,308	9,197	1,812	8,047	768	90,879
2011	73,678	1,399	9,249	870	9,557	458	95,211
2012	73,084	1,312	9,395	1,132	10,260	3,866	99,049
2013	74,211	1,259	9,274	1,119	11,276	4,129	101,268
2014	75,097	1,325	9,920	712	11,542	4,305	102,901
2015	75,725	1,297	9,863	353	12,699	4,806	104,743
2016	71,342	1,504	9,508	179	12,585	4,752	99,870
2017	71,705	1,549	9,357	368	12,290	4,820	100,089

Source: Clarendon County Auditor

* The assessed value of Merchant's Inventory (\$688,290) is not included in this table

Note that the assessed values are established by the County Assessor and the South Carolina Department of Revenue at various rates between 4 and 10.5 percent of the estimated market value.

Largest Taxpayers

The ten (10) largest taxpayers in the County, the total amount of County taxes paid with ranking and percentage of total assessed value of the taxable property of each for the fiscal year 2018 (tax year 2017) and the prior year are reflected below:

(000's omitted)	Fise	cal Yea	ar 2018 (Ta	ax Year 2017)	Fiscal Year 2017 (Tax Year 2016)					
Taxpayer	Та	otal axes aid	Rank *	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>	Та	otal xes aid	Rank *	Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed <u>Value</u>		
Georgia Pacific Clarendon LP	\$	876	1	3.38%	\$	876	1	3.39%		
Santee Electric Co-op, Inc.		856	2	2.27%		845	2	2.32%		
Duke Energy Progress, Inc.		687	3	1.82%		730	3	1.98%		
CSX Transport		313	4	0.65%		200	5	0.59%		
Black River Electric Co-op, Inc.		276	5	0.77%		284	4	0.81%		
Central Electric Power Co-op, Inc.		185	6	0.47%		182	6	0.47%		
Wal-Mart Real Estate		154	7	0.54%		152	7	0.54%		
Starflo Corp.		123	8	0.30%		109	8	0.29%		
SC Public Service Authority		121	9	0.39%		86	10	0.28%		
ACM Investment Co., LLC	-	106	10	0.32%	1	105	9	0.32%		
Totals	\$:	<u>3,697</u>		<u>10.91%</u>	<u>\$ 3</u>	3 <u>,569</u>		<u>10.99%</u>		

Source: Clarendon County Treasurer

*Ranking based on total taxes paid and not taxable assessed value

CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA STATISTICAL SECTION

Tax Collection Record

The following table shows all of the County's property taxes levied for governmental services as of June 30 of the year following the year in which the levy was made, and the amount of delinquent taxes collected for the fiscal years shown. Delinquent taxes include taxes levied in prior years but collected in the year shown.

(000's omitted)		Duducted				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30th	Budgeted Tax <u>Collections</u>	Budgeted Delinquent Tax <u>Collections</u>	Budgeted Total <u>Collections</u>	Current Tax <u>Collections</u>	Delinquent Tax <u>Collections</u>	Total Tax Collections
2009	\$ 11,221	\$ 980	\$ 12,201	\$ 10,899	\$ 1,671	\$ 12,570
2010	12,162	1,055	13,217	12,356	1,521	13,877
2011	12,929	1,330	14,259	12,086	1,717	13,803
2012	12,735	1,399	14,134	11,761	1,743	13,504
2013	13,049	1,540	14,589	12,494	1,601	14,095
2014	13,238	1,300	14,538	13,209	1,667	14,876
2015	13,814	1,640	15,454	14,476	1,686	16,162
2016	14,951	1,860	16,811	14,989	1,713	16,702
2017	15,595	1,780	17,375	15,406	1,442	16,848
2018	15,949	1,800	17,749	15,759	1,463	17,222

Hospitality Fee Collections

The following table shows the County's collection of its Hospitality fee levied on prepared foods and beverages for the last five fiscal years.

	<u>2014</u>	2015	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018
July	\$ 25,312	\$ 18,928	\$ 27,412	\$ 26,740	\$ 28,781
August	20,781	27,812	28,660	21,680	20,445
September	30,687	27,815	25,430	23,917	26,108
October	27,162	20,200	23,338	18,227	22,965
November	21,481	16,447	19,508	27,413	25,028
December	23,175	34,205	7,612	41,939	27,824
January	22,128	26,609	29,685	24,976	22,268
February	25,594	27,791	34,647	22,292	19,374
March	27,096	26,089	25,261	27,062	13,242
April	23,850	28,919	23,014	24,645	22,168
May	25,696	24,902	26,957	23,763	27,755
June	28,040	31,487	26,186	26,988	24,273
Total	<u>\$ 301,002</u>	<u>\$ 311,204</u>	<u>\$ 297,710</u>	<u>\$ 309,642</u>	<u>\$ 280,231</u>

COMPLIANCE SECTION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the **Clarendon County Council** Manning, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Clarendon County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Clarendon County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 29, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Clarendon County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Clarendon County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Clarendon County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (continued)

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Clarendon County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mc Gregor & Co. LLP

Orangeburg, South Carolina January 29, 2019 MCGregor&Company

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Members of the **Clarendon County Council** Manning, South Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Clarendon County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Clarendon County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. Clarendon County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Clarendon County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements. Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Clarendon County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Clarendon County's compliance.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

(continued)

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Clarendon County, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Clarendon County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Clarendon County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Clarendon County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mc Gregor & Co. LLP

Orangeburg, South Carolina January 29, 2019

CLARENDON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Grantor	Grantor Number	Federal CFDA Number	Award Amount	Total Awards Expended
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE:				
Through SC Department of Public Safety:				
Ballistic Vests	N/A	16.803	\$ 2,531	\$ 2,531
Through SC Attorney General Office:		t.		
Criminal Domestic Violence Investigator	1K17010	16.588	28,207	7,097
Criminal Domestic Violence Investigator	1K16036	16.588	28,186	25,164
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY				
Through SC Emergency Management Division:				
FEMA - Flood 2015	FEMA 4241-PA-SC	97.036	206,694	206,694
FEMA - Hurricane Matthew	FEMA 4286-PA-SC	97.036	5,841	5,841
FEMA - Hurricane Irma	FEMA 4166-PA-SC	97.036	12,539	12,539
FEMA - HMGP	FEMA 4241-DR-SC-35:135	97.039	24,408	24,408
FEMA - HMGP	FEMA 4241-DR-SC-35:167	97.039	81,685	19,495
LEMPG 2016 Supplemental	16EMPG01	97.042	7,200	6,439
Local Emergency Mgmt. Planning 2017	17EMPG01	97.042	60,259	60,259
Local SAFER Assistance	EMW-2012-FF-00457	97.083	478,000	49,999
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE	4			
Rural Utilities Service Grants:				
Phase IB Water Project	11160-0014	10.760	821,000	111,503
RHS Community Facilities/Rural Development	and the second			
Law Enforcement Vehicles	56189	10.766	50,000	40,664
Law Enforcement Vehicles	56188	10.766	49,000	40,963
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND				
HUMAN SERVICES:				+
Through Department of Social Services:				
Office of Child Support Enforcement:				
Filing Fees	G-04SC404	93.563		15,450
Federal Financial Assistance	G-04SC404	93.563		13,289
Clerk of Court Incentive (IV-D)	G-04SC404	93.563		9,168
Family Court	G-04SC404	93.563		190,639
Sheriff's Department	G-04SC404	93.563	10	10,055
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE		4-		\$ 852,197

CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE A- BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Clarendon County and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

NOTE B – DE MINIMUS INDIRECT COST RATE

The County has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimus indirect cost rate, except for the Child Support Enforcement grant.

CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

A. Summary of Audit Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Clarendon County.
- 2. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements and is reported in the *Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards.*
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Clarendon County, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over major federal awards programs for Clarendon County were disclosed during the audit and are reported in the *Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required By Accordance With the Uniform Guidance.*
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Clarendon County expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.516(a) are reported in this Schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs included:

2	LEMPG	CFDA #97.042
-	Local Safer Assistance	CFDA #97.083
-	RHS Community Facilities	CFDA #10.766
	Child Support Enforcement	CFDA #93.563

- 8. The threshold used for distinguishing Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Clarendon County was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.

CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

I. Financial Statement Findings

None.

II. Major Federal Award Programs Findings

None.

CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

I. Financial Statement Findings

None.

CLARENDON COUNTY MANNING, SOUTH CAROLINA

OTHER MATTERS

JUNE 30, 2018

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AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS . SOUTH CAROLINA ASSOCIATION OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS . WWW.MCGREGORCPA.COM DARTNEDC ASSOCIATES

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January 29, 2019

Clarendon County Council Clarendon County Manning, South Carolina

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Clarendon County for the year ended June 30, 2018, we considered the County's internal control to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

However, during our audit, we became aware of a matter that is an opportunity for strengthening internal control and increasing operating efficiency. The following summarizes our comments and suggestions regarding that matter. We previously reported on the County's internal control in our report dated January 29, 2019. This letter does not affect our report dated January 29, 2019, on the financial statements of Clarendon County.

COUNTY MAGISTRATES

The Magistrates are to report any overages in their accounts of \$100 on an annual basis to the Court Administration. Overages for the Magistrate totaled \$1,779. We recommend that overages be investigated and reported periodically to the Court Administration.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of Clarendon County, administration, and others within the organization.

McDreger & Co. LLP

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